



Mountain of Knowledge

Gain a mountain of knowledge of 7-letter bingos about **GEOGRAPHY**
compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club

A 7s

ABYSSES	ABESSY	ABYSS, bottomless chasm [n]
ACEQUIA	AACEIQU	irrigation ditch or canal [n -S]
AIRPARK	AAIKPRR	small airport (tract of land maintained for landing and takeoff of aircraft) [n -S]
AIRPORT	AIOPRRT	tract of land maintained for landing and takeoff of aircraft [n -S]
AIRSHED	ADEHIRS	air supply of given region [n -S]
ALPINES	AEILNPS	ALPINE, plant native to high mountain regions [n]
ANTHILL	AHILLNT	mound formed by ants in building their nest [n -S]
ANTHROS	AHNORST	ANTHRO, anthropology (study of human sociocultural, biological, archaeological, and linguistic characteristics and their development) [n]
APLITES	AEILPST	APLITE, fine-grained rock [n]
AQUIFER	AEFIQRU	water-bearing rock formation [n -S]
ARABLES	AABELRS	ARABLE, land suitable for cultivation [n]
ARENITE	AEEINRT	rock made up chiefly of sand grains [n -S]
ARENOUS	AENORSU	arenose (sandy (containing or covered with sand)) [adj]
ARKOSES	AEKORSS	ARKOSE, type of sandstone [n]
ARKOSIC	ACIKORS	ARKOSE, type of sandstone [adj]
ARROYOS	AOORRSY	ARROYO, brook or creek [n]
ASHFALL	AAFHLLS	deposit of volcanic ash [n -S]

B 7s

BADLAND	AABDDLN	barren, hilly area [n -S]
BARCHAN	AABCHNR	type of sand dune [n -S]
BARRENS	ABENRRS	BARREN, tract of barren land [n]
BARRIOS	ABIORRS	BARRIO, district [n]
BASALTS	AABLSST	BASALT, volcanic rock [n]
BASSETS	ABESSST	BASSET, to outcrop (to protrude above soil) [v]
BATHYAL	AABHLTY	pertaining to deep water [adj]
BAYAMOS	AABMOSY	BAYAMO, strong wind [n]
BAYSIDE	ABDEISY	shore of bay (inlet of sea) [n -S]
BEACHED	ABCDEEH	BEACH, to drive ashore [v]
BEACHES	ABCEEHS	BEACH, to drive ashore [v]
BEDROCK	BCDEKOR	rock under soil [n -S]
BELTWAY	ABELTWY	highway around urban area [n -S]
BENTHAL	ABEHLNT	benthic (pertaining to oceanic depths) [adj]
BENTHIC	BCEHINT	pertaining to oceanic depths [adj]
BOGGIER	BEGGIOR	BOGGY, marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land)) [adj]
BOGGISH	BGGHIOS	boggy (marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land))) [adj]
BOGHOLE	BEGHLOO	natural hole in ground with swampy bottom [n -S]
BOGLAND	ABDGLNO	area of boggy land [n -S]
BOLSONS	BLNOOSS	BOLSON, flat arid valley [n]
BOMBORA	ABBMoor	sea area over ridge of rock [n -S]
BOREENS	BEENORS	BOREEN, lane in Ireland [n]
BOURNES	BENORSU	BOURNE, bourn (stream) [n]
BOWLDER	BDELORW	boulder [n -S]
BRECCIA	ABCCEIR	type of rock [n -S]
BRINIES	BEINRS	BRINY, sea (ocean (vast body of salt water that covers most of earth's surface)) [n]
BURNIES	BEINRSU	BURNIE, brooklet (small brook or creek) [n]

C 7s



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CAIRNED	ACDEINR	CAIRN, mound of stones set up as memorial [adj]
CAJONES	ACEJNOS	CAJON, steep-sided canyon [n]
CALDERA	AACDELRL	large crater [n -S]
CANALED	AACDELN	CANAL, to dig artificial waterway through [v]
CANYONS	ACNNOSY	CANYON, deep valley with steep sides [n]
CAPROCK	ACCKOPR	overlying rock layer [n -]
CASCADE	AACCDDES	to fall like waterfall [v -D, -DING, -S]
CAVEMAN	AACEMNV	cave dweller [n -MEN]
CAVERNS	ACENRSV	CAVERN, to hollow out [v]
CAVINGS	ACGINSV	CAVING, sport of exploring caves [n]
CENTARE	ACEENRT	measure of land area [n -S]
CHANNEL	ACEHLNN	to direct along some desired course [v -ED, -ING, -S or -LLED, -LLING, -S]
CHARTED	ACDEHRT	CHART, to map out [v]
CHASMAL	AACHLMS	CHASM, deep cleft in earth [adj]
CHASMED	ACDEHMS	CHASM, deep cleft in earth [adj]
CHASMIC	ACCHIMS	CHASM, deep cleft in earth [adj]
CHUNNEL	CEHLNNU	tunnel under English Channel [n -S]
CIRQUES	CEIQRSU	CIRQUE, deep, steep-walled basin on mountain [n]
CLACHAN	AACCHLN	hamlet (small town (center of population smaller than city)) [n -S]
CLASTIC	ACCILST	rock made up of other rocks [n -S]
CLAYPAN	AACLNPY	shallow natural depression [n -S]
CLOUGHS	CGHLOSU	CLOUGH, ravine (narrow, steep-sided valley) [n]
COASTAL	AACLOST	pertaining to or located near seashore [adj]
COASTED	ACDEOST	COAST, to slide down hill [v]
COGWAYS	ACGOSWY	COGWAY, railway operating on steep slopes [n]
COMMONS	CMMNOOS	COMMON, tract of publicly used land [n]
CONDUIT	CDINOTU	channel or pipe for conveying fluids [n -S]
CONFLUX	CFLNOUX	flowing together of streams [n -ES]
COOMBES	BCEMOOS	COOMBE, combe (narrow valley) [n]
CORRIES	CEIORRS	CORRIE, cirque (deep, steep-walled basin on mountain) [n]
COTIDAL	ACDILOT	indicating coincidence of tides [adj]
COULEES	CEELOSU	COULEE, small ravine (narrow, steep-sided valley) [n]
COULOIR	CILOORU	deep gorge or gully [n -S]
COUNTRY	CNORTUY	territory of nation [n -RIES]
CRANNOG	ACGNNOR	artificial island [n -S]
CRATERS	ACERRST	CRATER, to form cavities in surface [v]
CUESTAS	ACESSTU	CUESTA, type of land elevation [n]
CULTURE	CELRTUU	to make fit for raising crops [v -D, -RING, -S]
CULVERT	CELRTUV	to channel stream through conduit [v -ED, -ING, -S]
CUTBANK	ABCKNTU	steep stream bank [n -S]
CUTOVER	CEORTUV	land cleared of trees [n -S]

D 7s

DACITES	ACDEIST	DACITE, light gray rock [n]
DAMMING	ADGIMMN	DAM, to build barrier to obstruct flow of water [v]
DELTAIC	ACDEILT	DELTA, alluvial deposit at mouth of river [adj]
DELUGED	DDEGLU	DELUGE, to flood (to inundate (to overwhelm with water)) [v]
DELUGES	DDEGLSU	DELUGE, to flood (to inundate (to overwhelm with water)) [v]



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DESANDS	ADDENSS	DESAND, to remove sand from [v]
DIABASE	AABDEIS	igneous rock [n -S]
DIAPIRS	ADIIPRS	DIAPIR, bend in layer of rock [n]
DICYCLY	CCDILYY	state of being dicyclic (having two maxima of population each year) [n -LIES]
DIEOFFS	DEFFIOS	DIEOFF, sudden decline in population [n]
DINGLES	DEGILNS	DINGLE, dell (small, wooded valley) [n]
DIORITE	DEIIORT	igneous rock [n -S]
DISMALS	ADILMSS	DISMAL, track of swampy land [n]
DJEBELS	BDEEJLS	DJEBEL, jebel (mountain (large, natural elevation of earth's surface)) [n]
DOWSERS	DEORSSW	DOWSER, one that dowses (to search for underground water with divining rod) [n]
DOWSING	DGINOSW	technique for searching for underground water [n -S] / DOWSE, [v]
DRIFTED	DDEFIRT	DRIFT, to move along in current [v]
DRIFTER	DEFIRRT	one that drifts (to move along in current) [n -S]
DRUMLIN	DILMNRU	long hill of glacial drift [n -S]
DRYLAND	ADDLNRY	arid region [n -S]
DUNITES	DEINSTU	DUNITE, igneous rock [n]

E 7s

EARTHED	ADEEHRT	EARTH, to cover with earth (soil) [v]
ECHARDS	ACDEHRS	ECHARD, water in soil not available to plants [n]
ECONOMY	CEMNOOY	thrift (care and wisdom in management of one's resources) [n -MIES]
EDAPHIC	ACDEHIP	pertaining to soil [adj]
ELUVIAL	AEILLUV	pertaining to eluvium (soil deposit) [adj]
ELUVIUM	EILMUUV	soil deposit [n -S or -IA]
EMBAYED	ABDEEMY	EMBAY, to enclose in bay [v]
EMERSED	DEEMRS	standing out of water [adj]
ENCLAVE	ACEELNV	to enclose within foreign territory [v -D, -VING, -S]
ESCARPS	ACEPRSS	ESCARP, to cause to slope steeply [v]
ESTUARY	AERSTUY	inlet of sea at river's lower end [n -RIES]
ETHOSES	EEHOSST	ETHOS, fundamental character of culture [n]
EURIPUS	EIPRSUU	swift sea channel [n -PI]
EXCLAVE	ACEELXV	portion of country which is isolated in foreign territory [n -S]

F 7s

FARMERS	AEFMRRS	FARMER, one that farms (to manage and cultivate as farm (tract of land devoted to agriculture)) [n]
FARMING	AFGIMNR	business of operating farm [n -S] / FARM, to manage and cultivate as farm (tract of land devoted to agriculture) [v]
FEEDLOT	DEEFLOT	plot of land on which livestock is fattened [n -S]
FELSITE	EEFILST	igneous rock [n -S]
FENLAND	ADEFLNN	marshy ground [n -S]
FENNIER	EEFINNR	FENNY, marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land)) [adj]
FJORDIC	CDFIJOR	FJORD, narrow inlet of sea between steep cliffs [adj]
FLOODED	DDEFLOO	FLOOD, to inundate (to overwhelm with water) [v]
FLOODER	DEFLOOR	one that floods (to inundate (to overwhelm with water)) [n -S]
FLUMING	FGILMNU	FLUME, to convey by means of artificial water channel [v]
FLUVIAL	AFILLUV	pertaining to river (large, natural stream of water) [adj]
FRESHET	EEFHRST	sudden overflow of stream [n -S]
FURROWS	FORRSUW	FURROW, to make furrows (narrow depressions) in [v]

G 7s

GABBROS	ABBGORS	GABBRO, type of rock [n]
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GANGUES	AEGGNSU	GANGUE, worthless rock in which valuable minerals are found [n]
GARIGUE	AEGGIRU	low scrubland [n -S]
GATINGS	AGGINST	GATING, process of opening and closing channel [n]
GEODESY	DEEGOSY	geographical surveying [n -SIES]
GEYSERS	EEGRSSY	GEYSER, to eject jets of hot water and steam [v]
GHIBLIS	BGHIILS	GHIBLI, hot desert wind [n]
GLACIAL	AACGILL	of or pertaining to glaciers [adj]
GLACIER	ACEGILR	huge mass of ice [n -S]
GOSSANS	AGNOSSS	GOSSAN, type of decomposed rock [n]
GRABENS	ABEGNRS	GRABEN, depression of earth's crust [n]
GRANGER	AEGGNRR	farmer (one that farms (to manage and cultivate as farm (tract of land devoted to agriculture))) [n -S]
GRANITE	AEGINRT	type of rock [n -S]
GRAZING	AGGINRZ	land used for feeding of animals [n -S] / GRAZE, to feed on growing grass [v]
GREISEN	EEGINRS	type of rock [n -S]
GROTTO	GOORSTT	GROTTO, cave [n]
GRUNGES	EGGNRSU	GRUNGE, dirt (earth or soil) [n]
GULCHES	CEGHLSU	GULCH, deep, narrow ravine [n]
GULLEYS	EGLLSUY	GULLEY, ravine (narrow, steep-sided valley) [n]
GULLIED	DEGILLU	GULLY, to form ravines by action of water [v]
GULLIES	EGILLSU	GULLY, to form ravines by action of water [v]

H 7s

HABOOBS	ABBHOOS	HABOOB, violent sandstorm [n]
HACHURE	ACEHHRU	to make hatching on map [v -D, -RING, -S]
HAMADAS	AAADHMS	HAMADA, hammada (desert plateau of bedrock) [n]
HAMLETS	AEHLMST	HAMLET, small town (center of population smaller than city) [n]
HAMMADA	AAADHMM	desert plateau of bedrock [n -S]
HAPLITE	AEHILPT	aplite (fine-grained rock) [n -S]
HARDPAN	AADHNPR	layer of hard subsoil [n -S]
HICKEST	CEHIKST	HICK, characteristic of rural people [adj]
HICKISH	CHHIIKS	HICK, rural person [adj]
HILLIER	EHIILLR	HILLY, abounding in hills [adj]
HILLING	GHIILLN	HILL, to form into hill (rounded elevation) [v]
HILLOCK	CHIKLLO	small hill [n -S]
HILLTOP	HILLOPT	top of hill [n -S]
HOLARDS	ADHLORS	HOLARD, total quantity of water in soil [n]
HORNITO	HINOORT	mound of volcanic matter [n -S]
HOTBEDS	BDEHOST	HOTBED, bed of rich soil [n]
HUMMOCK	CHKMMOU	to form into hummocks (small rounded hills) [v -ED, -ING, -S]

I 7s

ICEBERG	BCEEGIR	large floating body of ice [n -S]
ICEFALL	ACEFILL	kind of frozen waterfall [n -S]
IDYLLIC	CDIILLY	IDYLL, idyl (poem or prose work depicting scenes of rural simplicity) [adj]
INLANDS	ADILNNS	INLAND, interior of region [n]
INLIERS	EIILNRS	INLIER, type of rock formation [n]
INSHORE	EHINORS	near shore [adj]
INSULAR	AILNRSU	islander (one that lives on island) [n -S]
ISLANDS	ADILNSS	ISLAND, to make into island (land area entirely surrounded by water) [v]



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ISLETED	DEEILST	ISLET, small island [adj]
ISOBATH	ABHIOST	line on map connecting points of equal water depth [n -S]
ISOGONE	EGINOOS	line on map used to show characteristics of earth's magnetic field [n -S]
ISOGRAM	AGIMORS	line on map connecting points of equal value [n -S]
ISOGRIV	GIIORSV	line drawn on map such that all points have equal grid variation [n -S]
ISOHEL	EHILOSS	ISOHEL, line on map connecting points receiving equal sunshine [n]
ISOHYET	EHIOSTY	line on map connecting points having equal rainfall [n -S]
ISOLINE	EIILNOS	isogram (line on map connecting points of equal value) [n -S]
ISOTACH	ACHIOST	line on map connecting points of equal wind velocity [n -S]
ISTHMIC	CHIIMST	pertaining to isthmus (strip of land connecting two larger land masses) [adj]
ISTHMUS	HIMSSTU	strip of land connecting two larger land masses [n -ES or -MI]

J 7s

JETPORT	EJOPRTT	type of airport (tract of land maintained for landing and takeoff of aircraft) [n -S]
JUNGLES	EGJLSNU	JUNGLE, land covered with dense tropical vegetation [n]

K 7s

KARROOS	AKOORRS	KARROO, dry plateau [n]
KOPPIES	EIKOPPS	KOPPIE, kopje (small hill) [n]
KULTURS	KLRSTUU	KULTUR, culture; civilization [n]

L 7s

LAGOONS	AGLNOOS	LAGOON, shallow body of water [n]
LAGUNAS	AAGLNSU	LAGUNA, lagoon (shallow body of water) [n]
LAGUNES	A EGLNSU	LAGUNE, lagoon (shallow body of water) [n]
LAKEBED	ABDEEKL	floor of lake [n -S]
LALLAND	AADLLLN	lowland (area of land lying lower than adjacent country) [n -S]
LALLANS	AALLLNS	LALLAN, lowland (area of land lying lower than adjacent country) [n]
LANDMAN	AADLMNN	one who lives and works on land [n -MEN]
LATOSOL	ALLOOST	tropical soil [n -S]
LITORAL	AILLORT	pertaining to coastal region [adj]
LOCHANS	ACHLNOS	LOCHAN, small lake (sizable inland body of water) [n]
LOESSAL	AELLOSS	LOESS, soil deposit [adj]
LOESSES	EELOSSS	LOESS, soil deposit [n]
LOESSIC	CEILOSS	LOESS, soil deposit [adj]
LOWLAND	ADLLNOW	area of land lying lower than adjacent country [n -S]

M 7s

MAGMATA	AAAGMMT	MAGMA, molten matter from which igneous rock is formed [n]
MAPLESS	AELMPSS	lacking map [adj]
MAPLIKE	AEIKLMP	resembling map [adj]
MAPPERS	AEMPPRS	MAPPER, one that maps (to delineate on map (representation of region)) [n]
MAPPING	AGIMNPP	MAP, to delineate on map (representation of region) [v]
MAREMMA	AAEMMMR	marshy coastal region [n -ME]
MARSHED	ADEHMRS	MARSH, tract of low, wet land [adj]
MARSHES	AEHMRSS	MARSH, tract of low, wet land [n]
MASKEGS	AEGKMSS	MASKEG, muskeg (marsh (tract of low, wet land)) [n]
MASSIFS	AFIMSSS	MASSIF, principal mountain mass [n]
MEADOWS	ADEMOSW	MEADOW, tract of grassland [n]
MIDLAND	ADDILMN	middle part of country [n -S]
MIRIEST	EIIMRST	MIRY, swampy (marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land))) [adj]



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MOFETTE	EEFMOTT	noxious emanation from fissure in earth [n -S]
MONTANE	AEMNNOT	lower vegetation belt of mountain [n -S]
MOORIER	EIMOORR	MOORY, marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land)) [adj]
MOORISH	HIMOORS	marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land)) [adj]
MORaine	AEIMNOR	accumulation of debris deposited by glacier [n -S]
MORASSY	AMORSSY	MORASS, marsh (tract of low, wet land) [adj]
MORGENS	EGMNORS	MORGEN, Dutch unit of land area [n]
MOULINS	ILMNOSU	MOULIN, vertical cavity in glacier [n]
MOUNDED	DDEMNOU	MOUND, to pile (to lay one upon other) [v]
MUDBANK	ABDKMNU	sloping area of mud alongside body of water [n -S]
MUDFLAT	ADFLMTU	level tract alternately covered and left bare by tide [n -S]
MUDROCK	CDKMORU	pelite (rock composed of fine fragments) [n -S]
MUSKEGS	EGKMSSU	MUSKEG, marsh (tract of low, wet land) [n]
N 7s		
NATIONS	AINNOST	NATION, politically organized people who share territory, customs, and history [n]
NERITIC	CEIINRT	pertaining to shallow water [adj]
NORITES	EINORST	NORITE, granular rock [n]
NORLAND	ADLNNOR	region in north [n -S]
NULLAHS	AHLLNSU	NULLAH, ravine (narrow, steep-sided valley) [n]
NUNATAK	AAKNNTU	mountain peak completely surrounded by glacial ice [n -S]
O 7s		
OCEANIC	ACCEINO	OCEAN, vast body of salt water that covers most of earth's surface [adj]
ONSHORE	EHNOORS	toward shore [adv]
OPHITES	EHIOPST	OPHITE, green mottled igneous rock [n]
OROGENY	EGNOORY	process of mountain formation [n -NIES]
OROLOGY	GLOOORY	study of mountains [n -GIES]
OUTBACK	ABCKOTU	isolated rural country [n -S]
OUTCROP	COOPRTU	to protrude above soil [v -PPED, -PPING, -S]
OUTFALL	AFLLOTU	outlet of body of water [n -S]
OUTLAND	ADLNOTU	foreign land [n -S]
OUTWASH	AHOSTUW	detritus washed from glacier [n -ES]
P 7s		
PALUDAL	AADLLPU	pertaining to marsh (tract of low, wet land) [adj]
PARAMOS	AAMOPRS	PARAMO, plateau region of South America [n]
PEDOCAL	ACDELOP	type of soil [n -S]
PELITES	EEILPST	PELITE, rock composed of fine fragments [n]
PICACHO	ACCHIOP	isolated peak of hill [n -S]
PICRITE	CEIIPRT	igneous rock [n -S]
PINGOES	EGINOPS	PINGO, low mound of earth formed by expansion of underlying frost [n]
PLATEAU	AAELPTU	level stretch of elevated land [n -S or -X]
PLUTONS	LNOPSTU	PLUTON, formation of igneous rock [n]
POCOSEN	CENOOPS	pocosin (upland swamp) [n -S]
POCOSIN	CINOOPS	upland swamp [n -S]
POCOSON	CNOOOPS	pocosin (upland swamp) [n -S]
PODSOLS	DLOOPSS	PODSOL, podzol (infertile soil) [n]
PODZOLS	DLOOPSZ	PODZOL, infertile soil [n]
POLDERS	DELOPRS	POLDER, tract of low land reclaimed from body of water [n]



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POLYNYA	ALNOPYY	area of open water surrounded by sea ice [n -S or -YI]
PONDING	DGINNOP	POND, to collect into pond (small body of water) [v]
PORTAGE	AEGOPRT	to transport from one navigable waterway to another [v -D, -GING, -S]
POTAMIC	ACIMOPT	pertaining to rivers (large, natural stream of water) [adj]
PRAIRIE	AEIIPRR	tract of grassland [n -S]
PUDDLED	DDDELPU	PUDDLE, to strew with puddles (small pools of water) [v]
PUDDLES	DDELPSU	PUDDLE, to strew with puddles (small pools of water) [v]

Q 7s

R 7s

RACEWAY	AACERWY	channel for conducting water [n -S]
RAINING	AGIINNR	RAIN, to fall like rain (drops of water condensed from clouds) [v]
RAMBLAS	AABLMRS	RAMBLA, dry ravine [n]
RAVINES	AEINRSV	RAVINE, narrow, steep-sided valley [n]
RECHART	ACEHRRT	CHART, to map out [v -ED, -ING, -S]
REEFIER	EEEFIRR	REEFY, abounding in ridges of rock [adj]
REFLOOD	DEFLOOR	FLOOD, to inundate (to overwhelm with water) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
REGOSOL	EGLOORS	type of soil [n -S]
RILLETS	EILLRST	RILLET, small rill [n]
RILLING	GIILLNR	RILL, to flow like rill (small brook) [v]
RIMLAND	ADILMNR	outlying area [n -S]
RIMROCK	CIKMORR	type of rock formation [n -S]
RIPTIDE	DEIIPRT	tide that opposes other tides [n -S]
RIVAGES	AEGIRSV	RIVAGE, coast, shore, or bank [n]
RIVIERA	AEIIRRV	coastal resort area [n -S]
RIVULET	EILRTUV	small stream [n -S]
RUDERAL	ADELRRU	plant growing in poor land [n -S]
RUNLETS	ELNRSTU	RUNLET, small stream [n]
RUNNELS	ELNNRSU	RUNNEL, small stream [n]
RUNOFFS	FFNORSU	RUNOFF, rainfall that is not absorbed by soil [n]
RUNWAYS	ANRSUWY	RUNWAY, landing and takeoff strip for aircraft [n]
RURALLY	ALLRRUY	in rural (pertaining to country (territory of nation)) manner [adv]

S 7s

SABKHAS	AABHKSS	SABKHA, coastal, flat, periodically flooded area in northern Africa [n]
SALINAS	AAILNSS	SALINA, pond, marsh, or lake containing salt water [n]
SALTIES	AEILSST	deep-sea vessel sailing Great Lakes [n]
SALTING	AGILNST	SALTIE, land regularly flooded by tides [n -S]
SAMIELS	AEILMSS	SAMIEL, simoom (hot, dry desert wind) [n]
SANDBAR	AABDNRS	ridge of sand formed in river or sea [n -S]
SANDIER	ADEINRS	SANDY, containing or covered with sand [adj]
SANDLOT	ADLNOST	vacant lot [n -S]
SANDPIT	ADINPST	pit dug in sandy soil [n -S]
SARSENS	AENRSSS	SARSEN, large sandstone block [n]
SATRAPHY	AAPRSTY	territory of satrap [n -PIES]
SAVANNA	AAANNSV	flat, treeless grassland [n -S]
SCARPED	ACDEPRS	SCARP, to cut or make into steep slope [v]
SCENERY	CEENRSY	picturesque landscape or view [n -RIES]
SCHISTS	CHISSST	SCHIST, rock that readily splits into parallel layers [n]



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SEAMARK	AAEKMRS	landmark serving as navigational guide to mariners [n -S]
SEASIDE	ADEEISS	seashore (land bordering on sea) [n -S]
SEAWALL	AAELLSW	wall to protect shoreline from erosion [n -S]
SEICHES	CEEHISS	SEICHE, oscillation of surface of lake or landlocked sea [n]
SHADOOF	ADFHOOS	device used in Egypt for raising water for irrigation [n -S]
SHADUFS	ADFHSSU	SHADUF, shadoof (device used in Egypt for raising water for irrigation) [n]
SHAHDOM	ADHHMOS	territory ruled by shah [n -S]
SHALLOW	AHLLOSW	having little depth [adj -ER, -EST]
SHAULED	ADEHLSU	SHAUL, to shoal (to become shallow) [v]-S
SHIPWAY	AHIPSWY	canal deep enough to serve ships [n SHIPWAYS]
SHOALED	ADEHLOS	SHOAL, to become shallow [v]
SHOALER	AEHLORS	SHOAL, shallow (having little depth) [adj]
SIENITE	EEIINST	syenite (igneous rock) [n -S]
SIERRAN	AEINRRS	SIERRA, mountain range [adj]
SIERRAS	AEIRRSS	SIERRA, mountain range [n]
SIMOOMS	IMMOOSS	SIMOOM, hot, dry desert wind [n]
SIMOONS	IMNOOSS	SIMOON, simoom (hot, dry desert wind) [n]
SKYGLOW	GKLOSWY	glow in night sky resulting from urban lights [n -S]
SLIEVES	EEILSSV	SLIEVE, mountain (large, natural elevation of earth's surface) [n]
SLIPWAY	AILPSWY	area sloping toward water in shipyard [n -S]
SLOUGHY	GHLOSUY	miry (swampy (marshy (resembling marsh))) [adj -HIER, -HIEST]
SLUMMED	DELMMSU	SLUM, to visit slums (squalid urban areas) [v]
SLUMMER	ELMMSRU	one that slums (to visit slums (squalid urban areas)) [n -S]
SLURBAN	ABLNRSU	SLURB, poorly planned suburban area [adj]
SOROCHE	CEHOORS	mountain sickness [n -S]
SOWBACK	ABCKOSW	low ridge of sand [n -S]
SPELEAN	AEELNPS	living in caves [adj]
SPELUNK	EKLNPSU	to explore caves [v -ED, -ING, -S]
SPUNKIE	EIKNPSU	light caused by combustion of marsh gas [n -S]
STEPPES	EEPPSST	STEPPE, vast treeless plain [n]
STRAITS	AIRSSTT	STRAIT, narrow waterway connecting two larger bodies of water [n]
STRATHS	AHRSSTT	STRATH, wide river valley [n]
STREAMS	AEMRSST	STREAM, to flow in steady current [v]
STREAMY	AEMRSTY	streaming [adj -MIER, -MIEST]
SUBSOIL	BILOSSU	to plow so as to turn up subsoil (layer of earth beneath surface soil) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
SUNKERS	EKNRSSU	SUNKER, ridge of rock near surface of sea [n]
SUNLAND	ADLNNSU	area marked by great amount of sunshine [n -S]
SWAMPED	ADEMPSW	SWAMP, to inundate (to overwhelm with water) [v]
SWAMPER	AEMPRSW	one that lives in swampy area [n -S]
SYENITE	EEINSTY	igneous rock [n -S]

T 7s

TALUSES	AELSSTU	TALUS, slope formed by accumulation of rock debris [n]
TAXITES	AEISTTX	TAXITE, volcanic rock [n]
TEPHRAS	AEHPRST	TEPHRA, solid material ejected from volcano [n]
TERRAIN	AEINRRT	tract of land [n -S]
TERRANE	AEENRRT	rock formation [n -S]
TERRENE	EEENRRT	land area [n -S]



Mountain of Knowledge

Gain a mountain of knowledge of 7-letter bingos about **GEOGRAPHY**
compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club

THALWEG	AEGHLTW	line defining lowest points along length of riverbed [n -S]
TIDALLY	ADILLY	TIDAL, pertaining to tides [adv]
TIDERIP	DEIIPRT	riptide (tide that opposes other tides) [n -S]
TIDEWAY	ADEITWY	tidal channel [n -S]
TILLAGE	AEGILLT	cultivated land [n -S]
TILLITE	EIILLTT	rock made up of consolidated clay, sand, gravel, and boulders [n -S]
TOMBOLO	BLMOOOT	sandbar connecting island to mainland [n -S]
TOPSOIL	ILOOPST	to remove surface layer of soil from [v -ED, -ING, -S]
TORRENT	ENORRTT	rapid stream of water [n -S]
TOWNLET	ELNOTTW	small town (center of population smaller than city) [n -S]
TRASSES	AERSSST	TRASS, volcanic rock [n]
TRIPOLI	IILOPRT	soft, friable rock [n -S]
TSUNAMI	AIMNSTU	very large ocean wave [n -S]
TUNDRAS	ADNRSTU	TUNDRA, level, treeless expanse of arctic land [n]
U 7s		
ULTISOL	ILLOSTU	reddish-yellow acid soil [n -S]
UNAKITE	AEIKNTU	igneous rock [n -S]
UPHILLS	HILLPSU	UPHILL, upward slope [n]
UPLANDS	ADLNPSU	UPLAND, higher land of region [n]
UPRIVER	EIPRRUV	area lying toward source of river [n -S]
UPSLOPE	ELOPPSU	upward slope [n -S]
V 7s		
VALLEYS	AELLSVY	VALLEY, depression of earth's surface [n]
VERGLAS	AEGLRSV	thin coating of ice on rock [n -ES]
VERSANT	AENRSTV	slope of mountain or mountain chain [n -S]
VILLAGE	AEGILLV	small community in rural area [n -S]
VIRGATE	AEGIRTV	early English measure of land area [n -S]
VOLCANO	ACLNOOV	opening in earth's crust through which molten rock and gases are ejected [n -S or -ES]
W 7s		
WASHOUT	AHOSTUW	erosion of earth by action of water [n -S]
WEEDBED	BDDEEEW	area of body of water having many weeds [n -S]
WETLAND	ADELNTW	land containing much soil moisture [n -S]
X 7s		
Y 7s		
YOMPING	GIMNOPY	YOMP, to march with heavy equipment over difficult terrain [v]
Z 7s		
ZONINGS	GINNOSZ	ZONING, division of city or land into areas subject to planning restrictions [n]