# Mountains of Knowledge 

Gain mountains of knowledge of GEOGRAPHY (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) NWL23 Highlighted compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club

## Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s

A

| ABELIAS | AABEILS | ABELIA, Asian or Mexican shrub [n] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ABOLLAE | AABELLO | ABOLLA, cloak worn in ancient Rome [ n ] |
| ABYSSES | ABESSSY | ABYSS, bottomless chasm [ n ] |
| ACAJOUS | AACJOSU | ACAJOU, tropical tree [ n ] |
| ACEQUIA | AACEIQU | irrigation ditch or canal [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ACEROLA | AACELOR | West Indian shrub [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ADSUKIS | ADIKSSU | ADSUKI, adzuki (edible seed of Asian plant) [ n ] |
| ADZUKIS | ADIKSUZ | ADZUKI, edible seed of Asian plant [ n ] |
| AEDILES | ADEEILS | AEDILE, magistrate of ancient Rome [ n ] |
| AERADIO | AADEIOR | Canadian radio service for pilots [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| AFGHANI | AAFGHIN | monetary unit of Afghanistan [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| AFGHANS | AAFGHNS | AFGHAN, woolen blanket or shawl [n] |
| AFREETS | AEEFRST | AFREET, evil spirit in Arabic mythology [ n ] |
| AGNOMEN | AEGMNNO | additional name given to ancient Roman [ n -S, -MINA] |
| AGOROTH | AGHOORT | AGORA, marketplace in ancient Greece [ n ] |
| AHIMSAS | AAHIMSS | AHIMSA, Hindu principle of nonviolence [ n ] |
| AIKIDOS | ADIIKOS | AIKIDO, Japanese art of self-defense [ n ] |
| AIRBOAT | AABIORT | boat used in swampy areas [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| AIRPARK | AAIKPRR | small airport (tract of land maintained for landing and takeoff of aircraft) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| AIRPORT | AIOPRRT | tract of land maintained for landing and takeoff of aircraft [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| AIRSHED | ADEHIRS | air supply of given region [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| AJOWANS | AAJNOSW | AJOWAN, fruit of Egyptian plant [ n ] |
| AKVAVIT | AAIKTVV | aquavit (Scandinavian liquor) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ALASTOR | AALORST | avenging deity in Greek tragedy [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ALBIZIA | AABIILZ | tropical tree [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ALCADES | AACDELS | ALCADE, alcalde (mayor of Spanish town) [ n ] |
| ALCAIDE | AACDEIL | commander of Spanish fortress [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ALCALDE | AACDELL | mayor of Spanish town [n-S] |
| ALCAYDE | AACDELY | alcaide (commander of Spanish fortress) [n-S] |
| ALCAZAR | AAACLRZ | Spanish fortress or palace [n-S] |
| ALFAKIS | AAFIKLS | ALFAKI, alfaqui (teacher of Muslim law) [ n ] |
| ALFAQUI | AAFILQU | teacher of Muslim law [n-S] |
| ALIENLY | AEILLNY | in foreign (situated outside place or country) manner [adv] |
| ALIYAHS | AAHILSY | ALIYAH, immigration of Jews to Israel [ n ] |
| ALIYOTH | AHILOTY | ALIYAH, immigration of Jews to Israel [ n ] |
| ALKANET | AAEKLNT | European plant [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ALLIAKS | AAIKLLS | ALLIAK, Inuit sledge (Inuit) [ n ] |
| ALMUDES | ADELMSU | ALMUDE, almud (Spanish unit of capacity) [n] |
| ALOETIC | ACEILOT | ALOE, African plant [adj] |
| ALPHORN | AHLNOPR | wooden horn used by Swiss herdsmen [n-S] |
| ALPINES | AEILNPS | ALPINE, plant native to high mountain regions [ n ] |
| ALSIKES | AEIKLSS | ALSIKE, European clover [ n ] |
| AMAUTIK | AAIKMTU | Inuit woman's parka (Inuit) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| AMAUTIS | AAIMSTU | AMAUTI, amautik (Inuit woman's parka) (Inuit) [n] |
| AMBARIS | AABIMRS | AMBARI, ambary (East Indian plant) [ n ] |

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| AMBOINA | AABIMNO | amboyna (mottled wood of Indonesian tree) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AMBONES | ABEMNOS | AMBO, pulpit in early Christian church [ n ] |
| AMBOYNA | AABMNOY | mottled wood of Indonesian tree [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| AMIRATE | AAEIMRT | rank of amir (Muslim prince or governor) [n-S] |
| AMORINO | AIMNOOR | amoretto (cupid (naked, winged representation of Roman god of love)) [n-NI] |
| AMPHORA | AAHMOPR | narrow-necked jar used in ancient Greece [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{E},-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| AMPULLA | AALLMPU | globular bottle used in ancient Rome [ n -E] |
| AMREETA | AAEEMRT | amrita (beverage that bestows immortality in Hindu mythology) [ $n-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| AMRITAS | AAIMRST | AMRITA, beverage that bestows immortality in Hindu mythology [ n ] |
| ANANKES | AAEKNNS | ANANKE, compelling necessity in ancient Greek religion [ n ] |
| ANGAKOK | AAGKKNO | Inuit medicine man (Inuit) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ANGELUS | AEGLNSU | Roman Catholic prayer [ n ES] |
| ANHINGA | AAGHINN | aquatic bird (Tupi) [n-S] |
| ANNONAS | AANNNOS | ANNONA, tropical tree [n] |
| ANTBEAR | AABENRT | aardvark (African mammal) [n-S] |
| ANTHILL | AHILLNT | mound formed by ants in building their nest [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ANTHROS | AHNORST | ANTHRO, anthroplogy (study of human sociocultura, biological, archaelogical, and linguistic characteristics and their development) [n] |
| AOUDADS | AADDOSU | AOUDAD, wild sheep (Berber) [ n ] |
| APACHES | AACEHPS | APACHE, Parisian gangster (Zuni) [n] |
| APLITES | AEILPST | APLITE, fine-grained rock [ n ] |
| AQUAVIT | AAIQTUV | Scandinavian liquor [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| AQUIFER | AEFIQRU | water-bearing rock formation [n-S] |
| ARABIZE | AABEIRZ | to cause to acquire Arabic customs [v-D, -ZING, -S] |
| ARABLES | AABELRS | ARABLE, land suitable for cultivation [ n ] |
| ARAROBA | AAABORR | Brazilian tree [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ARAWANA | AAAANRW | arowana (tropical fish) [n-S] |
| ARCADIA | AAACDIR | region of simple pleasure and quiet [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ARCHINE | ACEHINR | Russian unit of linear measure [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ARCTICS | ACCIRST | ARCTIC, warm, waterproof overshoe [ n ] |
| ARENITE | AEEINRT | rock made up chiefly of sand grains [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ARENOUS | AENORSU | arenose (sandy (containing or covered with sand)) [adj] |
| ARGALAS | AAAGLRS | ARGALA, type of stork (wading bird) (Bengali) [n] |
| ARGUSES | AEGRSSU | ARGUS, East Indian pheasant [ n ] |
| ARIDEST | ADEIRST | ARID, extremely dry [adj] |
| ARIDITY | ADIIRTY | state of being arid (extremely dry) [n-TIES] |
| ARKOSES | AEKORSS | ARKOSE, type of sandstone [ n ] |
| ARKOSIC | ACIKORS | ARKOSE, type of sandstone [adj] |
| ARNOTTO | ANOORTT | tropical tree [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| AROWANA | AAANORW | tropical fish [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ARPENTS | AENPRST | ARPENT, old French unit of area [ n ] |
| ARRACKS | AACKRRS | ARRACK, Oriental liquor [ n ] |
| ARROBAS | AABORRS | ARROBA, Spanish unit of weight [ n ] |
| ARROYOS | AOORRSY | ARROYO, brook or creek [ n ] |
| ARSHINS | AHINRSS | ARSHIN, archine (Russian unit of linear measure) [ n ] |
| ARTIGIS | AGIIRST | ARTIGI, atigi (type of Inuit parka) (Inuit) [ n ] |
| ARUANAS | AAANRSU | ARUANA, arowana (tropical fish) [n] |
| ARUGOLA | AAGLORU | arugula (European annual herb) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |

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| ARUGULA | AAGLRUU | European annual herb [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ARUSPEX | AEPRSUX | haruspex (soothsayer of ancient Rome) [ n -PICES] |
| ASHFALL | AAFHLLS | deposit of volcanic ash [n-S] |
| ASHRAMA | AAAHMRS | stage of life in Hinduism [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ASHRAMS | AAHMRSS | ASHRAM, secluded dwelling of Hindu sage [n] |
| ASIAGOS | AAGIOSS | ASIAGO, Italian cheese [ n ] |
| ASIAGOS | AAGIOSS | ASIAGO, Italian cheese [ n ] |
| ASKARIS | AAIKRSS | ASKARI, soldier or police officer of eastern Africa [ n ] |
| ASKARIS | AAIKRSS | ASKARI, soldier or police officer of eastern Africa [ n ] |
| ASRAMAS | AAAMRSS | ASRAMA, ashram (secluded dwelling of Hindu sage) [n] |
| ASTANGA | AAAGNST | ashtanga (type of yoga (Hindu philosophy involving physical and mental disciplines)) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ASTILBE | ABEILST | Asian perennial [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ATAGHAN | AAAGHNT | yataghan (Turkish sword) [n-S] |
| ATALAYA | AAAALTY | watchtower [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ATEMOYA | AAEMOTY | fruit of hybrid tropical tree [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ATLATLS | AALLSTT | device for throwing spear or dart (Nahuatl) [n-S] |
| ATRIUMS | AIMRSTU | ATRIUM, main room of ancient Roman house [ n ] |
| AUROCHS | ACHORSU | extinct European ox [ n -ES] |
| AUSTRAL | AALRSTU | former monetary unit of Argentina [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{ES}, \mathrm{S}$ ] |
| AUSUBOS | ABOSSUU | AUSUBO, tropical tree [ n ] |
| AVATARS | AAARSTV | AVATAR, incarnation of Hindu deity [ $n$ ] |
| AVOCADO | AACDOOV | edible fruit of tropical tree [ $n-E S,-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| AVODIRE | ADEIORV | African tree [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| AXOLOTL | ALLOOTX | salamander of Mexico and western United States [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| AXSEEDS | ADEESSX | AXSEED, European herb [ n ] |
| AZIMUTH | AHIMTUZ | angle of horizontal deviation [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |

## Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s

 B| BAASKAP | AAABKPS | cy of domination by white people in South Africa [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BABACUS | AABBCSU | BABACU, babassu (palm tree) (Tupi) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BABASSU | AABBSSU | palm tree (Tupi) [n-S] |
| BABOOLS | ABBLOOS | BABOOL, babul (North African tree) [n] |
| BADLAND | AABDDLN | barren, hilly area [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BAHADUR | AABDHRU | Hindu title of respect [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BAIDARS | AABDIRS | BAIDAR, bidarka (Inuit canoe) [n] |
| BAKLAVA | AAABKLV | Turkish pastry [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BAKLAWA | AAABKLW | baklava (Turkish pastry) [n-S] |
| BALAFON | AABFLNO | musical instrument of Africa [n-S] |
| BALATAS | AAABLST | BALATA, tropical tree (Carib) [n] |
| BALBOAS | AABBLOS | BALBOA, monetary unit of Panama [ n ] |
| BAMBOOS | ABBMOOS | BAMBOO, tropical grass [ n ] |
| BANDURA | AABDNRU | Ukrainian stringed instrument [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BANGKOK | ABGKKNO | straw hat [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BANIANS | AABINNS | BANIAN, Hindu merchant [ n ] |
| BANKSIA | AABIKNS | Australian plant [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BANYANS | AABNNSY | BANYAN, East Indian tree [ n ] |

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| BANYANS | AABNNSY | BANYAN, East Indian tree [ n ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BANZAIS | AABINSZ | BANZAI, Japanese battle cry [n] |
| BAOBABS | AABBBOS | BAOBAB, tropical tree [ n ] |
| BAPTISM | ABIMPST | Christian ceremony [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BARBETS | ABBERST | BARBET, tropical bird [ n ] |
| BARCHAN | AABCHNR | type of sand dune [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BARRENS | ABENRRS | BARREN, tract of barren land [ n ] |
| BARRIOS | ABIORRS | BARRIO, district [n] |
| BASALTS | AABLSST | BASALT, volcanic rock [ n ] |
| BASENJI | ABEIJNS | barkless dog (Bantu) [n-S] |
| BASHAWS | AABHSSW | BASHAW, pasha (former Turkish high official) [n] |
| BASILIC | ABCIILS | pertaining to basilica (ancient Roman building) [adj] |
| BASSETS | ABESSST | BASSET, to outcrop (to protrude above soil) [v] |
| BATHYAL | AABHLTY | pertaining to deep water [adj] |
| BAUBEES | ABBEESU | BAUBEE, bawbee (Scottish coin) [n] |
| BAWBEES | ABBEESW | BAWBEE, Scottish coin [n] |
| BAYAMOS | AABMOSY | BAYAMO, strong wind [n] |
| BAYSIDE | ABDEISY | shore of bay (inlet of sea) [n-S] |
| BEACHED | ABCDEEH | BEACH, to drive ashore [v] |
| BEACHES | ABCEEHS | BEACH, to drive ashore [v] |
| BEBEERU | BBEEERU | tropical tree [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BEDOUIN | BDEINOU | nomadic Arab [n-S] |
| BEDROCK | BCDEKOR | rock under soil [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BEDUINS | BDEINSU | BEDUIN, bedouin (nomadic Arab) [ n ] |
| BEEDIES | BDEEEIS | BEEDI, bidi (cigarette of India) [ n ] |
| BEGONIA | ABEGINO | tropical herb [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BELTWAY | ABELTWY | highway around urban area [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BENTHAL | ABEHLNT | benthic (pertaining to oceanic depths) [adj] |
| BENTHIC | BCEHINT | pertaining to oceanic depths [adj] |
| BEYLICS | BCEILSY | BEYLIC, domain of bey (Turkish ruler) [n] |
| BEYLIKS | BEIKLSY | BEYLIK, beylic (domain of bey (Turkish ruler)) [ n ] |
| BEZANTS | ABENSTZ | BEZANT, coin of ancient Rome [n] |
| BEZZANT | ABENTZZ | bezant (coin of ancient Rome) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BHAKTIS | ABHIKST | BHAKTI, selfless devotion to deity in Hinduism [ n ] |
| BHANGRA | AABGHNR | form of popular Punjabi dance music [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BHARALS | AABHLRS | BHARAL, goatlike Asian mammal [n] |
| BIBIMBAP | ABBBIIMP | Korean rice dish [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BIDARKA | AABDIKR | Inuit canoe [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BIGOSES | BEGIOSS | BIGOS, Polish stew [n] |
| BIPOLAR | ABILOPR | having two poles [adj] |
| BIRIANI | ABIIINR | biryani (Indian dish of meat, fish, or vegetables and rice) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BIRYANI | ABIINRY | Indian dish of meat, fish, or vegetables and rice [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BISTATE | ABEISTT | pertaining to two states [adj] |
| BIZONAL | ABILNOZ | BIZONE, two combined zones [adj] |
| BIZONES | BEINOSZ | BIZONE, two combined zones [ n ] |
| BOCCIAS | ABCCIOS | BOCCIA, boccie (Italian bowling game) [ n ] |
| BOCCIES | BCCEIOS | BOCCIE, Italian bowling game [ n ] |

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| BODHRAN | ABDHNOR | Irish drum [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BOGGIER | BEGGIOR | BOGGY, marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land)) [adj] |
| BLUEWAY | ABELUWY | water route reserved for nonmotorized craft [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BOGGISH | BGGHIOS | boggy (marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land))) [adj] |
| BOGHOLE | BEGHLOO | natural hole in ground with swampy bottom [n-S] |
| BOGLAND | ABDGLNO | area of boggy land [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BOLEROS | BELOORS | BOLERO, Spanish dance [ n ] |
| BOLIVIA | ABIILOV | soft fabric [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BOLSONS | BLNOOSS | BOLSON, flat arid valley [ n ] |
| BOMBORA | ABBMOOR | sea area over ridge of rock [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BONOBOS | BBNOOOS | BONOBO, anthropoid ape (Democratic Republic of Congo) [n] |
| BOONIES | BEINOOS | backwoods area [n BOONIES] |
| BOREENS | BEENORS | BOREEN, lane in Ireland [ n ] |
| BOREENS | BEENORS | BOREEN, lane in Ireland [ n ] |
| BORONIA | ABINOOR | Australian shrub [n-S] |
| BORZOIS | BIOORSZ | BORZOI, Russian hound [ n ] |
| BOTHIES | BEHIOST | BOTHIE, bothy (hut in Scotland) [n] / BOTHY [n] |
| BOUDINS | BDINOSU | BOUDIN, spicy Cajun sausage [ n ] |
| BOURNES | BENORSU | BOURNE, bourn (stream) [n] |
| BOURREE | BEEORRU | old French dance [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BOWHEAD | ABDEHOW | arctic whale [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BOWLDER | BDELORW | boulder [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BOYARDS | ABDORSY | BOYARD, boyar (former Russian aristocrat) [n] |
| BRACERO | ABCEORR | Mexican laborer [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BRAHMAN | AABHMNR | member of highest Hindu caste [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BRECCIA | ABCCEIR | type of rock [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BRINIES | BEIINRS | BRINY, sea (ocean (vast body of salt water that covers most of earth's surface)) [n] |
| BRISSES | BEIRSSS | BRISS, bris (Jewish circumcision rite) [ n ] |
| BROGUES | BEGORSU | BROGUE, Irish accent [n] |
| BROLGAS | ABGLORS | BROLGA, large Australian bird [ n ] |
| bubbies | BBBEISU | BUBBIE, bubbe (Jewish grandmother) [ n ] |
| BUBINGA | ABBGINU | African tree [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BUDDHAS | ABDDHSU | BUDDHA, person who has attained Buddhahood [ n ] |
| BUGSHAS | ABGHSSU | BUGSHA, buqsha (monetary unit of Yemen) [ n ] |
| BUMMALO | ABLMMOU | small Asian fish [n-S] |
| BUNRAKU | ABKNRUU | Japanese puppet show [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BUNYIPS | BINPSUY | BUNYIP, fabulous monster of swamps (Wemba-Wemba) [n] |
| BUQSHAS | ABHQSSU | BUQSHA, monetary unit of Yemen [ n ] |
| BURGHAL | ABGHLRU | BURGH, Scottish borough [adj] |
| BURKHAS | ABHKRSU | BURKHA, burka (long loose outer garment worn by some Muslim women) [n] |
| BURNIES | BEINRSU | BURNIE, brooklet (small brook or creek) [n] |
| BUSHLOT | BHLOSTU | woodlot (area restricted to growing of forest trees) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BUSHPIG | BGHIPSU | wild African pig [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| BUSTEES | BEESSTU | BUSTEE, slum in India [n] |
| BUSTEES | BEESSTU | BUSTEE, slum in India [ n ] |
| BUSTICS | BCISSTU | BUSTIC, tropical tree [ n ] |
| BYZANTS | ABNSTYZ | BYZANT, bezant (coin of ancient Rome) [n] |

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## Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s

 C| CACHACA | AAACCCH | Brazilian liquor [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CACIQUE | ACCEIQU | tropical oriole [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CAIMANS | AACIMNS | CAIMAN, tropical reptile [ n ] |
| CAIRNED | ACDEINR | CAIRN, mound of stones set up as memorial [adj] |
| CAJAPUT | AACJPTU | cajeput (Australian tree) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CAJEPUT | ACEJPTU | Australian tree [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CAJONES | ACEJNOS | CAJON, steep-sided canyon [n] |
| CAJUPUT | ACJPTUU | cajeput (Australian tree) [n-S] |
| CALDERA | AACDELR | large crater [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CALENDS | ACDELNS | first day of Roman month [n CALENDS] |
| CALIPHS | ACHILPS | CALIPH, Muslim leader [ n ] |
| CAMELIA | AACEILM | camellia (tropical shrub) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CAMORRA | AACMORR | unscrupulous secret society [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CAMPONG | ACGMNOP | kampong (small village (small community in rural area) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CAMWOOD | ACDMOOW | African hardwood tree [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CANALED | AACDELN | CANAL, to dig artificial waterway through [v] |
| CANGUES | ACEGNSU | CANGUE, ancient Chinese punishing device [ n ] |
| CANOPIC | ACCINOP | pertaining to Egyptian jar [adj] |
| CANTALA | AAACLNT | tropical plant [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CANTALA | AAACLNT | tropical plant [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CANTALS | AACLNST | CANTAL, hard cheese of France [ n ] |
| CANTONS | ACNNOST | CANTON, to divide into cantons (districts) [v] |
| CANYONS | ACNNOSY | CANYON, deep valley with steep sides [ n ] |
| CAPROCK | ACCKOPR | overlying rock layer [ $\mathrm{n}-$ ] |
| CARACAL | AAACCLR | African lynx [n-S] |
| CARACUL | AACCLRU | karakul (Asian sheep) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CARATES | AACERST | CARATE, tropical skin disease [ n ] |
| CARIOCA | AACCIOR | South American dance [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CASAVAS | AAACSSV | CASAVA, cassava (tropical plant) [ n ] |
| CASBAHS | AABCHSS | CASBAH, old section of North African city [ n ] |
| CASCADE | AACCDES | to fall like waterfall [V-D, -DING, -S] |
| CASSATA | AAACSST | Italian ice cream [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CASSAVA | AAACSSV | tropical plant [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CATJANG | AACGJNT | African shrub [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CATTIES | ACEISTT | CATTIE, Asian unit of weight [ n ] |
| CAVEMAN | AACEMNV | cave dweller [ n -MEN] |
| CAVERNS | ACENRSV | CAVERN, to hollow out [v] |
| CAVINGS | ACGINSV | CAVING, sport of exploring caves [ n ] |
| CAYMANS | AACMNSY | CAYMAN, caiman (tropical reptile) [ n ] |
| CAYUSES | ACESSUY | CAYUSE, Indian pony [ n ] |
| CAZIQUE | ACEIQUZ | cacique (tropical oriole) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CEDULAS | ACDELSU | CEDULA, Philippine tax [ n ] |
| CEILIDH | CDEHIIL | Irish or Scottish party [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CENTARE | ACEENRT | measure of land area [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |

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| CENTAVO | ACENOTV | coin of various Spanish-American nations [n-S] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CHAEBOL | ABCEHLO | group of businesses in Korea owned by one family [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CHAINER | ACEHINR | chainman (surveyor's assistant who uses measuring chain) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CHALETS | ACEHLST | CHALET, Swiss cottage [ n ] |
| CHALUTZ | ACHLTUZ | halutz (Israeli farmer) [ n -IM] |
| CHAMPAC | AACCHMP | champak (East Indian tree) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CHAMPAK | AACHKMP | East Indian tree [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CHANNEL | ACEHLNN | to direct along some desired course [v -ED, -ING, -S, -LLED, -LLING, -S] |
| CHANOYU | ACHNOUY | Japanese tea ritual [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CHAPATI | AACHIPT | unleavened bread of India [n-S] |
| CHAPPAL | AACHLPP | sandal worn in India [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CHARPAI | AACHIPR | charpoy (bed used in India) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CHARPOY | ACHOPRY | bed used in India [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CHARTED | ACDEHRT | CHART, to map out [v] |
| CHASMAL | AACHLMS | CHASM, deep cleft in earth [adj] |
| CHASMED | ACDEHMS | CHASM, deep cleft in earth [adj] |
| CHASMIC | ACCHIMS | CHASM, deep cleft in earth [adj] |
| CHAYOTE | ACEHOTY | tropical vine [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CHEBECS | BCCEEHS | CHEBEC, small bird (Agawam) [n] |
| CHEDERS | CDEEHRS | CHEDER, heder (Jewish school) [ n ] |
| CHEGOES | CEEGHOS | CHEGOE, chigoe (tropical flea) [ n ] |
| CHETRUM | CEHMRTU | monetary unit of Bhutan [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{CHHERTUM}$ ] |
| CHIBOUK | BCHIKOU | Turkish tobacco pipe [n-S] |
| CHICANO | ACCHINO | American of Mexican descent [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CHICHAS | ACCHHIS | CHICHA, Latin American corn beer [ n ] |
| CHICKEE | CCEEHIK | stilt house of Seminole Indians [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CHIGOES | CEGHIOS | CHIGOE, tropical flea [ n ] |
| CHITALS | ACHILST | CHITAL, Asian deer [ n ] |
| CHITONS | CHINOST | CHITON, tunic worn in ancient Greece [ n ] |
| CHLAMYS | ACHLMSY | garment worn in ancient Greece [ n -YDES, -ES] |
| CHOLENT | CEHLNOT | traditional Jewish stew [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CHORTEN | CEHNORT | Tibetan shrine [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CHRISMA | ACHIMRS | CHRISMON, Christian monogram [n] |
| CHUNNEL | CEHLNNU | tunnel under English Channel [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CHUPPAH | ACHHPPU | canopy used at Jewish wedding [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S},-\mathrm{PPOT}$ ] |
| CHUPPAS | ACHPPSU | CHUPPA, chuppah (canopy used at Jewish wedding) [n] |
| CHURROS | CHORRSU | CHURRO, Spanish and Mexican pastry [ n ] |
| CICHLID | CCDHIIL | tropical fish [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{AE},-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CIRQUES | CEIQRSU | CIRQUE, deep, steep-walled basin on mountain [ n ] |
| CITRUSY | CIRSTUY | CITRUS, any of genus of tropical, fruit-bearing trees [adj] |
| CLACHAN | AACCHLN | hamlet (small town (center of population smaller than city)) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CLASTIC | ACCILST | rock made up of other rocks [n-S] |
| CLAYPAN | AACLNPY | shallow natural depression [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CLEOMES | CEELMOS | CLEOME, tropical plant [ n ] |
| CLOUGHS | CGHLOSU | CLOUGH, ravine (narrow, steep-sided valley) [n] |
| COASTAL | AACLOST | pertaining to or located near seashore [adj] |
| COCOYAM | ACCMOOY | tropical plant having edible rootstocks [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |

Gain mountains of knowledge of GEOGRAPHY (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them)
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| COGWAYS | ACGOSWY | COGWAY, railway operating on steep slopes [ n ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| COLLEEN | CEELLNO | Irish girl [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| COLOBUS | BCLOOSU | large African monkey [n-BI, -ES] |
| COLONES | CELNOOS | COLON, monetary unit of Costa Rica [n] / COLONE [n] |
| COMATIK | ACIKMOT | komatik (Inuit sledge) (Inuit) [n-S] |
| COMITIA | ACIIMOT | public assembly in ancient Rome [n COMITIA] |
| COMMONS | CMMNOOS | COMMON, tract of publicly used land [ n ] |
| CONDORS | CDNOORS | CONDOR, coin of Chile [ n ] |
| CONDUIT | CDINOTU | channel or pipe for conveying fluids [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CONFLUX | CFLNOUX | flowing together of streams [n-ES] |
| CONGAED | ACDEGNO | CONGA, to perform conga (Latin-American dance) [v] |
| CONGOES | CEGNOOS | CONGO, eellike amphibian [ n ] |
| CONGOUS | CGNOOSU | CONGOU, Chinese tea [n] |
| CONKERS | CEKNORS | CONKER, chestnut used in British game [ n ] |
| CONTRAS | ACNORST | CONTRA, Nicaraguan revolutionary [ n ] |
| CONURES | CENORSU | CONURE, tropical American parakeet [ n ] |
| COOMBES | BCEMOOS | COOMBE, combe (narrow valley) [n] |
| COONTIE | CEINOOT | tropical plant (Florida Creek) [n-S] |
| COPECKS | CCEKOPS | COPECK, kopeck (Russian coin) [ n ] |
| CORDOBA | ABCDOOR | monetary unit of Nicaragua [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| COROZOS | COOORSZ | COROZO, tropical palm tree [ n ] |
| CORRIES | CEIORRS | CORRIE, cirque (deep, steep-walled basin on mountain) [n] |
| CORSACS | ACCORSS | CORSAC, Asian fox [ n ] |
| COSSACK | ACCKOSS | Russian cavalryman [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| COTEAUS | ACEOSTU | COTEAU, higher ground of region [ n ] |
| COTEAUX | ACEOTUX | COTEAU, higher ground of region [ n ] |
| COTHURN | CHNORTU | buskin worn by ancient Roman actors [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| COTIDAL | ACDILOT | indicating coincidence of tides [adj] |
| COTIJAS | ACIJOST | COTIJA, Mexican cheese [ n ] |
| COTINGA | ACGINOT | tropical bird [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| COULEES | CEELOSU | COULEE, small ravine (narrow, steep-sided valley) [n] |
| COULOIR | CILOORU | deep gorge or gully [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| COUNTRY | CNORTUY | territory of nation [ n -RIES] |
| COWAGES | ACEGOSW | COWAGE, tropical vine [ n ] |
| COWHAGE | ACEGHOW | cowage (tropical vine) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CRAGGED | ACDEGGR | CRAG, large jagged rock [adj] |
| CRANNOG | ACGNNOR | artificial island [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CRATERS | ACERRST | CRATER, to form cavities in surface [v] |
| CREOLES | CEELORS | CREOLE, type of mixed language [ n ] |
| CRIMMER | CEIMMRR | krimmer (kind of fur) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CRINUMS | CIMNRSU | CRINUM, tropical herb [ n ] |
| CRIOLLO | CILLOOR | person of Spanish ancestry [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CROTONS | CNOORST | CROTON, tropical plant [ n ] |
| CRUCIAN | ACCINRU | European fish [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CRUSADO | ACDORSU | old Portuguese coin [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{ES},-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CRUZADO | ACDORUZ | crusado (old Portuguese coin) [n-ES, -S] |
| CSARDAS | AACDRSS | czardas (Hungarian dance) [n-ES] |

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| CUATROS | ACORSTU | CUATRO, small guitar of Latin America [ n ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CUESTAS | ACESSTU | CUESTA, type of land elevation [ n ] |
| CULTURE | CELRTUU | to make fit for raising crops [ $\mathrm{v}-\mathrm{D},-\mathrm{RING},-\mathrm{S}]$ |
| CULVERT | CELRTUV | to channel stream through conduit [V-ED, -ING, -S] |
| CUMBIAS | ABCIMSU | CUMBIA, Latin-American dance [ n ] |
| CURARAS | AACRRSU | CURARA, curare (arrow poison) (Carib) [n] |
| CURARES | ACERRSU | CURARE, arrow poison (Carib) [n] |
| CURARIS | ACIRRSU | CURARI, curare (arrow poison) (Carib) [ n ] |
| CURCUMA | ACCMRUU | tropical plant [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CUTBANK | ABCKNTU | steep stream bank [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CUTOVER | CEORTUV | land cleared of trees [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| CYCASES | ACCESSY | CYCAS, tropical plant [ n ] |
| CZARDAS | AACDRSZ | Hungarian dance [ n -ES] |

## Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s

| DACITES | ACDEIST | DACITE, light gray rock [ n ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DACOITS | ACDIOST | DACOIT, bandit in India [ n ] |
| DACOITY | ACDIOTY | robbery by dacoits (bandit in India) [ n -TIES] |
| DAGOBAS | AABDGOS | DAGOBA, Buddhist shrine [n] |
| DAIKONS | ADIKNOS | DAIKON, Japanese radish [n] |
| DAIMIOS | ADIIMOS | DAIMIO, former Japanese nobleman [ n ] |
| DAIMYOS | ADIMOSY | DAIMYO, daimio (former Japanese nobleman) [ n ] |
| DAKOITS | ADIKOST | DAKOIT, dacoit (bandit in India) [n] |
| DALASIS | AADILSS | DALASI, unit of Gambian currency [ n ] |
| DAMIANA | AAADIMN | tropical American shrub [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| DAMMING | ADGIMMN | DAM, to build barrier to obstruct flow of water [v] |
| DARBARS | AABDRRS | DARBAR, durbar (court of native ruler in India) [ n ] |
| DARSHAN | AADHNRS | Hindu blessing [ $n-S$ ] |
| DASHEEN | ADEEHNS | tropical plant (West Indian) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| DASHIKI | ADHIIKS | African tunic (Yoruba or Hausa) [n-S] |
| DATCHAS | AACDHST | DATCHA, dacha (Russian cottage) [ n ] |
| DAUPHIN | ADHINPU | eldest son of French king [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| DAVENED | ADDEENV | DAVEN, to utter Jewish prayers [v] |
| DEEWANS | ADEENSW | DEEWAN, dewan (official in India) [ n ] |
| DEGAMES | ADEEGMS | DEGAME, tropical tree [ n ] |
| DEGAMIS | ADEGIMS | DEGAMI, degame (tropical tree) [ n ] |
| DELTAIC | ACDEILT | DELTA, alluvial deposit at mouth of river [adj] |
| DELUGED | DDEEGLU | DELUGE, to flood (to inundate (to overwhelm with water)) [v] |
| DELUGES | DEEGLSU | DELUGE, to flood (to inundate (to overwhelm with water)) [v] |
| DEMOSES | DEEMOSS | DEMOS, people of ancient Greek state [ n ] |
| DEMOTIC | CDEIMOT | pertaining to simplified form of ancient Egyptian writing [adj] |
| DENARII | ADEIINR | DENARIUS, coin of ancient Rome [ n ] |
| DENGUES | DEEGNSU | DENGUE, tropical disease [ n ] |
| DEODARA | AADDEOR | deodar (East Indian cedar) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| DEODARS | ADDEORS | DEODAR, East Indian cedar [ n ] |
| DERVISH | DEHIRSV | member of Muslim religious order [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |

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DEXTERS
DHARMAS
DHARMIC
DHARNAS
DHARNAS
DHOOTIE
DHOOTIS
DHURNAS
DHURRIE
DHYANAS
DIABASE
DIALECT
DIAPIRS
DIASTEM
DIBBUKS
DICYCLY
DIEOFFS
DIGAMMA
DINEROS
DINGLES
DINGOES
DIOBOLS
DIORITE
DIRHAMS
DISMALS
DJEBELS
DJEMBES
DJIBBAH
DJibBAS
DOBLONS
DOLLARS
DOLMANS DONSHIP DORBUGS DOVEKEY DOVEKIE DOVENED DOWSERS DOWSING DRACENA DRACHMA
DRIFTED
DRIFTER
DRONGOS
DRUIDIC
DRUMLIN
DRYLAND

DEERSTX DEXTER, animal of breed of Irish cattle [ $n$ ]
AADHMRS
ACDHIMR
AADHNRS
AADHNRS
DEHIOOT
DHIOOST
ADHNRSU
DEHIRRU
AADHNSY
AABDEIS
ACDEILT
ADIIPRS
ADEIMST
BBDIKSU
CCDILYY
DEFFIOS
AADGIMM
DEINORS
DEGILNS
DEGINOS
BDILOOS
DEIIORT
ADHIMRS
ADILMSS
BDEEJLS
BDEEJMS
ABBDHIJ
ABBDIJS
BDLNOOS
ADLLORS
ADLMNOS
DHINOPS
BDGORSU
DEEKOVY DEEIKOV
DDEENOV
DEORSSW DGINOSW AACDENR AACDHMR DDEFIRT DEFIRRT DGNOORS CDDIIRU DILMNRU ADDLNRY

DHARMA, conformity to Hindu law [ $n$ ]
DHARMA, conformity to Hindu law [adj]
DHARNA, form of protest in India [n]
DHARNA, form of protest in India [ n ]
dhoti (loincloth worn by Hindu men) [n-S]
DHOOTI, dhoti (loincloth worn by Hindu men) [n]
DHURNA, dharna (form of protest in India) [ n ]
cotton rug made in India [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
DHYANA, profound meditation in Hinduism [ n ]
igneous rock [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
regional variety of language [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
DIAPIR, bend in layer of rock [ $n$ ]
interruption in deposit of sedimentation [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
DIBBUK, dybbuk (wandering soul in Jewish folklore) [ n ]
DIEOFF, sudden decline in population [ n ]
Greek letter [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
DINERO, former silver coin of Peru [n]
DINGLE, dell (small, wooded valley) [n]
DINGO, wild dog of Australia [n]
DIOBOL, coin of ancient Greece [ n ]
igneous rock [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
DIRHAM, monetary unit of Morocco [n]
DISMAL, track of swampy land [n]
DJEMBE, type of African hand drum [n]
jibba (long coat worn by Muslim men) [n-S]
DJIBBA, jibba (long coat worn by Muslim men) [ n ]
DOBLON, former gold coin of Spain and Spanish America [n]
DOLLAR, monetary unit of United States [ n ]
DOLMAN, Turkish robe [n]
position of don (senior member of British university) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
DORBUG, dor (black European beetle) [ n ]
dovekie (seabird (bird frequenting ocean or seacoast)) [ $n-S$ ]
seabird (bird frequenting ocean or seacoast) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
DOVEN, to daven (to utter Jewish prayers) [v]
technique for searching for underground water [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] / DOWSE, [v]
dracaena (tropical plant) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
former monetary unit of Greece [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{E},-\mathrm{I},-\mathrm{S}$ ]
DRIFT, to move along in current [v]
one that drifts (to move along in current) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
DRONGO, tropical bird [n]
DRUID, one of ancient Celtic order of priests [adj]
long hill of glacial drift [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
arid region [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
state of being dicyclic (having two maxima of population each year) [ n -LIES]

DJEBEL, jebel (mountain (large, natural elevation of earth's surface)) [ $n$ ]

DOWSER, one that dowses (to search for underground water with divining rod) [ $n$ ] NWL23 Highlighted compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club

| DUNITES | DEINSTU | DUNITE, igneous rock [ n$]$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| DUPATTA | AADPTTU | scarf or headdress worn by some Muslim women [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| DURBARS | ABDRRSU | DURBAR, court of native ruler in India [ n$]$ |
| DURIANS | ADINRSU | DURIAN, East Indian tree [ n$]$ |
| DURIONS | DINORSU | DURION, durian (East Indian tree) [ n$]$ |
| DURMAST | ADMRSTU | European oak [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}]$ |
| DURRIES | DEIRRSU | DURRIE, dhurrie (cotton rug made in India) [ n$]$ |
| DUUMVIR | DIMRUUV | magistrate of ancient Rome [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{I},-\mathrm{S}]$ |
| DYBBUKS | BBDKSUY | DYBBUK, wandering soul in Jewish folklore [ n$]$ |

## Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s

 E| EARTHED | ADEEHRT | EARTH, to cover with earth (soil) [v] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EARTHLY | AEHLRTY | worldly (pertaining to world (earth and all its inhabitants) [adj -LIER, -LIEST] |
| EBONICS | BCEINOS | dialect of English spoken by some African-Americans [n EBONICS] |
| ECHARDS | ACDEHRS | ECHARD, water in soil not available to plants [ n ] |
| ECONOMY | CEMNOOY | thrift (care and wisdom in management of one's resources) [n-MIES] |
| ECOZONE | CEENOOZ | regional ecosystem [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ECUMENE | CEEEMNU | inhabited area [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| EDAPHIC | ACDEHIP | pertaining to soil [adj] |
| EFFENDI | DEEFFIN | Turkish title of respect [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| EISWEIN | EEIINSW | sweet German wine [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| EKPWELE | EEEKLPW | former monetary unit of Equatorial Guinea [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| EKUELES | EEEKLSU | EKUELE, ekpwele (former monetary unit of Equatorial Africa) (Equatorial Guinea) [ n ] |
| ELUVIAL | AEILLUV | pertaining to eluvium (soil deposit) [adj] |
| ELUVIUM | EILMUUV | soil deposit [n-S, -IA] |
| EMBAYED | ABDEEMY | EMBAY, to enclose in bay [v] |
| EMERSED | DEEEMRS | standing out of water [adj] |
| EMIGRES | EEGIMRS | EMIGRE, emigrant (one that emigrates (to leave one country or region to settle in another)) [n] |
| ENCLAVE | ACEELNV | to enclose within foreign territory [ V -D, -VING, -S] |
| EPARCHY | ACEHPRY | district of modern Greece [ n -HIES] |
| EPHEBES | BEEEHPS | EPHEBE, ephebus (young man of ancient Greece) [n] |
| EPHEBIC | BCEEHIP | EPHEBE, ephebus (young man of ancient Greece) [adj] |
| EPHEBOS | BEEHOPS | ephebus (young man of ancient Greece) [n-I] |
| EPHEBUS | BEEHPSU | young man of ancient Greece [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{BI}$ ] |
| EPHORAL | AEHLOPR | EPHOR, magistrate of ancient Greece [adj] |
| EPISCIA | ACEIIPS | tropical herb [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| EPSILON | EILNOPS | Greek letter [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| EQUATOR | AEOQRTU | great circle of spherical celestial bodies [n-S] |
| EQUITES | EEIQSTU | EQUES, member of privileged military class of ancient Rome [ n ] |
| ERLKING | EGIKLNR | evil spirit of Germanic folklore [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ESCARPS | ACEPRSS | ESCARP, to cause to slope steeply [v] |
| ESCUDOS | CDEOSSU | ESCUDO, former monetary unit of Portugal [ n ] |
| ESPANOL | AELNOPS | native of Spain [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ESTUARY | AERSTUY | inlet of sea at river's lower end [ n -RIES] |
| ETHOSES | EEHOSST | ETHOS, fundamental character of culture [ n ] |
| EUGENIA | AEEGINU | tropical evergreen tree [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |

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| EURIPUS | EIPRSUU | swift sea channel [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{PI}]$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| EVZONES | EENOSVZ | EVZONE, Greek soldier [n] |
| EXCLAVE | ACEELXV | portion of country which is isolated in foreign territory [n-S] |
| EXILERS | EEILRSX | EXILER, one that exiles (to banish from one's own country) [n] |
| EXILIAN | AEIILNX | exilic (pertaining to exile (banishment from one's own country)) [adj] |
| EXILING | EGIILNX | EXILE, to banish from one's own country [v] |
| EXOTICS | CEIOSTX | EXOTIC, something from another part of world [n] |
| EXOTISM | EIMOSTX | exotic (something from another part of world) [n -S] |
| EXPLORE | EELOPRX | to travel through for purpose of discovery [v-D, -RING, -S] |
| EXPORTS | EOPRSTX | EXPORT, to send to other countries for commercial purposes [v] |
| EXURBAN | ABENRUX | EXURB, residential area lying beyond suburbs of city [adj] |
| EXURBIA | ABEIRUX | exurb (residential area lying beyond suburbs of city) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}]$ |

## Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s

FABLIAU
FADINGS
FAKEERS
FANEGAS
FAQUIRS
FARMERS
FARMING
FAZENDA
FECIALS
FEDAYEE
FEEDLOT
FELLAHS
FELSITE
FENINGA
FENINGS
FENLAND
FENNECS
FENNIER
FENNING
FETIALS
FICUSES
FILAREE
FILBERT
FILIBEG
FINMARK
FIRKINS
FIRMANS
FJORDIC
FLAMENS
FLOKATI
FLOODED
FLOODER

AABFILU ADFGINS AEEFKRS AAEFGNS AFIQRSU AEFMRRS AFGIMNR AADEFNZ ACEFILS ADEEEFY DEEFLOT AEFHLLS EEFILST AEFGINN EFGINNS ADEFLNN CEEFNNS EEFINNR EFGINNN AEFILST CEFISSU AEEFILR BEFILRT BEFGIIL AFIKMNR FIIKNRS AFIMNRS CDFIJOR AEFLMNS AFIKLOT DDEFLOO DEFLOOR
short metrical tale popular in medieval France [ $n-X$ ] FADING, Irish dance [n]
FAKEER, fakir (Hindu ascetic) [n]
FANEGA, Spanish unit of dry measure [ n ]
FAQUIR, fakir (Hindu ascetic) [n]
FARMER, one that farms (to manage and cultivate as farm) [n]
business of operating farm [n-S] / FARM, to manage and cultivate as farm ([v]
Brazilian plantation [ $n-S$ ]
FECIAL, fetial (priest of ancient Rome) [ n ]
Arab commando [n-N]
plot of land on which livestock is fattened [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
FELLAH, peasant or laborer in Arab countries [ n ]
igneous rock [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
FENING, monetary unit of Bosnia and Herzegovnia [n]
FENING, monetary unit of Bosnia and Herzegovnia [ n ]
marshy ground [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
FENNEC, African fox [ n ]
FENNY, marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land)) [adj]
monetary unit of Bosnia and Herzegovina [ n ]
FETIAL, priest of ancient Rome [n]
FICUS, tropical tree [ n ]
European weed [n-S]
edible nut of European shrub [n-S]
pleated skirt worn by Scottish Highlanders [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
former monetary unit of Finland [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
FIRKIN, British unit of capacity [n]
FIRMAN, edict issued by Middle Eastern sovereign [ n ]
FJORD, narrow inlet of sea between steep cliffs [adj]
FLAMEN, priest of ancient Rome [ n ]
Greek handwoven rug [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
FLOOD, to inundate (to overwhelm with water) [v] one that floods (to inundate (to overwhelm with water)) [ $n-S$ ]

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| FLORINS | FILNORS | FLORIN, former gold coin of Europe [ n$]$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| FLUMING | FGILMNU | FLUME, to convey by means of artificial water channel [v] |
| FLUVIAL | AFILLUV | pertaining to river (large, natural stream of water) [adj] |
| FLYBELT | BEFLLTY | area infested with tsetse flies [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}]$ |
| FONTINA | AFINNOT | Italian cheese [ n -S] |
| FOREIGN | EFGINOR | situated outside place or country [adj] |
| FORINTS | FINORST | FORINT, monetary unit of Hungary [ n$]$ |
| FRANCOS | ACFNORS | FRANCO, franc in Equatorial Guinea [ n$]$ |
| FREESIA | AEEFIRS | African herb [ n -S] |
| FRESHET | EEFHRST | sudden overflow of stream [n -S] |
| FULMARS | AFLMRSU | FULMAR, arctic seabird [ n$]$ |
| FURROWS | FORRSUW | FURROW, to make furrows (narrow depressions) in [v] |
| FUSTICS | CFISSTU | FUSTIC, tropical tree [ n$]$ |

## Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s

 G| GABBROS | ABBGORS | GABBRO, type of rock [ n ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GAGAKUS | AAGGKSU | GAGAKU, ancient court music of Japan [ n ] |
| GALLICA | AACGILL | European rose [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| GAMBIAS | AABGIMS | GAMBIA, gambier (extract obtained from Asian vine) [ $n$ ] |
| GAMBIAS | AABGIMS | GAMBIA, gambier (extract obtained from Asian vine) [ n ] |
| GAMBIER | ABEGIMR | extract obtained from Asian vine [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| GAMBIRS | ABGIMRS | GAMBIR, gambier (extract obtained from Asian vine) [ n ] |
| GANGUES | AEGGNSU | GANGUE, worthless rock in which valuable minerals are found [ n ] |
| GARIGUE | AEGGIRU | low scrubland [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| GATINGS | AGGINST | GATING, process of opening and closing channel [ n ] |
| GAUCHOS | ACGHOSU | GAUCHO, cowboy of South American pampas [n] |
| GAZANIA | AAAGINZ | South African herb [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| GEISHAS | AEGHISS | GEISHA, Japanese girl trained to entertain [ n ] |
| GELATIS | AEGILST | GELATI, GELATO, Italian ice cream [ n ] |
| GELATOS | AEGLOST | GELATO, Italian ice cream [ n ] |
| GENIPAP | AEGINPP | tropical tree [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| GEODESY | DEEGOSY | geographical surveying [ n -SIES] |
| GEODUCK | CDEGKOU | large, edible clam (Lushootseed / Nisqually) [n-S] |
| GEOIDAL | ADEGILO | GEOID, hypothetical surface of earth [adj] |
| GEOTAGS | AEGGOST | GEOTAG, to add geographic metadata to file [v] |
| GERENUK | EEGKNRU | long-necked antelope (Somali) [n-S] |
| GERMANS | AEGMNRS | GERMAN, elaborate dance [ n ] |
| GEYSERS | EEGRSSY | GEYSER, to eject jets of hot water and steam [v] |
| GHARRIS | AGHIRRS | GHARRI, gharry (carriage used in India) [n] |
| GHAZIES | AEGHISZ | GHAZI, Muslim war hero [ n ] |
| GHIBLIS | BGHIILS | GHIBLI, hot desert wind [ n ] |
| GIBBONS | BBGINOS | GIBBON, arboreal ape [ n ] |
| GIRSHES | EGHIRSS | GIRSH, qursh (monetary unit of Saudi Arabia) [n] |
| GITANOS | AGINOST | GITANO, Spanish gypsy [ n ] |
| GLACIAL | AACGILL | of or pertaining to glaciers [adj] |
| GLACIER | ACEGILR | huge mass of ice [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |

NWL23 Highlighted compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club

| GOBANGS | ABGGNOS | GOBANG, Japanese game [ n ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GODOWNS | DGNOOSW | GODOWN, Asian warehouse [n] |
| GOETTAS | AEGOSTT | GOETTA, type of sausage popular in Cincinnati [ n ] |
| GOOMBAY | ABGMOOY | calypso music of Bahamas [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| GOSSANS | AGNOSSS | GOSSAN, type of decomposed rock [ n ] |
| GOURDES | DEGORSU | GOURDE, monetary unit of Haiti [n] |
| GRABENS | ABEGNRS | GRABEN, depression of earth's crust [ n ] |
| GRANGER | AEGGNRR | farmer (one that farms (to manage and cultivate as farm ) [n-S] |
| GRANITE | AEGINRT | type of rock [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| GRAPPAS | AAGPPRS | GRAPPA, Italian brandy [ n ] |
| GRAZING | AGGINRZ | land used for feeding of animals [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| GRECIZE | CEEGIRZ | to provide with Greek style [v-D, -ZING, -S] |
| GREISEN | EEGINRS | type of rock [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| GROTTOS | GOORSTT | GROTTO, cave [ n ] |
| GRUNGES | EGGNRSU | GRUNGE, dirt (earth or soil) [n] |
| GRUYERE | EEGRRUY | Swiss cheese [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| GUANACO | AACGNOU | South American mammal [n-S] |
| GUANAYS | AAGNSUY | GUANAY, Peruvian cormorant [ n ] |
| GUARANA | AAAGNRU | South American shrub (Tupi) [n-S] |
| GUILDER | DEGILRU | former monetary unit of Netherlands [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| GUINEAS | AEGINSU | GUINEA, formerly used British coin [ n ] |
| GUINEPS | EGINPSU | GUINEP, genip (tropical tree) [ n ] |
| GULCHES | CEGHLSU | GULCH, deep, narrow ravine [ n ] |
| GULDENS | DEGLNSU | GULDEN, guilder (former monetary unit of Netherlands) [ n ] |
| GULFIER | EFGILRU | GULFY, full of whirlpools [adj] |
| GULFING | FGGILNU | GULF, to swallow up [v] |
| GULLEYS | EGLLSUY | GULLEY, ravine (narrow, steep-sided valley) [n] |
| GULLIED | DEGILLU | GULLY, to form ravines by action of water [v] |
| GULLIES | EGILLSU | GULLY, to form ravines by action of water [v] |
| GUNROOM | GMNOORU | room on British warship [n-S] |
| GUPPIES | EGIPPSU | GUPPY, small, tropical fish [n] |
| GURSHES | EGHRSSU | GURSH, qursh (monetary unit of Saudi Arabia) [n] |
| GWEDUCK | CDEGKUW | geoduck (small, edible clam) (Lushootseed / Nisqually) [n-S] |
| GWEDUCS | CDEGSUW | GWEDUC, geoduck (small, edible clam) (Lushootseed / Nisqually) |

## Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s

 H| HABITAN | AABHINT | French settler [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}]$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| HABOOBS | ABBHOOS | HABOOB, violent sandstorm [ n$]$ |
| HACHURE | ACEHHRU | to make hatching on map [v-D,-RING, -S] |
| HADARIM | AADHIMR | HEDER, Jewish school [ n$]$ |
| HADJEES | ADEEHJS | HADJEE, hadji (one who has made hadj (pilgrimage to Mecca) [ n$]$ |
| HAFIZES | AEFHISZ | HAFIZ, Muslim who knows Koran by heart [ n$]$ |
| HAGDONS | ADGHNOS | HAGDON, seabird (bird frequenting ocean or seacoast) [ n$]$ |
| HAKEEMS | AEEHKMS | HAKEEM, hakim (Muslim physician) [ n$]$ |
| HALALAH | AAAHHLL | halala (Saudi Arabian coin) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}]$ |
| HALALAS | AAAHLLS | HALALA, Saudi Arabian coin [ n$]$ |

Gain mountains of knowledge of GEOGRAPHY (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) NWL23 Highlighted compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club

| HALAVAH | AAAHHLV | halvah (Turkish confection) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HALIERS | AEHILRS | HALIER, former monetary unit of Slovakia [ n ] |
| HALLALS | AAHLLLS | HALLAL, to halal (to slaughter animal according to Muslim law) [v] |
| HALVAHS | AAHHLSV | HALVAH, Turkish confection [n] |
| HAMADAS | AAADHMS | HAMADA, hammada (desert plateau of bedrock) [ n ] |
| HAMATSA | AAAHMST | dance inspired by spirit of man-eating monster (Kwakw'ala) [n-S] |
| HAMAULS | AAHLMSU | HAMAUL, hamal (porter in eastern countries) [ n ] |
| HAMLETS | AEHLMST | HAMLET, small town (center of population smaller than city) [ n ] |
| HAMMADA | AAADHMM | desert plateau of bedrock [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| HAMMALS | AAHLMMS | HAMMAL, hamal (porter in eastern countries) [ n ] |
| HAMMAMS | AAHMMMS | HAMMAM, Turkish bath [n] |
| HAMZAHS | AAHHMSZ | HAMZAH, hamza (Arabic diacritical mark) [n] |
| HANGULS | AGHLNSU | HANGUL, Korean alphabetic script [ n ] |
| HANUMAN | AAHMNNU | East Indian monkey [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| HAPKIDO | ADHIKOP | Korean martial art [n-S] |
| HAPLITE | AEHILPT | aplite (fine-grained rock) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| HARDPAN | AADHNPR | layer of hard subsoil [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| HAREEMS | AEEHMRS | HAREEM, harem (section of Muslim household reserved for women) [ n ] |
| HARIJAN | AAHIJNR | outcaste in India [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| HARISSA | AAHIRSS | spicy North African sauce [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| HAUSENS | AEHNSSU | HAUSEN, Russian sturgeon [ n ] |
| HAVARTI | AAHIRTV | Danish cheese [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| HAWALAS | AAAHLSW | HAWALA, type of financial arrangement in Islamic societies [ n ] |
| HEDARIM | ADEHIMR | HEDER, Jewish school [ n ] |
| HELLERI | EEHILLR | tropical fish [n-ES, -S] |
| HICKEST | CEHIKST | HICK, characteristic of rural people [adj] |
| HICKISH | CHHIIKS | HICK, rural person [adj] |
| HIDALGO | ADGHILO | minor Spanish nobleman [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| HILLIER | EHIILLR | HILLY, abounding in hills [adj] |
| HILLING | GHIILLN | HILL, to form into hill (rounded elevation) [v] |
| HILLOCK | CHIKLLO | small hill [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| HILLTOP | HILLOPT | top of hill [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| HOATZIN | AHINOTZ | tropical bird [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{ES},-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| HOGBACK | ABCGHKO | sharp ridge [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| HOGFISH | FGHHIOS | tropical fish [ n -ES] |
| HOGMANE | AEGHMNO | hogmanay (Scottish celebration) [n-S] |
| HOLARDS | ADHLORS | HOLARD, total quantity of water in soil [ n ] |
| HOMMOCK | CHKMMOO | ridge in ice field [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| HOODIES | DEHIOOS | HOODIE, gray crow of Europe [n] |
| HOOPOES | EHOOOPS | HOOPOE, European bird [n] |
| HOOPOOS | HOOOOPS | HOOPOO, hoopoe (European bird) [n] |
| HOPLITE | EHILOPT | foot soldier of ancient Greece [n-S] |
| HORNIST | HINORST | French horn player [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| HORNITO | HINOORT | mound of volcanic matter [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| HOTBEDS | BDEHOST | HOTBED, bed of rich soil [ n ] |
| HOUNGAN | AGHNNOU | voodoo priest (Fon) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| HRYVNAS | AHNRSVY | HRYVNA, hryvnia (monetary unit of Ukraine) [n] | NWL23 Highlighted compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club


| HRYVNIA | AHINRVY | monetary unit of Ukraine [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| HRYVNYA | AHNRVYY | hryvnia (monetary unit of Ukraine) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| HUIPILS | HIILPSU | HUIPIL, embroidered blouse or dress of Mexico [ n ] |
| HUMMOCK | CHKMMOU | to form into hummocks (small rounded hills) [v-ED, -ING, -S] |
| HUMPIES | EHIMPSU | HUMPY, primitive hut in Australia [n] |
| HUNKEYS | EHKNSUY | HUNKEY, person of Hungarian or Slavic descent [ n ] |
| HUNKIES | EHIKNSU | HUNKIE, person of Hungarian or Slavic descent [ n ] |
| HUPPAHS | AHHPPSU | HUPPAH, chuppah (canopy used at Jewish wedding) [n] |
| HURLEYS | EHLRSUY | HURLEY, hurling (Irish game) [ n ] |
| HURLING | GHILNRU | Irish game [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] / HURL, to throw with great force [v] |
| HUSKIES | EHIKSSU | HUSKY, dog of arctic region [n] |

## Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s

## I

ICEBERG BCEEGIR large floating body of ice [n-S]
ICEFALL ACEFILL kind of frozen waterfall [ $n-S$ ]
IDYLLIC CDIILLY IDYLL, idyl (poem or prose work depicting scenes of rural simplicity) [adj]
IGUANAS AAGINSU
IKEBANA AABEIKN
ILLEGAL AEGILLL
IMAMATE
AAEIMMT
IGUANA, tropical lizard [ n ]
Japanese art of flower arranging [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
person who enters country without authorization [n-S]
office of imam (Muslim priest) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
IMARETS AEIMRST
IMARET, Turkish inn [n]
IMPALAS AAILMPS
IMPALA, African antelope [ n ]
IMPHEES
EEHIMPS
IMPORTS
IMOPRST
INARABLE
AABEILNR
INDABAS
AABDINS
IMPHEE, African grass [n]
IMPORT, to bring into country from abroad [v]
not arable [adj]
INDABA, meeting of South African tribes [n]
INDIGEN DEGIINN
INDUNAS ADINNSU
INFANTA AAFINNT
indigene (native (original inhabitant of area)) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
INDUNA, tribal overseer in Africa [n]
daughter of Spanish or Portuguese monarch [n-S]
INFANTE AEFINNT younger son of Spanish or Portuguese monarch [n-S]
INJERAS AEIJNRS
INLANDS
ADILNNS
INJERA, type of Ethiopian bread [ n ]
INLAND, interior of region [ n ]
INLIER, type of rock formation [ $n$ ]
near shore [adj] islander (one that lives on island) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
inukshuk (figure of human made of stones) (Inuit) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S},-\mathrm{UIT}$ ]
ISLAND, to make into island (land area entirely surrounded by water) [v]
ISLET, small island [adj]
line on map connecting points of equal water depth [ $n-S$ ] line on map used to show characteristics of earth's magnetic field [ $n-S$ ] line on map connecting points of equal value [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] line drawn on map such that all points have equal grid variation [ $n-S$ ] ISOHEL, line on map connecting points receiving equal sunshine [ $n$ ] line on map connecting points having equal rainfall $[n-S]$ isogram (line on map connecting points of equal value) [ $n-S$ ] line on map connecting points of equal wind velocity [ $n-S$ ] NWL23 Highlighted compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club

| ISTHMIC | CHIIMST | pertaining to isthmus (strip of land connecting two larger land masses) [adj] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ISTHMUS | HIMSSTU | strip of land connecting two larger land masses [n-ES, -MI] |
| ITALICS | ACIILST | ITALIC, style of print [n] |

Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s J

| JABIRUS | ABIJRSU | JABIRU, wading bird (Tupi / Guarani) [ n ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JACAMAR | AAACJMR | tropical bird [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| JALAPIC | AACIJLP | JALAP, Mexican plant [adj] |
| JARLDOM | ADJLMOR | domain of jarl (Scandinavian nobleman) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| JARRAHS | AAHJRRS | JARRAH, evergreen tree (Nyungar) [ n ] |
| JEEPNEY | EEEJNPY | Philippine jitney [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| JEHADIS | ADEHIJS | JEHADI, jihadi (Muslim who participates in jihad) [n] |
| JEMADAR | AADEJMR | officer in army of India [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| JEMIDAR | ADEIJMR | jemadar (officer in army of India) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| JERRIES | EEIJRRS | JERRY, German soldier [n] |
| JETPORT | EJOPRTT | type of airport (tract of land maintained for landing and takeoff of aircraft) [n-S] |
| JIBBAHS | ABBHIJS | JIBBAH, jibba (long coat worn by Muslim men) [n] |
| JICAMAS | AACIJMS | JICAMA, tropical plant with edible roots [ n ] |
| JIHADIS | ADHIIJS | JIHADI, Muslim who participates in jihad [n] |
| JOANNES | AEJNNOS | johannes (Portuguese coin) [n JOANNES] |
| JOLLOFS | FJLLOOS | JOLLOF, West African rice dish [ n ] |
| JORDANS | ADJNORS | JORDAN, type of container [n] |
| JUJITSU | IJJSTUU | Japanese art of self-defense [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| JUJUISM | IJJMSUU | system of beliefs connected with jujus (object regarded as having magical power) (Yoruba) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| JUJUIST | IJJSTUU | follower of jujuism (system of beliefs connected with jujus (object regarded as having magical powers) (Yoruba) [n-S] |
| JUJUTSU | JJSTUUU | jujitsu (Japanese art of self-defense) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| JUNGLED | DEGJLNU | JUNGLE, land covered with dense tropical vegetation [adj] |
| JUNGLES | EGJLNSU | JUNGLE, land covered with dense tropical vegetation [n] |

Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s K

| KABADDI | AABDDIK | tackling sport of South Asia played by two teams [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| KABAKAS | AAABKKS | KABAKA, Ugandan emperor [ n ] |
| KABIKIS | ABIIKKS | KABIKI, tropical tree [ n ] |
| KABOCHA | AABCHKO | type of Japanese pumpkin or squash [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| KABUKIS | ABIKKSU | KABUKI, form of Japanese theater [ n ] |
| KACHINA | AACHIKN | ancestral spirit (Hopi) [n-S] |
| KADDISH | ADDHIKS | Jewish prayer [ n -ES, -IM] |
| KAHUNAS | AAHKNSU | KAHUNA, medicine man (Hawaiian) [n] |
| KAIZENS | AEIKNSZ | KAIZEN, Japanese business practice of continuous improvement [ n ] |
| KAJEPUT | AEJKPTU | cajuput (cajeput (Australian tree)) [n-S] |
| KAKAPOS | AAKKOPS | KAKAPO, flightless parrot (Maori)[n] |
| KAKIVAK | AAIKKKV | fish spear used by Inuits (Inupiaq) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| KALENDS | ADEKLNS | calends (first day of Roman month) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| KALIMBA | AABIKLM | African musical instrument [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| KALIPHS | AHIKLPS | KALIPH, caliph (Muslim leader) [n] |
| KAMALAS | AAAKLMS | KAMALA, Asian tree [n] |

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| KAMOTIK | AIKKMOT | komatik (Inuit sledge) (Inuit) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| KAMOTIQ | AIKMOQT | komatik (Inuit sledge) (Inuit) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| KAMPONG | AGKMNOP | small village (small community in rural area) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| KAMSEEN | AEEKMNS | khamsin (hot, dry wind) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| KAMSINS | AIKMNSS | KAMSIN, khamsin (hot, dry wind) [n] |
| KANAKAS | AAAKKNS | KANAKA, Native Hawaiian [ n ] |
| KAPEYKA | AAEKKPY | monetary unit of Belarus [ n -PEEK] |
| KARAHIS | AAHIKRS | KARAHI, small frying pan used in India [ n ] |
| KARAKUL | AAKKLRU | Asian sheep [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| KARATES | AAEKRST | KARATE, Japanese art of self-defense [ n ] |
| KARROOS | AKOORRS | KARROO, dry plateau [ n ] |
| KASBAHS | AABHKSS | KASBAH, casbah (old section of North African city) [n] |
| KASHERS | AEHKRSS | KASHER, to kosher (to make fit to be eaten according to Jewish dietary laws) [v] |
| KASHRUT | AHKRSTU | kashruth (Jewish dietary laws) [n-S] |
| KATANAS | AAAKNST | KATANA, Japanese single-edged sword [ n ] |
| KATCINA | AACIKNT | kachina (ancestral spirit) (Hopi) [n-S] |
| KATSINA | AAIKNST | kachina (ancestral spirit) (Hopi) [n-M or -S] |
| KATSURA | AAKRSTU | deciduous tree of Japan and China [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| KAURIES | AEIKRSU | KAURY, kauri (timber tree) (Maori)[n] |
| KAYAKED | AADEKKY | KAYAK, to travel in kayak (Inuit canoe) (Inuit) [v] |
| KEBLAHS | ABEHKLS | KEBLAH, kiblah (direction toward which Muslims face while praying) [ $n$ ] |
| KEITLOA | AEIKLOT | rhinoceros (Tswana) [n-S] |
| KERRIAS | AEIKRRS | KERRIA, Chinese shrub [n] |
| KERRIES | EEIKRRS | KERRY, one of Irish breed of cattle [ n ] |
| KHALIFA | AAFHIKL | caliph (Muslim leader) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| KHALIFS | AFHIKLS | KHALIF, caliph (Muslim leader) [n] |
| KHAMSIN | AHIKMNS | hot, dry wind [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| KHANATE | AAEHKNT | domain of khan (Asian ruler) [n-S] |
| KHARIFS | AFHIKRS | KHARIF, South Asian fall harvest [ n ] |
| KHEDIVE | DEEHIKV | Turkish viceroy [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| KIBBEHS | BBEHIKS | KIBBEH, kibbe (Near Eastern dish of ground lamb and bulgur) [ n ] |
| KIBBUTZ | BBIKTUZ | collective farm in Israel [ n -IM] |
| KIBITKA | ABIIKKT | type of Russian sled or wagon [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| KIBLAHS | ABHIKLS | KIBLAH, direction toward which Muslims face while praying [ n ] |
| KIDDUSH | DDHIKSU | Jewish prayer [ n -ES] |
| KIKUYUS | IKKSUUY | KIKUYU, type of grass (Swahili) [n] |
| KIMCHEE | CEEHIKM | kimchi (spicy Korean dish of pickled cabbage) [n-S] |
| KIMCHIS | CHIIKMS | KIMCHI, spicy Korean dish of pickled cabbage [n] |
| KINARAS | AAIKNRS | KINARA, candelabra with seven candlesticks (to celebrate Kwanzaa) (Swahili) [n] |
| KIPPAHS | AHIKPPS | KIPPAH, kippa (yarmulke (skullcap worn by Jewish males)) [n] |
| KIRPANS | AIKNPRS | KIRPAN, dagger carried by Sikhs [n] |
| KLEPHTS | EHKLPST | KLEPHT, Greek guerrilla [ n ] |
| KLEZMER | EEKLMRZ | Jewish folk musician [n-S, -IM] |
| KNAWELS | AEKLNSW | KNAWEL, Eurasian plant [ n ] |
| KNESSET | EEKNSST | Israeli parliament [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| KOBOCHA | ABCHKOO | kabocha (Japanese squash of species Curcubita maxima) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| KOCHIAS | ACHIKOS | KOCHIA, Eurasian plant [n] |

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| Kokanee | AEEKKNO | food fish (Interior Salish) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| KOLHOZY | HKLOOYZ | KOLHOZ, kolkhoz (collective farm in Russia) [n] |
| KOLKHOS | HKKLOOS | kolkhoz (collective farm in Russia) [n-ES, -Y] |
| KOLKHOZ | HKKLOOZ | collective farm in Russia [n-ES, -Y] |
| KOLKOZY | KKLOOYZ | KOLKOZ, kolkhoz (collective farm in Russia) [n] |
| KOMATIK | AIKKMOT | Inuit sledge (Inuit) [n-S] |
| KONGONI | GIKNNOO | African antelope [n KONGONI] |
| KOOKUMS | KKMOOSU | KOOKUM, kokum (East Indian tree) (Chinook) [n] |
| KOPECKS | CEKKOPS | KOPECK, Russian coin [n] |
| KOPIYKA | AIKKOPY | monetary unit of Ukraine [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S},-\mathrm{Y},-\mathrm{YOK}$ ] |
| KOPPIES | EIKOPPS | KOPPIE, kopje (small hill) [n] |
| KORUNAS | AKNORSU | KORUNA, monetary unit of Czech Republic [ n ] |
| KOSHERS | EHKORSS | KOSHER, to make fit to be eaten according to Jewish dietary laws [v] |
| KOUMISS | IKMOSSU | beverage made from camel's milk (Tatar) [n-ES] |
| KOUMYSS | KMOSSUY | koumiss (beverage made from camel's milk) (Tatar) [n-ES] |
| KOUSSOS | KOOSSSU | KOUSSO, cusso (Ethiopian tree) [n] |
| KREMLIN | EIKLMNR | Russian citadel [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| KREUZER | EEKRRUZ | kreutzer (former monetary unit of Austria) [n-S] |
| KRIMMER | EIKMMRR | kind of fur [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| KRUBUTS | BKRSTUU | KRUBUT, krubi (tropical plant) [n] |
| KUBASAS | AABKSSU | KUBASA, Ukrainian sausage [n] |
| KUDLIKS | DIKKLSU | KUDLIK, Inuit oil lamp (Inuktitut) [n] |
| KULTURS | KLRSTUU | KULTUR, culture; civilization [ n ] |
| KUMISES | EIKMSSU | KUMIS, koumiss (beverage made from camel's milk) (Tatar) [n] |
| KUMKUMS | KKMMSUU | KUMKUM, red powder used by Hindu women [n] |
| KVASSES | AEKSSSV | KVASS, Russian beer [ n ] |
| KWACHAS | AACHKSW | KWACHA, monetary unit of Malawi and Zambia (Chinyanja or Chichewa) [n] |
| KWANZAS | AAKNSWZ | KWANZA, monetary unit of Angola [ n ] |

Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s L

LAGOONS
LAGUNAS
LAGUNES
LAKEBED
LALLAND
LALLANS LAMBADA LAMBDAS
LANDLER LANDMAN LANGURS LANNERS LANTANA LAOGAIS LASAGNA LASAGNE

AGLNOOS AAGLNSU AEGLNSU ABDEEKL AADLLLN AALLLNS AAABDLM AABDLMS ADELLNR AADLMNN AGLNRSU AELNNRS AAALNNT AAGILOS AAAGLNS AAEGLNS

LAGOON, shallow body of water [ n ] LAGUNA, lagoon (shallow body of water) [ $n$ ] LAGUNE, lagoon (shallow body of water) [ n ] floor of lake [ $n-S$ ] lowland (area of land lying lower than adjacent country) [n-S] LALLAN, lowland (area of land lying lower than adjacent country) [ $n$ ] Brazilian dance [n-S] LAMBDA, Greek letter [ n ] slow Austrian dance [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
one who lives and works on land [ $n$-MEN]
LANGUR, Asian monkey [n]
LANNER, falcon of Europe and Asia [ n ]
tropical shrub [n-S] LAOGAI, system of forced-labor camps in China [ n ] Italian baked dish [n-S] lasagna (Italian baked dish) [n -S]

Gain mountains of knowledge of GEOGRAPHY (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them)
NWL23 Highlighted compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club

| LASCARS | AACLRSS | LASCAR, East Indian sailor [ n ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LASHKAR | AAHKLRS | lascar (East Indian sailor) [n-S] |
| LATAKIA | AAAIKLT | variety of Turkish tobacco [n-S] |
| LATINAS | AAILNST | LATINA, Latin-American woman or girl [ n ] |
| LATINOS | AILNOST | LATINO, Latin American [ n ] |
| LATOSOL | ALLOOST | tropical soil [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| LATRIAS | AAILRST | LATRIA, supreme worship given to God only, in Roman Catholicism [n] |
| LAUWINE | AEILNUW | avalanche [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| LAVABOS | AABLOSV | LAVABO, ceremonial washing in certain Christian churches [ n ] |
| LAWINES | AEILNSW | LAWINE, lauwine (avalanche) [n] |
| LAZARET | AAELRTZ | hospital treating contagious diseases [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| LECHWES | CEEHLSW | LECHWE, African antelope (Tswana or Sotho) [n] |
| LEGONGS | EGGLNOS | LEGONG, Balinese dance (Balinese) [ n ] |
| LEHAYIM | AEHILMY | traditional Jewish toast [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| LEMPIRA | AEILMPR | monetary unit of Honduras [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| LEMURES | EELMRSU | ghosts of dead in ancient Roman religion [n LEMURES] |
| LENTILS | EILLNST | LENTIL, Eurasian annual plant [ n ] |
| LEPTONS | ELNOPST | LEPTON, former monetary unit of Greece [ n ] |
| LIANOID | ADIILNO | pertaining to liana (tropical vine) [adj] |
| LICENTE | CEEILNT | SENTE, monetary unit of Lesotho (Sesotho) [ n ] |
| LICHEES | CEEHILS | LICHEE, litchi (edible fruit of Chinese tree) [ n ] |
| LICTORS | CILORST | LICTOR, magistrate's attendant in ancient Rome [ n ] |
| LIMBOED | BDEILMO | LIMBO, to perform West Indian dance [v] |
| LIMBOES | BEILMOS | limbo [ n ] / LIMBO, to perform West Indian dance [v] |
| LINGAMS | AGILMNS | LINGAM, Hindu phallic symbol [ n ] |
| LINNETS | EILNNST | LINNET, European songbird [ n ] |
| LIRIOPE | EIILOPR | stemless Asian herb [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| LISENTE | EEILNST | SENTE, monetary unit of Lesotho (Sesotho) [n] |
| LITCHIS | CHIILST | LITCHI, edible fruit of Chinese tree [ n ] |
| LITHOPS | HILOPST | succulent African plant [n LITHOPS] |
| LITORAL | AILLORT | pertaining to coastal region [adj] |
| LOCHANS | ACHLNOS | LOCHAN, small lake (sizable inland body of water) [n] |
| LOESSAL | AELLOSS | LOESS, soil deposit [adj] |
| LOESSES | EELOSSS | LOESS, soil deposit [ n ] |
| LOESSIC | CEILOSS | LOESS, soil deposit [adj] |
| LOGWOOD | DGLOOOW | tropical tree [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| LOIASIS | AIILOSS | tropical African disease [n-SES, -ES] |
| LOMEINS | EILMNOS | LOMEIN, Chinese dish of noodles, meat, and vegetables [ n ] |
| LONGANS | AGLNNOS | LONGAN, edible fruit of Chinese tree [ n ] |
| LOOFAHS | AFHLOOS | LOOFAH, tropical vine [ n ] |
| LOONIES | EILNOOS | LOONIE, coin worth one Canadian dollar [n] / LOONY [n] |
| LOPPETS | ELOPPST | LOPPET, long-distance cross-country ski race [ n ] |
| LORISES | EILORSS | LORIS, Asian lemur [ n ] |
| LOWLAND | ADLLNOW | area of land lying lower than adjacent country [ $n-S$ ] |
| LUMPIAS | AILMPSU | LUMPIA, Indonesian spring roll [ n ] |
| LUNGANS | AGLNNSU | LUNGAN, longan (edible fruit of Chinese tree) [n] |
| LUNGEES | EEGLNSU | LUNGEE, lungi (loincloth worn by men in India) [n] | NWL23 Highlighted compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club


| LUNGYIS | GILNSUY | LUNGYI, lungi (loincloth worn by men in India) [ n$]$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LUSTRAL | ALLRSTU | pertaining to lustrum (ceremonial purification of population in ancient Rome) [adj] |
| LUSTRUM | LMRSTUU | ceremonial purification of population in ancient Rome [n -RA, -S] |
| LYCHEES | CEEHLSY | LYCHEE, litchi (edible fruit of Chinese tree) [ $n]$ |

## Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s

MACACOS
MACAQUE
MACHACA
MACHZOR
MACUMBA
MADONNA
MADRASA
MADTOMS
MAENADS
MAGMATA
MAGUEYS
MAHANTS
MAHATMA
MAHJONG
MAHUANG
MAHZORS
MAJAGUA
MALACCA
MALANGA
MAMASAN
MAMEYES
MAMLUKS
MAMMEES
MAMMEYS
MANAKIN
MANDALA
MANGABY
MANGOES
MANIHOT
MANIOCA
MANIOCS
MANITOS
MANITOU
MANITUS
MANTRAM
MANTRAS
MANTRIC
MANUKAS
MAPLESS
MAPLIKE

AACCMOS
AACEMQU
AAACCHM
ACHMORZ
AABCMMU
AADMNNO
AAADMRS
ADMMOST
AADEMNS
AAAGMMT AEGMSUY
AAHMNST
AAAHMMT
AGHJMNO
AAGHMNU
AHMORSZ
AAAGJMU
AAACCLM
AAAGLMN
AAAMMNS
AEEMMSY
AKLMMSU AEEMMMS AEMMMSY AAIKMNN AAADLMN AABGMNY AEGMNOS AHIMNOT AACIMNO ACIMNOS AIMNOST AIMNOTU AIMNSTU AAMMNRT AAMNRST ACIMNRT

AAKMNSU
AELMPSS
AEIKLMP

MACACO, lemur (arboreal mammal related to monkeys) [ n ] short-tailed monkey (Bantu) [n-S]
Mexican dish featuring shredded meat fried with vegetables [n-S]
mahzor (Jewish prayer book) [n -IM, -S]
religion practiced in Brazil [n-S]
former Italian title of respect for woman [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
madrassa (Muslim school) [n-S]
MADTOM, North American catfish [n]
MAENAD, female participant in ancient Greek orgies [n]
MAGMA, molten matter from which igneous rock is formed [n]
MAGUEY, tropical plant [n]
MAHANT, chief Hindu priest [n]
Hindu sage [n -S]
game of Chinese origin [n-S]
Asian plant [n-S]
MAHZOR, Jewish prayer book [n]
tropical tree (Carib) [n-S]
cane of Asian rattan palm [n -S]
yautia (tropical plant) [n-S]
Japanese woman in position of authority [n-S]
MAMEY, tropical tree [ n ]
MAMLUK, mameluke (slave in Muslim countries) [n]
MAMMEE, mamey (tropical tree) [n]
MAMMEY, mamey (tropical tree) [n]
tropical bird [n-S]
Hindu or Buddhist graphic symbol of universe [n-S]
mangabey (long-tailed monkey) (Madagascar) [n-BIES]
MANGO, edible tropical fruit [ n ]
tropical plant (Guarani) [n-S]
manioc (tropical plant) [n-S]
MANIOC, tropical plant [n]
MANITO, manitou (Algonquian Indian deity) [ n ]
Algonquian Indian deity [n-S]
MANITU, manitou (Algonquian Indian deity) [n] mantra (mystical formula of prayer or incantation in Hinduism) [ $n-S$ ]
MANTRA, mystical formula of prayer or incantation in Hinduism [n] MANTRA, mystical formula of prayer or incantation in Hinduism [adj] MANUKA, small tree of New Zealand [n]
lacking map [adj]
resembling map [adj]

Gain mountains of knowledge of GEOGRAPHY (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them)
NWL23 Highlighted compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club

| MAPPERS | AEMPPRS | MAPPER, one that maps (to delineate on map (representation of region)) [ n ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MAPPING | AGIMNPP | MAP, to delineate on map (representation of region) [v] |
| MAQUILA | AAILMQU | foreign-owned assembly factory in Mexico [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MARABOU | AABMORU | African stork [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MARANTA | AAAMNRT | tropical plant [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MAREMMA | AAEMMMR | marshy coastal region [ n -ME] |
| MARGATE | AAEGMRT | tropical fish [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MARKKAA | AAAKKMR | MARKKA, former monetary unit of Finland [ n ] |
| MARKKAS | AAKKMRS | MARKKA, former monetary unit of Finland [ n ] |
| MARQUIS | AIMQRSU | European nobleman [n-ES] |
| MARRANO | AAMNORR | Jew in Spain who professed Christianity to avoid persecution [ $\mathrm{n}=\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MARSHED | ADEHMRS | MARSH, tract of low, wet land [adj] |
| MARSHES | AEHMRSS | MARSH, tract of low, wet land [ n ] |
| MASALAS | AAALMSS | MASALA, blend of spices used in Indian cooking [ n ] |
| MASJIDS | ADIJMSS | MASJID, mosque (Muslim house of worship) [n] |
| MASKEGS | AEGKMSS | MASKEG, muskeg (marsh (tract of low, wet land)) [ n ] |
| MASSIFS | AFIMSSS | MASSIF, principal mountain mass [ n ] |
| MASTABA | AAABMST | ancient Egyptian tomb [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MAXIXES | AEIMSXX | MAXIXE, Brazilian dance [ n ] |
| MAZURKA | AAKMRUZ | Polish dance [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MEADOWS | ADEMOSW | MEADOW, tract of grassland [ n ] |
| MEADOWY | ADEMOWY | MEADOW, tract of grassland [adj] |
| MEDAKAS | AADEKMS | MEDAKA, Japanese fish [ n ] |
| MEDINAS | ADEIMNS | MEDINA, native quarter of North African city [ n ] |
| MEDLARS | ADELMRS | MEDLAR, Eurasian tree [ n ] |
| MEDRESE | DEEEMRS | madrassa (Muslim school) [n-S] |
| MEERKAT | AEEKMRT | African mongoose [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MEGARON | AEGMNOR | great central hall of ancient Greek house [ $n$-RA] |
| MELAMED | ADEELMM | teacher in Jewish school [n-MDIM] |
| MENORAH | AEHMNOR | candleholder used in Jewish worship [n-S] |
| MERLINS | EILMNRS | MERLIN, European falcon [n] |
| METICAIS | ACEIIMST | METICAL, monetary unit of Mozambique [ n ] |
| METICAL | ACEILMT | monetary unit of Mozambique [n-AIS, -S] |
| METICAS | ACEIMST | METICA, metical (monetary unit of Mozambique) [ n ] |
| MIDLAND | ADDILMN | middle part of country [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MIDRASH | ADHIMRS | early Jewish interpretation of biblical text [ n -IM, -OT, -OTH] |
| MIDTOWN | DIMNOTW | central part of city [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MIHRABS | ABHIMRS | MIHRAB, niche in mosque [n] |
| MIKADOS | ADIKMOS | MIKADO, emperor of Japan [n] |
| MIKVAHS | AHIKMSV | MIKVAH, place for ritual bathing by Orthodox Jews [ n ] |
| MIKVEHS | EHIKMSV | MIKVEH, mikvah (place for ritual bathing by Orthodox Jews) [n] |
| MIKVOTH | HIKMOTV | MIKVAH, place for ritual bathing by Orthodox Jews [ $n$ ] |
| MILLIME | EIILLMM | coin of Tunisia [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MILREIS | EIILMRS | former monetary unit of Portugal [n MILREIS] |
| MIMBARS | ABIMMRS | MIMBAR, minbar (Muslim pulpit) [ n ] |
| MIMOSAS | AIMMOSS | MIMOSA, tropical plant [ n ] |
| MINBARS | ABIMNRS | MINBAR, Muslim pulpit [ n ] |

NWL23 Highlighted compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club

| MINYANS | AIMNNSY | MINYAN, minimum number required to be present for conduct of Jewish service [ n ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MIRIEST | EIIMRST | MIRY, swampy (marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land))) [adj] |
| MISKALS | AIKLMSS | MISKAL, Oriental unit of weight [ n ] |
| MISSELS | EILMSSS | MISSEL, European thrush [ n ] |
| MITSVAH | AHIMSTV | mitzvah (commandment of Jewish law) [n-S, -VOTH] |
| MITZVAH | AHIMTVZ | commandment of Jewish law [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S},-\mathrm{VOTH}$ ] |
| MIZUNAS | AIMNSUZ | MIZUNA, Japanese mustard [ n ] |
| MOFETTE | EEFMOTT | noxious emanation from fissure in earth [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MOFONGO | FGMNOOO | Puerto Rican plantain dish [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MOHALIM | AHILMMO | MOHEL, person who performs Jewish ritual circumcisions [n] |
| MOHELIM | EHILMMO | MOHEL, person who performs Jewish ritual circumcisions [ n ] |
| MOIDORE | DEIMOOR | former gold coin of Portugal [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MOKSHAS | AHKMOSS | MOKSHA, final release of soul from reincarnations in Hinduism [ n ] |
| MOLLAHS | AHLLMOS | MOLLAH, mullah (Muslim religious leader or teacher) [ n ] |
| MOLLIES | EILLMOS | MOLLIE, tropical fish [n] / MOLLY [n] |
| MONTANE | AEMNNOT | lower vegetation belt of mountain [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MOORIER | EIMOORR | MOORY, marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land)) [adj] |
| MOORISH | HIMOORS | marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land)) [adj] |
| MOPOKES | EKMOOPS | MOPOKE, Australian bird [n] |
| MORAINE | AEIMNOR | accumulation of debris deposited by glacier [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MORASSY | AMORSSY | MORASS, marsh (tract of low, wet land) [adj] |
| MORGENS | EGMNORS | MORGEN, Dutch unit of land area [n] |
| MORGENS | EGMNORS | MORGEN, Dutch unit of land area [n] |
| MORPHOS | HMOOPRS | MORPHO, tropical butterfly [n] |
| MOSQUES | EMOQSSU | MOSQUE, Muslim house of worship [ n ] |
| MOTMOTS | MMOOSTT | MOTMOT, tropical bird [n] |
| MOUJIKS | IJKMOSU | MOUJIK, muzhik (Russian peasant) [ n ] |
| MOULINS | ILMNOSU | MOULIN, vertical cavity in glacier [ n ] |
| MOUNDED | DDEMNOU | MOUND, to pile (to lay one upon other) [v] |
| MOUSAKA | AAKMOSU | moussaka (Middle Eastern dish of meat and eggplant) [n-S] |
| MUCLUCS | CCLMSUU | MUCLUC, mukluk (soft boot worn by Inuits) (Yupic) [n] |
| MUDBANK | ABDKMNU | sloping area of mud alongside body of water [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MUDFLAT | ADFLMTU | level tract alternately covered and left bare by tide [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MUDROCK | CDKMORU | pelite (rock composed of fine fragments) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MUEDDIN | DDEIMNU | muezzin (Muslim crier who calls faithful to prayer) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MUEZZIN | EIMNUZZ | Muslim crier who calls faithful to prayer [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MUGGARS | AGGMRSU | MUGGAR, mugger (large Asian crocodile) [n] |
| MUGGERS | EGGMRSU | MUGGER, large Asian crocodile [n] |
| MUGGURS | GGMRSUU | MUGGUR, mugger (large Asian crocodile) [n] |
| MUKHTAR | AHKMRTU | head of government of town in Arabic countries [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MUKLUKS | KKLMSUU | MUKLUK, soft boot worn by Inuits (Yupic) [n] |
| MUKTUKS | KKMSTUU | MUKTUK, whale skin used for food (Inuit) [n] |
| MULLAHS | AHLLMSU | MULLAH, Muslim religious leader or teacher [ n ] |
| MULLEIN | EILLMNU | Eurasian herb [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MULLENS | ELLMNSU | MULLEN, mullein (Eurasian herb) [n] |
| MUNTJAC | ACJMNTU | small Asian deer [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MUNTJAK | AJKMNTU | muntjac (small Asian deer) [n-S] |

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| MURRHAS | AHMRRSU | MURRHA, murra (substance used to make fine vases and cups in ancient Rome) [n] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MURRIES | EIMRRSU | MURRY, moray (tropical eel) [ n ] |
| MURRINE | EIMNRRU | pertaining to murra (substance used to make fine vases and cups in ancient Rome) [adj] |
| MUSJIDS | DIJMSSU | MUSJID, mosque (Muslim house of worship) [ n ] |
| MUSKEGS | EGKMSSU | MUSKEG, marsh (tract of low, wet land) [n] |
| MUSKIES | EIKMSSU | MUSKIE, freshwater fish (Algonquian) [ n ] |
| MUSKRAT | AKMRSTU | aquatic rodent (Algonquian) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| MUTULAR | ALMRTUU | MUTULE, ornamental block used in classical Greek architecture [adj] |
| MUTULES | ELMSTUU | MUTULE, ornamental block used in classical Greek architecture [n] |
| MUUMUUS | MMSUUUU | MUUMUU, long, loose dress (Hawaiian) [n] |
| MUZHIKS | HIKMSUZ | MUZHIK, Russian peasant [ n ] |
| MUZJIKS | IJKMSUZ | MUZJIK, muzhik (Russian peasant) [ n ] |
| MYNHEER | EEHMNRY | Dutch title of courtesy for man [n-S] |

## Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s

 N| NAGANAS | AAAGNNS | NAGANA, disease of horses in Africa [ n ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NAMASTE | AAEMNST | South Asian greeting [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| NANDINA | AADINNN | Asian shrub [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| NARDOOS | ADNOORS | NARDOO, clover-like plant (Yandruwandha Aboriginal Australian) [n] |
| NARWALS | AALNRSW | NARWAL, narwhal (arctic aquatic mammal) [n] |
| NARWHAL | AAHLNRW | arctic aquatic mammal [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| NATIONS | AINNOST | NATION, politically organized people who share territory, customs, and history [ n ] |
| NEMESIA | AEEIMNS | flowering African plant [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| NERITIC | CEIINRT | pertaining to shallow water [adj] |
| NETSUKE | EEKNSTU | button-like fixture on Japanese clothing [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| NIQAABS | AABINQS | NIQAAB, niqab (veil worn by some Muslim women) [ n ] |
| NIRVANA | AAINNRV | blessed state in Buddhism [n-S] |
| NOPALES | AELNOPS | NOPAL, cactus of Mexico and Central America [ n ] |
| NORITES | EINORST | NORITE, granular rock [ n ] |
| NORLAND | ADLNNOR | region in north [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| NORTENA | AENNORT | style of folk music of northern Mexico and Texas [n-S] |
| NORTENO | ENNOORT | inhabitant of northern Mexico [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| NULLAHS | AHLLNSU | NULLAH, ravine (narrow, steep-sided valley) [n] |
| NUMBATS | ABMNSTU | NUMBAT, small Australian mammal [n] |
| NUMDAHS | ADHMNSU | NUMDAH, embroidered rug of India [n] |
| NUNATAK | AAKNNTU | mountain peak completely surrounded by glacial ice (Greenlandic) [n-S] |
| NUNCHUK | CHKNNUU | nunchaku (Japanese weapon) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |

Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s 0

OBENTOS
OBIISMS
OBLASTI
OBLASTS
OCEANIC ACCEINO
OENOMEL
OGHAMIC

BENOOST
BIIMOSS
ABILOST
ABLOSST

EELMNOO
ACGHIMO

OBENTO, Japanese meal packed in box [n]
OBIISM, obeahism (form of sorcery of African origin) (Igbo) [ n ]
OBLAST, administrative division of Russia [ n ] OBLAST, administrative division of Russia [ n ]
OCEAN, vast body of salt water that covers most of earth's surface [adj] ancient Greek beverage of wine and honey [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
OGHAM, Old Irish alphabet [adj]

Gain mountains of knowledge of GEOGRAPHY (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them)
NWL23 Highlighted compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club

| OILBIRD | BDIILOR | tropical bird [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OINOMEL | EILMNOO | oenomel (ancient Greek beverage of wine and honey) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| OLINGOS | GILNOOS | OLINGO, small mammal of Central and South America [n] |
| OMICRON | CIMNOOR | Greek letter [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| OMIKRON | IKMNOOR | omicron (Greek letter) [n-S] |
| ONAGERS | AEGNORS | ONAGER, wild ass of central Asia [n] |
| ONSHORE | EHNOORS | toward shore [adv] |
| OOLONGS | GLNOOOS | OOLONG, dark Chinese tea [n] |
| OOMIACK | ACIKMOO | umiak (open Inuit boat) (Inuit) [n-S] |
| OOMIACS | ACIMOOS | OOMIAC, umiak (open Inuit boat) (Inuit) [n] |
| OOMIAKS | AIKMOOS | OOMIAK, umiak (open Inuit boat) (Inuit) [n] |
| OORALIS | AILOORS | OORALI, curare (arrow poison) (Carib) [n] |
| OPHITES | EHIOPST | OPHITE, green mottled igneous rock [ n ] |
| OPOSSUM | MOOPSSU | arboreal mammal [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| OQUASSA | AAOQSSU | small lake trout (Penobscot) [n-S] |
| ORIENTS | EINORST | ORIENT, to adjust in relation to something else [v] |
| ORIGAMI | AGIIMOR | Japanese art of paper folding [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ORISHAS | AHIORSS | ORISHA, Yoruba deity (Yoruba) [n] |
| OROGENS | EGNOORS | OROGEN, belt of earth's crust involved in orogeny (process of mountain formation) [ n ] |
| OROGENY | EGNOORY | process of mountain formation [ n -NIES] |
| OROLOGY | GLOOORY | study of mountains [ n -GIES] |
| ORTOLAN | ALNOORT | European bird [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| OSIERED | DEEIORS | OSIER, European tree [adj] |
| OSTMARK | AKMORST | former East German monetary unit [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| OUGIYAS | AGIOSUY | OUGIYA, ouguiya (monetary unit of Mauritania) [n] |
| OUGUIYA | AGIOUUY | monetary unit of Mauritania [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| OUGUIYAS | AGIOSUUY | OUGUIYA, monetary unit of Mauritania [ n ] |
| OURARIS | AIORRSU | OURARI, curare (arrow poison) (Carib) [ n ] |
| OUREBIS | BEIORSU | OUREBI, oribi (African antelope) [n] |
| OUTBACK | ABCKOTU | isolated rural country [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| OUTCITY | CIOTTUY | city on outskirts of larger city [ n -TIES] |
| OUTCROP | COOPRTU | to protrude above soil [ v -PPED, -PPING, -S] |
| OUTFALL | AFLLOTU | outlet of body of water [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| OUTLAND | ADLNOTU | foreign land [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| OUTLIER | EILORTU | outlying area or portion [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| OVERHOT | EHOORTV | too hot [adj] |
| OVERWET | EEORTVW | to wet too much [v -TTED, -TTING, -S] |

## Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s

## P

PACHISI ACHIIPS board game of India [n-S]
PACHUCO ACCHOPU
PADAUKS AADKPSU
PADOUKS ADKOPSU
PAESANI
PAESANO
AAEINPS

PAESANS AAENPSS
flashy Mexican-American youth [n-S]
PADAUK, tropical tree [ n ]
PADOUK, padauk (tropical tree) [n]
PAESANO, fellow countryman [n]
fellow countryman [n-NI, -S]
PAESAN, paesano (fellow countryman) [ n ]

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| PAGODAS | AADGOPS | PAGODA, Far Eastern temple [ n ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PAHLAVI | AAHILPV | former coin of Iran [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PAISANO | AAINOPS | fellow countryman [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PAISANS | AAINPSS | PAISAN, paisano (fellow countryman) [ n ] |
| PAKEHAS | AAEHKPS | PAKEHA, person who is not of Maori descent (Maori) [n] |
| PALIKAR | AAIKLPR | Greek soldier [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PALLIUM | AILLMPU | cloak worn in ancient Rome [n-IA, -S] |
| PALMYRA | AALMPRY | tropical tree [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PALUDAL | AADLLPU | pertaining to marsh (tract of low, wet land) [adj] |
| PANAMAS | AAAMNPS | PANAMA, lightweight hat [ n ] |
| PANCHAX | AACHNPX | tropical fish [ n -ES] |
| PANDANS | AADNNPS | PANDAN, pandanus (tropical plant) [ n ] |
| PANDITS | ADINPST | PANDIT, wise or learned man in India [ n ] |
| PANOCHA | AACHNOP | coarse Mexican sugar [n-S] |
| PANOCHE | ACEHNOP | panocha (coarse Mexican sugar) [n-S] |
| PAPADAM | AAADMPP | papadum (thin, crisp bread of India) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PAPADOM | AADMOPP | papadum (thin, crisp bread of India) [ $n-S$ ] |
| PAPADUM | AADMPPU | thin, crisp bread of India [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PAPALLY | AALLPPY | PAPAL, pertaining to pope (head of Roman Catholic Church) [adv] |
| PAPOOSE | AEOOPPS | Native American baby (Narragansett) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PARADOR | AADOPRR | inn in Spain [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{ES}, \mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PARAMOS | AAMOPRS | PARAMO, plateau region of South America [ n ] |
| PARAMOS | AAMOPRS | PARAMO, plateau region of South America [ n ] |
| PARDAHS | AADHPRS | PARDAH, purdah (curtain used in India to seclude women) [n] |
| PARISES | AEIPRSS | PARIS, European herb [ n ] |
| PARODOS | ADOOPRS | ode sung in ancient Greek drama [n-OI] |
| PARROTY | AOPRRTY | resembling parrot (hook-billed tropical bird) [adj] |
| PARSNIP | AINPPRS | European herb [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PASHKAS | AAHKPSS | PASHKA, paskha (Russian dessert eaten at Easter) [ n ] |
| PATACAS | AAACPST | PATACA, monetary unit of Macao [ n ] |
| PATRIOT | AIOPRTT | one who loves his country [n-S] |
| PATROON | ANOOPRT | landowner granted manorial rights under old Dutch law [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PAYBACK | AABCKPY | return on investment equal to original capital outlay [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PAYNIMS | AIMNPSY | PAYNIM, pagan (follower of polytheistic religion) [ n ] |
| PEDOCAL | ACDELOP | type of soil [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PEEPULS | EELPPSU | PEEPUL, pipal (fig tree of India) [ n ] |
| PELITES | EEILPST | PELITE, rock composed of fine fragments [ $n$ ] |
| PELOTAS | AELOPST | PELOTA, court game of Spanish origin [ n ] |
| PELTAST | AELPSTT | soldier of ancient Greece [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PEMBINA | ABEIMNP | variety of cranberry (Ojibwe) [n-S] |
| PENATES | AEENPST | Roman gods of household [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PERILLA | AEILLPR | Asian herb [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PESETAS | AEEPSST | PESETA, former monetary unit of Spain [ n ] |
| PESEWAS | AEEPSSW | PESEWA, monetary unit of Ghana [ n ] |
| PETASOS | AEOPSST | petasus (broad-brimmed hat worn in ancient Greece) [ n -ES] |
| PETASUS | AEPSSTU | broad-brimmed hat worn in ancient Greece [ n -ES] |
| PETSAIS | AEIPSST | PETSAI, Chinese cabbage [ n ] |

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| PETUNIA | AEINPTU | tropical herb [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PEYOTLS | ELOPSTY | PEYOTL, peyote (cactus) (Nahuatl) [n] |
| PFENNIG | EFGINNP | formerly used bronze coin of Germany [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{E},-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PHALANX | AAHLNPX | formation of infantry in ancient Greece [ n -ES] |
| PHARAOH | AAHHOPR | ruler of ancient Egypt [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PHASMID | ADHIMPS | tropical insect [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PIASTER | AEIPRST | monetary unit of several Arab countries [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PIASTRE | AEIPRST | piaster (monetary unit of several Arab countries) [ $n-S$ ] |
| PIAZZAS | AAIPSZZ | PIAZZA, public square in Italian town [ n ] |
| PICACHO | ACCHIOP | isolated peak of hill [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PICRITE | CEIIPRT | igneous rock [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PIKAKES | AEIKKPS | PIKAKE, East Indian vine [n] |
| PINATAS | AAINPST | PINATA, pottery jar used in Mexican game [n] |
| PINGOES | EGINOPS | PINGO, low mound of earth formed by expansion of underlying frost [ n ] |
| PINOLES | EILNOPS | PINOLE, finely ground flour (Nahuatl) [ n ] |
| PINTANO | AINNOPT | tropical fish [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PINYINS | IINNPSY | PINYIN, system for romanizing Chinese ideograms [n] |
| PIROGEN | EGINOPR | PIROG, large Russian pastry [n] |
| PIROGHI | GHIIOPR | PIROG, large Russian pastry [ n ] |
| PIROJKI | IIJKOPR | PIROZHOK, small Russian pastry [n] |
| PISTOLE | EILOPST | formerly used European gold coin [n-S] |
| PITAYAS | AAIPSTY | PITAYA, pitahaya (cactus of southwestern U.S. and Mexico) [n] |
| PLAICES | ACEILPS | PLAICE, European flatfish [ n ] |
| PLATEAU | AAELPTU | level stretch of elevated land [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S},-\mathrm{X}$ ] |
| PLATIES | AEILPST | PLATY, small tropical fish [ n ] |
| PLUTONS | LNOPSTU | PLUTON, formation of igneous rock [ n ] |
| POCOSEN | CENOOPS | pocosin (upland swamp) [n-S] |
| POCOSIN | CINOOPS | upland swamp [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| POCOSON | CNOOOPS | pocosin (upland swamp) [n-S] |
| PODESTA | ADEOPST | Italian magistrate [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PODSOLS | DLOOPSS | PODSOL, podzol (infertile soil) [n] |
| PODZOLS | DLOOPSZ | PODZOL, infertile soil [ n ] |
| POGONIP | GINOOPP | dense fog of suspended ice particles (Shoshone) [n-S] |
| POLDERS | DELOPRS | POLDER, tract of low land reclaimed from body of water [n] |
| POLYNYA | ALNOPYY | area of open water surrounded by sea ice [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S},-\mathrm{YI}$ ] |
| PONDING | DGINNOP | POND, to collect into pond (small body of water) [v] |
| PONGALS | AGLNOPS | PONGAL, dish of cooked rice in Tamil-speaking India [n] |
| POPEDOM | DEMOOPP | office of pope (head of Roman Catholic Church) [n-S] |
| PORTAGE | AEGOPRT | to transport from one navigable waterway to another [ v -D, -GING, -S] |
| POSOLES | ELOOPSS | POSOLE, thick soup made of pork, corn, garlic, and chili (Nahuatl) [n] |
| POSSUMS | MOPSSSU | POSSUM, opossum (arboreal mammal) [ n ] |
| POSTEEN | EENOPST | Afghan outer garment [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| POSTINS | INOPSST | POSTIN, posteen (Afghan outer garment) [ n ] |
| POTAMIC | ACIMOPT | pertaining to rivers (large, natural stream of water) [adj] |
| POTEENS | EENOPST | POTEEN, Irish whiskey that is distilled unlawfully [ $n$ ] |
| POTHEEN | EEHNOPT | poteen (Irish whiskey that is distilled unlawfully) [ $n-S$ ] |
| POTTEEN | EENOPTT | poteen (Irish whiskey that is distilled unlawfully) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |

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| POUTINE | EINOPTU | dish of french fries and cheese curds topped with gravy [n-S] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PRAETOR | AEOPRRT | ancient Roman magistrate [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PRAIRIE | AEIIPRR | tract of grassland [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PRAJNAS | AAJNPRS | PRAJNA, ultimate knowledge in Buddhism and Hinduism [n] |
| PREFECT | CEEFPRT | ancient Roman official [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PRETORS | EOPRRST | PRETOR, praetor (ancient Roman magistrate) [ n ] |
| PRUTOTH | HOPRTTU | PRUTAH, former monetary unit of Israel [ n ] |
| PSCHENT | CEHNPST | crown worn by ancient Egyptian kings [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PUCCOON | CCNOOPU | herb that yields red dye (Algonquian) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PUDDLED | DDDELPU | PUDDLE, to strew with puddles (small pools of water) [v] |
| PUDDLES | DDELPSU | PUDDLE, to strew with puddles (small pools of water) [v] |
| PUEBLOS | BELOPSU | PUEBLO, communal dwelling of certain Indian tribes [ n ] |
| PULQUES | ELPQSUU | PULQUE, fermented Mexican beverage [ n ] |
| PUMICED | CDEIMPU | PUMICE, to polish with porous volcanic rock [v] |
| PUMICER | CEIMPRU | one that pumices (to polish with porous volcanic rock) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| PUMICES | CEIMPSU | PUMICE, to polish with porous volcanic rock [v] |
| PUNDITS | DINPSTU | PUNDIT, Hindu scholar [n] |
| PUNKAHS | AHKNPSU | PUNKAH, punka (ceiling fan used in India) [ n ] |
| PURANAS | AANPRSU | PURANA, Hindu scripture [ n ] |
| PURANIC | ACINPRU | PURANA, Hindu scripture [adj] |
| PURDAHS | ADHPRSU | PURDAH, curtain used in India to seclude women [ n ] |
| PYSANKA | AAKNPSY | hand-painted Ukrainian Easter egg [n-KY] |

## Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them)

| QAMUTIK | AIKMQTU | komatik (Inuit sledge) (Inuktitut) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| QAWWALI | AAILQWW | style of Muslim music [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| QIGONGS | GGINOQS | QIGONG, Chinese system of physical exercises [ n ] |
| QINDARS | ADINQRS | QINDAR, qintar (monetary unit of Albania) [ n ] |
| QINTARS | AINQRST | QINTAR, monetary unit of Albania [ n ] |
| QIVIUTS | IIQSTUV | QIVIUT, wool of musk-ox (Inuktitut) [ n ] |
| QUAHAUG | AAGHQUU | quahog (edible clam) (Narragansett) [n-S] |
| QUAHOGS | AGHOQSU | QUAHOG, edible clam (Narragansett) [ n ] |
| QUAMASH | AAHMQSU | camass (perennial herb) (Chinook) [n-ES] |
| QUASSES | AEQSSSU | QUASS, kvass (Russian beer) [ n ] |
| QUASSIA | AAIQSSU | tropical tree [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| QUELEAS | AEELQSU | QUELEA, African weaverbird [ n ] |
| QUESTOR | EOQRSTU | quaestor (ancient Roman magistrate) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| QUETZAL | AELQTUZ | tropical bird [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{ES},-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| QUEZALS | AELQSUZ | QUEZAL, quetzal (tropical bird) [ n ] |
| QUILLAI | AIILLQU | evergreen tree (Mapudungun) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| QUINNAT | AINNQTU | food fish (Chinook) [n-S] |
| QUINTAR | AINQRTU | qintar (monetary unit of Albania) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| QUINTAS | AINQSTU | QUINTA, country estate in Portugal or Latin America [ n ] |
| QUINZIE | EIINQUZ | quinzhee (shelter made by hollowing out pile of snow) (Athabaskan) [n-S] |
| QUIPPUS | IPPQSUU | QUIPPU, quipu (ancient calculating device) (Inca) [n] |
| QULLIQS | ILLQQSU | QULLIQ, kudlik (Inuit oil lamp) (Inuktitut) [n] |

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| QUOHOGS | GHOOQSU | QUOHOG, quahog (edible clam) (Narragansett) [n] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| QUOKKAS | AKKOQSU | QUOKKA, short-tailed wallaby (Nyungar)[n] |
| QURSHES | EHQRSSU | QURSH, monetary unit of Saudi Arabia [n] |
| Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s |  |  |


| RABASKA | AAABKRS | large canoe (Algonquin and Cree) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RABBIES | ABBEIRS | RABBI, Jewish spiritual leader [ n ] |
| RABBINS | ABBINRS | RABBIN, rabbi (Jewish spiritual leader) [ n ] |
| RABBONI | ABBINOR | master; teacher -- used as Jewish title of respect [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| RACEWAY | AACERWY | channel for conducting water [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| RAFFIAS | AAFFIRS | RAFFIA, palm tree (Malagasy / Madagascar) [ n ] |
| RAGGEES | AEEGGRS | RAGGEE, ragi (East Indian cereal grass) [ n ] |
| RAGGIES | AEGGIRS | RAGGY, ragi (East Indian cereal grass) [ n ] |
| RAINING | AGIINNR | RAIN, to fall like rain (drops of water condensed from clouds) [v] |
| RAMBLAS | AABLMRS | RAMBLA, dry ravine [ n ] |
| RAMPION | AIMNOPR | European plant [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| RAMTILS | AILMRST | RAMTIL, tropical plant [ n ] |
| RAPHIAS | AAHIPRS | RAPHIA, raffia (palm tree) (Malagasy / Madagascar) [n] |
| RASBORA | AABORRS | tropical fish [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| RATAFEE | AAEEFRT | ratafia (almond-flavored liqueur) (West Indian Creole) [n-S] |
| RATAFIA | AAAFIRT | almond-flavored liqueur (West Indian Creole) [n-S] |
| RAVINES | AEINRSV | RAVINE, narrow, steep-sided valley [ n ] |
| RAVIOLI | AIILORV | Italian pasta dish [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| RECHART | ACEHRRT | CHART, to map out [v -ED, -ING, -S] |
| REDCOAT | ACDEORT | British soldier during American Revolution [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| REDNECK | CDEEKNR | unsophisticated, rural, white person [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| REDWING | DEGINRW | European thrush [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| REEFIER | EEEFIRR | REEFY, abounding in ridges of rock [adj] |
| REFLOOD | DEFLOOR | FLOOD, to inundate (to overwhelm with water) [ v -ED, -ING, -S] |
| REGGAES | AEEGGRS | REGGAE, form of popular Jamaican music [ n ] |
| REGOSOL | EGLOORS | type of soil [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| REGREEN | EEEGNRR | to green again [V -ED, -ING, -S] |
| REITBOK | BEIKORT | reedbuck (African antelope) [n-S] |
| RELLENO | EELLNOR | Mexican dish of stuffed and fried green chile [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| RETSINA | AEINRST | resin-flavored Greek wine [n-S] |
| RHATANY | AAHNRTY | South American shrub [n-NIES] |
| RHYTONS | HNORSTY | RHYTON, ancient Greek drinking horn [ n ] |
| RICOTTA | ACIORTT | Italian cheese [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| RILLETS | EILLRST | RILLET, small rill [ n ] |
| RILLING | GIILLNR | RILL, to flow like rill (small brook) [v] |
| RIMLAND | ADILMNR | outlying area [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| RIMROCK | CIKMORR | type of rock formation [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| RINGGIT | GGIINRT | monetary unit of Malaysia [n-S] |
| RIPTIDE | DEIIPRT | tide that opposes other tides [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| RIVAGES | AEGIRSV | RIVAGE, coast, shore, or bank [n] |
| RIVIERA | AEIIRRV | coastal resort area [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |

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| RIVULET | EILRTUV | small stream [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RIVULUS | ILRSUUV | small tropical American fish [n -ES] |
| ROBATAS | AABORST | ROBATA, grill used for Japanese cooking [n] |
| ROBINIA | ABIINOR | North American tree or shrub [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ROBUSTA | ABORSTU | coffee grown in Africa [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ROEBUCK | BCEKORU | male of small Eurasian deer [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ROMAJIS | AIJMORS | ROMAJI, system of transliterating Japanese into Latin alphabet [ n ] |
| ROMANOS | AMNOORS | ROMANO, Italian cheese [ n ] |
| ROOIBOS | BIOOORS | South African evergreen shrub [n-ES] |
| ROOKERY | EKOORRY | colony of rooks (European crows) [ n -RIES] |
| ROSELLA | AELLORS | Australian parakeet [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ROSELLE | EELLORS | tropical plant [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ROTCHES | CEHORST | ROTCH, rotche (seabird (bird frequenting ocean or seacoast)) [n] / ROTCHE, n] |
| ROUBLES | BELORSU | ROUBLE, ruble (monetary unit of Russia) [ n ] |
| RUBABOO | ABBOORU | type of soup (French \& Algonquin) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| RUCOLAS | ACLORSU | RUCOLA, arugula (European annual herb) [ n ] |
| RUDDOCK | CDDKORU | European bird [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| RUDERAL | ADELRRU | plant growing in poor land [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| RUFIYAA | AAFIRUY | monetary unit of Maldives [n RUFIYAA] |
| RUGOLAS | AGLORSU | RUGOLA, arugula (European annual herb) [n] |
| RUMAKIS | AIKMRSU | RUMAKI, chicken liver wrapped together with water chestruts in bacon slice (Pseudo-Polynesian neologism) [n] |
| RUNLETS | ELNRSTU | RUNLET, small stream [n] |
| RUNNELS | ELNNRSU | RUNNEL, small stream [ n ] |
| RUNOFFS | FFNORSU | RUNOFF, rainfall that is not absorbed by soil [ n ] |
| RUNWAYS | ANRSUWY | RUNWAY, landing and takeoff strip for aircraft [ n ] |
| RUPIAHS | AHIPRSU | RUPIAH, monetary unit of Indonesia [ n ] |
| RURALLY | ALLRRUY | in rural (pertaining to country (territory of nation)) manner [adv] |
| RUSSIFY | FIRSSUY | to make Russian [v -FIED, -ING, -FIES] |
| RUSTICS | CIRSSTU | RUSTIC, one who lives in country [ n ] |
| RUSTICS | CIRSSTU | RUSTIC, one who lives in country [ n ] |
| RYOKANS | AKNORSY | RYOKAN, Japanese inn [n] |

## Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s

| SABKHAS | AABHKSS |
| :--- | :--- |
| SACHEMS | ACEHMSS |
| SADDHUS | ADDHSSU |
| SAIMINS | AIIMNSS |
| SAIYIDS | ADIISSY |
| SALINAS | AAILNSS |
| SALSIFY | AFILSSY |
| SALTIES | AEILSST |
| SALTING | AGILNST |
| SALWARS | AALRSSW |
| SAMBAED | AABDEMS |
| SAMBARS | AABMRSS |
| SAMBHAR | AABHMRS |

SABKHA, coastal, flat, periodically flooded area in northern Africa [n]
SACHEM, Native American chief (Narragansett) [ n ]
SADDHU, sadhu (Hindu holy man) [n]
SAIMIN, Hawaiian noodle soup [n]
SAIYID, sayyid (lord; sir -- used as title of respect for Muslim dignitary) [n]
SALINA, pond, marsh, or lake containing salt water [n]
European herb [n-FIES]
deep-sea vessel sailing Great Lakes [n]
SALTIE, land regularly flooded by tides [n-S]
SALWAR, shalwar (pair of loose trousers worn by some women of India) [n]
SAMBA, to perform Brazilian dance [v]
SAMBAR, large Asian deer [n]
sambar (large Asian deer) [n -S]

Gain mountains of knowledge of GEOGRAPHY (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them)
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| SAMBHUR | ABHMRSU | sambar (large Asian deer) [n-S] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SAMBOES | ABEMOSS | SAMBO, Latin American of mixed black and Indian ancestry [ n ] |
| SAMBURS | ABMRSSU | SAMBUR, sambar (large Asian deer) [ n ] |
| SAMIELS | AEILMSS | SAMIEL, simoom (hot, dry desert wind) [ n ] |
| SAMISEN | AEIMNSS | Japanese stringed instrument [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SAMPANS | AAMNPSS | SAMPAN, flat-bottomed Chinese skiff [ n ] |
| SAMSARA | AAAMRSS | cycle of birth, death, and rebirth in Buddhism [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SAMSHUS | AHMSSSU | SAMSHU, Chinese liquor [ n ] |
| SAMURAI | AAIMRSU | Japanese warrior [n-S] |
| SANDBAR | AABDNRS | ridge of sand formed in river or sea [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SANDIER | ADEINRS | SANDY, containing or covered with sand [adj] |
| SANDLOT | ADLNOST | vacant lot [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SANDPIT | ADINPST | pit dug in sandy soil [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SANGHAS | AAGHNSS | SANGHA, Buddhist religious community [ n ] |
| SANJAKS | AAJKNSS | SANJAK, administrative district of Turkey [ n ] |
| SANNOPS | ANNOPSS | SANNOP, sannup (married male Native American) (Eastern Abenaki) [n] |
| SANNUPS | ANNPSSU | SANNUP, married male Native American (Eastern Abenaki) [n] |
| SANSEIS | AEINSSS | SANSEI, grandchild of Japanese immigrants to United States [ n ] |
| SANTIMI | AIIMNST | SANTIM, formerly used coin of Latvia [ n ] |
| SANTIMS | AIMNSST | SANTIM, formerly used coin of Latvia [ n ] |
| SANTIMU | AIMNSTU | SANTIM, formerly used coin of Latvia [ n ] |
| SANTIRS | AINRSST | SANTIR, Persian dulcimer [n] |
| SANTOKU | AKNOSTU | Japanese kitchen knife [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SANTOKU | AKNOSTU | Japanese kitchen knife [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SANTOLS | ALNOSST | SANTOL, tropical tree (Cebuano) [ n ] |
| SANTOOR | ANOORST | santir (Persian dulcimer) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SANTOUR | ANORSTU | santir (Persian dulcimer) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SANTURS | ANRSSTU | SANTUR, santir (Persian dulcimer) [ n ] |
| SANYASI | AAINSSY | sannyasi (Hindu monk) [n-S] |
| SAPELES | AEELPSS | SAPELE, large tropical African tree [ n ] |
| SAPOTES | AEOPSST | SAPOTE, tropical American tree [ n ] |
| SARANGI | AAGINRS | stringed instrument of India [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SARDANA | AAADNRS | Spanish folk dance [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SARDARS | AADRRSS | SARDAR, sirdar (person of rank in India) [ n ] |
| SARODES | ADEORSS | SARODE, sarod (stringed instrument of India) [ n ] |
| SARSENS | AENRSSS | SARSEN, large sandstone block [ n ] |
| SASHIMI | AHIIMSS | Japanese dish of sliced raw fish [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SASSABY | AABSSSY | African antelope [ n -BIES] |
| SASSIES | AEISSSS | SASSY, sasswood (African tree) [n] |
| SATANGS | AAGNSST | SATANG, monetary unit of Thailand [ n ] |
| SATORIS | AIORSST | SATORI, illumination of spirit sought by Zen Buddhists [ n ] |
| SATRAPY | AAPRSTY | territory of satrap [ n -PIES] |
| SATSANG | AAGNSST | sacred gathering in Hinduism [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SATYRIC | ACIRSTY | SATYR, woodland deity of Greek mythology [adj] |
| SAVANNA | AAANNSV | flat, treeless grassland [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SAWBILL | ABILLSW | tropical bird [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SAYYIDS | ADISSYY | SAYYID, lord; sir -- used as title of respect for Muslim dignitary [n] |

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SCALARE
SCALDIC
SCARPED
SCENERY
SCENICS
SCHISTS
SCHUITS
SCYPHUS
SEABEDS
SEABIRD
SEAFOWL
SEAGIRT
SEAKALE
SEAMARK
SEASIDE
SEAWALL
SEAWANS
SEAWANT
SEDARIM
SEICHES
SELKIES
SENHORA
SENHORS
SENITIS
SENORAS
SENORES
SENRYUS
SENSEIS
SENTIMO
SEPPUKU
SERAILS
SERDABS
SERIEMA
SERINGA
SERVALS
SESAMES
SEVRUGA
SHADOOF
SHADUFS
SHAHADA
SHAHDOM
SHAHEED
SHAHIDS
SHAIKHS
SHALLOW
SHALOMS
SHALWAR

AACELRS tropical fish [n-S]
ACCDILS
ACDEPRS
CEENRSY
CCEINSS
CHISSST
CHISSTU
CHPSSUY
ABDEESS
ABDEIRS
AEFLOSW
AEGIRST
AAEEKLS
AAEKMRS
ADEEISS
AAELLSW
AAENSSW
AAENSTW
ADEIMRS
CEEHISS
EEIKLSS
AEHNORS
EHNORSS EIINSST
AENORSS EENORSS ENRSSUY EEINSSS EIMNOST EKPPSUU AEILRSS ABDERSS AEEIMRS AEGINRS AELRSSV AEEMSSS AEGRSUV ADFHOOS ADFHSSU AAADHHS ADHHMOS ADEEHHS ADHHISS AHHIKSS AHLLOSW AHLMOSS
AAHLRSW
surrounded by sea [adj]

SENRYU, Japanese poem [n]

Brazilian bird [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
Brazilian tree [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
SERVAL, African wildcat [ n ]
territory ruled by shah [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
shahid (Muslim martyr) [ $n-S$ ]
SHAHID, Muslim martyr [ $n$ ]
skaldic (ancient Scandinavian poet) [adj]
SCARP, to cut or make into steep slope [v]
picturesque landscape or view [n-RIES]
SCENIC, depiction of natural scenery [ n ]
SCHIST, rock that readily splits into parallel layers [ $n$ ]
SCHUIT, Dutch sailing vessel [ n ]
Greek cup with two handles [n-HI]
SEABED, seafloor (bottom of sea) [ $n$ ]
bird frequenting ocean or seacoast [ $n-S$ ]
seabird (bird frequenting ocean or seacoast) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
coastal plant with edible shoots [n-S]
landmark serving as navigational guide to mariners [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
seashore (land bordering on sea) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
wall to protect shoreline from erosion [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
SEAWAN, wampum (form of currency formerly used by Native Americans) (Munsee-Delaware) [ $n$ ]
seawan (wampum (form of currency formerly used by Native Americans)) (Munsee-Delaware) [n-S]
SEDER, Jewish ceremonial dinner [ n ]
SEICHE, oscillation of surface of lake or landlocked sea [ n ]
SELKIE, creature in Scottish and Irish folklore [ n ]
married Portuguese or Brazilian woman [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
SENHOR, Portuguese or Brazilian gentleman [n]
SENITI, monetary unit of Tonga [ n ]
SENORA, married Spanish woman [ n ]
SENOR, Spanish gentleman [ n ]
SENSEI, teacher of Japanese martial arts [ n ]
monetary unit of Philippines [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
Japanese form of suicide [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
SERAIL, seraglio (harem (section of Muslim household reserved for women)) [ $n$ ]
SERDAB, chamber within ancient Egyptian tomb [ n ]

SESAME, East Indian plant [ n ]
caviar from Caspian Sea [n-S]
device used in Egypt for raising water for irrigation [n-S]
SHADUF, shadoof (device used in Egypt for raising water for irrigation) [n]
Muslim profession of faith [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]

SHAIKH, sheik (Arab chief) [n]
having little depth [adj -ER, -EST]
SHALOM, word used as Jewish greeting or farewell [ n ]
pair of loose trousers worn by some women of India [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]

Gain mountains of knowledge of GEOGRAPHY (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them)
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| SHAMANS | AAHMNSS | SHAMAN, medicine man among certain Native Americans) (Evenki) [n] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SHAMBAS | AABHMSS | SHAMBA, farm in East Africa [n] |
| SHARIAH | AAHHIRS | sharia (Islamic law based on Koran) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SHARIAS | AAHIRSS | SHARIA, Islamic law based on Koran [n] |
| SHARIAT | AAHIRST | sharia (Islamic law based on Koran) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SHARIFS | AFHIRSS | SHARIF, sheriff (Arab ruler) [n] |
| SHAULED | ADEHLSU | SHAUL, to shoal (to become shallow) [v]-S |
| SHAYKHS | AHHKSSY | SHAYKH, sheik (Arab chief) [n] |
| SHEHNAI | AEHHINS | double-reed wind instrument of India [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SHEITEL | EEHILST | wig worn by married Jewish woman [n-S] |
| SHELTAS | AEHLSST | SHELTA, esoteric jargon of Gaelic [ n ] |
| SHENAIS | AEHINSS | SHENAI, shehnai (double-reed wind instrument of India) [ n ] |
| SHEREEF | EEEFHRS | sherif (Arab ruler) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SHERIFS | EFHIRSS | SHERIF, Arab ruler [ n ] |
| SHEUCHS | CEHHSSU | SHEUCH, sheugh (ditch) [ n ] |
| SHEUGHS | EGHHSSU | SHEUGH, ditch [ n ] |
| SHIKARA | AAHIKRS | light, flat-bottomed boat in Kashmir [n-S] |
| SHIPWAY | AHIPSWY | canal deep enough to serve ships [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SHOALED | ADEHLOS | SHOAL, to become shallow [v] |
| SHOALER | AEHLORS | SHOAL, shallow (having little depth) [adj] |
| SHOCHET | CEHHOST | person who slaughters animals and fowl according to Jewish law [n-IM] |
| SHOCHUS | CHHOSSU | SHOCHU, Japanese liquor [n] |
| SHOEPAC | ACEHOPS | waterproof boot (Delaware) [n-S] |
| SHOFARS | AFHORSS | SHOFAR, ram's-horn trumpet blown in certain Jewish rituals [n] |
| SHOGUNS | GHNOSSU | SHOGUN, former military leader of Japan [ n ] |
| SHOLOMS | HLMOOSS | SHOLOM, shalom (word used as Jewish greeting or farewell) [n] |
| SHOPHAR | AHHOPRS | shofar (ram's-horn trumpet blown in certain Jewish rituals) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S},-\mathrm{ROTH}$ ] |
| SHTETEL | EEHLSTT | Jewish village [ n SHTETLACH, -S] |
| SHTETLS | EHLSSTT | SHTETL, shtetel (Jewish village) [n] |
| SIDDHAS | ADDHISS | SIDDHA, one who has attained perfection in Hinduism [n] |
| SIDDHIS | DDHIISS | SIDDHI, perfection attained by siddha (one who has attained perfection in Hinduism) [ n ] |
| SIDDURS | DDIRSSU | SIDDUR, Jewish prayer book [n] |
| SIENITE | EEIINST | syenite (igneous rock) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SIERRAN | AEINRRS | SIERRA, mountain range [adj] |
| SIERRAS | AEIRRSS | SIERRA, mountain range [ n ] |
| SIFAKAS | AAFIKSS | SIFAKA, lemur of Madagascar [ n ] |
| SIGMATE | AEGIMST | SIGMA, Greek letter [adj] |
| SIGNIOR | GIINORS | signor (Italian title of courtesy for man) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{I},-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SIGNORA | AGINORS | Italian title of courtesy for married woman [ $n-S,-R E]$ |
| SIGNORE | EGINORS | signor (Italian title of courtesy for man) [n-RI] |
| SIGNORI | GIINORS | SIGNOR, Italian title of courtesy for man [ n ] |
| SIGNORS | GINORSS | SIGNOR, Italian title of courtesy for man [n] |
| SIKSIKS | IIKKSSS | SIKSIK, Arctic ground squirrel [ n ] |
| SILENUS | EILNSSU | woodland deity of Greek mythology [n-NI] |
| SILKIES | EIIKLSS | SILKIE, selkie (creature in Scottish and Irish folklore) [n] |
| SIMCHAS | ACHIMSS | SIMCHA, Jewish private party [n] |
| SIMITAR | AIIMRST | scimitar (curved sword used by Arabs and Turks) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |

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| SIMOOMS | IMMOOSS | SIMOOM, hot, dry desert wind [ n ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SIMOONS | IMNOOSS | SIMOON, simoom (hot, dry desert wind) [n] |
| SIRDARS | ADIRRSS | SIRDAR, person of rank in India [ n ] |
| SISKINS | IIKNSSS | SISKIN, Eurasian finch [ n ] |
| SISTRUM | IMRSSTU | ancient Egyptian percussion instrument [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{RA},-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SJAMBOK | ABJKMOS | to strike with whip used in South Africa [v -ED, -ING, -S] |
| SKALDIC | ACDIKLS | SKALD, ancient Scandinavian poet [adj] |
| SKIRRET | EIKRRST | Asian herb [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SKOOKUM | KKMOOSU | excellent (Chinook) [adj] |
| SKYGLOW | GKLOSWY | glow in night sky resulting from urban lights [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SKYPHOS | HKOPSSY | drinking vessel used in ancient Greece [ n -OI] |
| SLAHALS | AAHLLSS | SLAHAL, lahal (team game played by indigenous peoples of Pacific Northwest) (Chinook) [n] |
| SLIEVES | EEILSSV | SLIEVE, mountain (large, natural elevation of earth's surface) [ n ] |
| SLIPWAY | AILPSWY | area sloping toward water in shipyard [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SLOUGHY | GHLOSUY | miry (swampy (marshy (resembling marsh))) [adj -HIER, -HIEST] |
| SLUMMED | DELMMSU | SLUM, to visit slums (squalid urban areas) [v] |
| SLUMMER | ELMMRSU | one that slums (to visit slums (squalid urban areas)) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SLURBAN | ABLNRSU | SLURB, poorly planned suburban area [adj] |
| SMRITIS | IIMRSST | SMRITI, text of Hindu religious teachings [ n ] |
| SOLDANS | ADLNOSS | SOLDAN, Muslim ruler [ n ] |
| SOLERAS | AELORSS | SOLERA, Spanish method of producing wine [ n ] |
| SOLIDUS | DILOSSU | coin of ancient Rome [n-DI] |
| SOMONIS | IMNOOSS | SOMONI, monetary unit of Tajikistan [ n ] |
| SOPHIES | EHIOPSS | SOPHY, ruler of Persia [n] |
| SOROCHE | CEHOORS | mountain sickness [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SOUARIS | AIORSSU | SOUARI, tropical tree [ n ] |
| SOUCARS | ACORSSU | SOUCAR, Hindu banker [ n ] |
| SOUDANS | ADNOSSU | SOUDAN, soldan (Muslim ruler) [ n ] |
| SOUKOUS | KOOSSUU | dance music in Democratic Republic of Congo [ $n$-ES] |
| SOURGUM | GMORSUU | softwood tree of eastern North America [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SOURSOP | OOPRSSU | tropical tree [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SOUSLIK | IKLOSSU | suslik (Eurasian rodent) [n-S] |
| SOVIETS | EIOSSTV | SOVIET, legislative body in Communist country [ n ] |
| SOVKHOZ | HKOOSVZ | state-owned farm in former Soviet Union [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{ES},-\mathrm{Y}$ ] |
| SOWBACK | ABCKOSW | low ridge of sand [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SOWCARS | ACORSSW | SOWCAR, soucar (Hindu banker) [n] |
| SOYBEAN | ABENOSY | seed of cultivated Asian herb [n-S] |
| SOYUZES | EOSSUYZ | SOYUZ, manned spacecraft of former Soviet Union [ n ] |
| SPAHEES | AEEHPSS | SPAHEE, spahi (Turkish cavalryman) [n] |
| SPELEAN | AEELNPS | living in caves [adj] |
| SPELUNK | EKLNPSU | to explore caves [V -ED, -ING, -S] |
| SPORRAN | ANOPRRS | large purse worn by Scottish Highlanders [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SPUMONE | EMNOPSU | Italian ice cream [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SPUMONI | IMNOPSU | spumone (Italian ice cream) [n-S] |
| SPUNKIE | EIKNPSU | light caused by combustion of marsh gas [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SPURGES | EGPRSSU | SPURGE, tropical plant [ n ] |
| SPURREY | EPRRSUY | spurry (European weed) [n-S] |

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| SPUTNIK | IKNPSTU | Soviet artificial earth satellite [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SQUILLS | ILLQSSU | SQUILL, Eurasian herb [n] |
| SRADDHA | AADDHRS | sradha (Hindu ceremonial offering) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SRADHAS | AADHRSS | SRADHA, Hindu ceremonial offering [ n ] |
| STACTES | ACESSTT | STACTE, spice used by ancient Jews in making incense [ n ] |
| STALAGS | AAGLSST | STALAG, German prisoner-of-war camp [ n ] |
| STALAGS | AAGLSST | STALAG, German prisoner-of-war camp [ n ] |
| STARETS | AERSSTT | spiritual adviser in Eastern Orthodox Church [n -RTSY] |
| STASIMA | AAIMSST | STASIMON, choral ode in ancient Greek drama [ n ] |
| STEEPER | EEEPRST | STEEP, inclined sharply [adj] |
| STELLAS | AELLSST | STELLA, formerly used coin of United States [ n ] |
| STEMMAS | AEMMSST | STEMMA, scroll recording genealogy of family in ancient Rome [ n ] |
| STEPPES | EEPPSST | STEPPE, vast treeless plain [ n ] |
| STEVIAS | AEISSTV | STEVIA, South American herb with sweet-tasting leaves [ n ] |
| STIVERS | EIRSSTV | STIVER, formerly used Dutch coin [ n ] |
| STOTINS | INOSSTT | STOTIN, former monetary unit of Slovenia [ n ] |
| STRAITS | AIRSSTT | STRAIT, narrow waterway connecting two larger bodies of water [ n ] |
| STRATHS | AHRSSTT | STRATH, wide river valley [ n ] |
| STREAMS | AEMRSST | STREAM, to flow in steady current [ v ] |
| STREAMY | AEMRSTY | streaming [adj -MIER, -MIEST] |
| STRINES | EINRSST | STRINE, English as spoken in Australia [ n ] |
| STROPHE | EHOPRST | part of ancient Greek choral ode [n-S] |
| STUIVER | EIRSTUV | stiver (formerly used Dutch coin) [n-S] |
| STYLITE | EILSTTY | early Christian ascetic [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SUBADAR | AABDRSU | subahdar (governor of subah (province of India)) [n-S] |
| SUBARID | ABDIRSU | somewhat arid [adj] |
| SUBGUMS | BGMSSUU | SUBGUM, Chinese dish of mixed vegetables [ n ] |
| SUBSOIL | BILOSSU | to plow so as to turn up subsoil (layer of earth beneath surface soil) [V -ED, -ING, -S] |
| SUBZONE | BENOSUZ | subdivision of zone [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SUCCAHS | ACCHSSU | SUCCAH, sukkah (temporary shelter in which meals are eaten during Jewish festival) [n] |
| SUCCOTH | CCHOSTU | SUCCAH, sukkah (temporary shelter in which meals are eaten during Jewish festival) [n] |
| SUFFARI | AFFIRSU | safari (Kiswahili) [n-S] |
| SUKKAHS | AHKKSSU | SUKKAH, temporary shelter in which meals are eaten during Jewish festival [ n ] |
| SUKKOTH | HKKOSTU | SUKKAH, temporary shelter in which meals are eaten during Jewish festival [ n ] |
| SULDANS | ADLNSSU | SULDAN, soldan (Muslim ruler) [ n ] |
| SULTANS | ALNSSTU | SULTAN, ruler of Muslim country [ n ] |
| SUNBELT | BELNSTU | southern and southwestern states of U.S. [n-S] |
| SUNBIRD | BDINRSU | tropical bird [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SUNKERS | EKNRSSU | SUNKER, ridge of rock near surface of sea [ n ] |
| SUNLAND | ADLNNSU | area marked by great amount of sunshine [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| SUNNAHS | AHNNSSU | SUNNAH, sunna (body of traditional Muslim law) [n] |
| SUPINES | EINPSSU | SUPINE, Latin verbal noun [ n ] |
| SUSLIKS | IKLSSSU | SUSLIK, Eurasian rodent [ n ] |
| SUTTEES | EESSTTU | SUTTEE, Hindu widow cremated on her husband's funeral pyre to show her devotion to him [n] |
| SWAMIES | AEIMSSW | SWAMY, swami (Hindu religious teacher) [n] |
| SWAMPED | ADEMPSW | SWAMP, to inundate (to overwhelm with water) [v] |
| SWAMPER | AEMPRSW | one that lives in swampy area [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |

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| SWANPAN | AANNPSW | Chinese abacus $[\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}]$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| SWISSES | EISSSSW | SWISS, cotton fabric [n] |
| SYENITE | EEINSTY | igneous rock [n-S] |
| SYNAGOG | AGGNOSY | building for Jewish worship [n-S] |

## Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s

 TTABOULI
TABULIS
TAGINES
TAHSILS
TAILLES
TAJINES
TALLITH
TALLITS
TALOOKA
TALUKAS
TALUSES
TAMALES
TAMANDU
TAMARAO
TAMARAU
TAMARIN
TAMARIS
TAMASHA
TAMBALA
TANGOED
TANGOES
TANGRAM
TANTRAS
TANTRIC
TAPALOS
TARAMAS
TARBUSH
TARPANS
TARTUFO
TATHATA
TATOUAY
TATSOIS
TAUTAUG
TAUTOGS
TAVERNA
TAXITES
TEEPEES
TEGULAE
TELEDUS
TELEGAS

ABILOTU ABILSTU AEGINST AHILSST AEILLST AEIJNST AHILLTT AILLSTT AAKLOOT AAKLSTU AELSSTU AAELMST AADMNTU AAAMORT AAAMRTU
AAIMNRT
AAIMRST AAAHMST AAABLMT ADEGNOT AEGNOST AAGMNRT AANRSTT ACINRTT AALOPST AAAMRST ABHRSTU AANPRST AFORTTU AAAHTTT AAOTTUY AIOSSTT AAGTTUU AGOSTTU AAENRTV AEISTTX EEEEPST AEEGLTU DEELSTU AEEGLST

Lebanese salad containing bulgur wheat, tomatoes, parsley, onions, and mint [n-S] TABULI, tabouli (Lebanese salad containing bulgur wheat, tomatoes, parsley, onions, and mint) [ n ]
TAGINE, tajine (earthenware Moroccan cooking pot) [n]
TAHSIL, district in India [ $n$ ]
TAILLE, former French tax [n]
TAJINE, earthenware Moroccan cooking pot [ n ]
Jewish prayer shawl [n TALEYSIM, TALLAISIM, -ES, -IM, -S, -OTH]
TALLIT, tallith (Jewish prayer shawl) [ n ]
taluk (estate in India) [n-S]
TALUKA, taluk (estate in India) [ n ]
TALUS, slope formed by accumulation of rock debris [ n ]
TAMALE, Mexican dish [n]
tamandua (arboreal anteater) (Tupi) [n-S]
tamarau (small buffalo of Philippines) [ $n-S]$
small buffalo of Philippines [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
South American monkey [n-S]
TAMARI, Japanese soy sauce [n] public entertainment in India [n-S] monetary unit of Malawi (Nyanja) [n MATAMBALA, -S]
TANGO, to perform Latin American dance [v]
TANGO, to perform Latin American dance [v]
Chinese puzzle [n-S]
TANTRA, one of class of Hindu religious writings [ n ]
TANTRA, one of class of Hindu religious writings [adj]
TAPALO, scarf worn in Latin American countries [n]
TARAMA, Greek paste of fish roe, garlic, lemon juice, and olive oil [ $n$ ]
tarboosh (cap worn by Muslim men) [n -ES]
TARPAN, Asian wild horse [ n ]
Italian ice-cream dessert [n-FI, -S]
ultimate nature of all things in Buddhism [n-S]
South American armadillo [n-S]
TATSOI, Asian mustard [ n ]
tautog (marine fish) (Narragansett) [n-S]
TAUTOG, marine fish (Narragansett) [ n ] cafe in Greece [n-S]
TAXITE, volcanic rock [n]
TEEPEE, tepee (conical tent of some Native Americans) (Sioux) [n]
TEGULA, flat roof tile used in ancient Rome [ n ]
TELEDU, carnivorous mammal (Javanese) [ n ]
TELEGA, Russian wagon [ n ]

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| TEMPEHS | EEHMPST | TEMPEH, Asian food [ n ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TEMPURA | AEMPRTU | Japanese dish [ n -] |
| TENNESI | EEINNST | TENNE, monetary unit of Turkmenistan [ n ] |
| TENNIES | EEINNST | TENNY, tenne (monetary unit of Turkmenistan) [n] |
| TEOPANS | AENOPST | TEOPAN, teocalli (Aztec temple) (Nahautl) [ n ] |
| TEPACHE | ACEEHPT | Mexican drink made with pineapple, brown sugar, and water (Nahautl) [n-S] |
| TEPHRAS | AEHPRST | TEPHRA, solid material ejected from volcano [ n ] |
| TEQUILA | AEILQTU | Mexican liquor [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TEREFAH | AEEFHRT | tref (unfit for use according to Jewish law) [adj] |
| TERRAIN | AEINRRT | tract of land [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TERRANE | AEENRRT | rock formation [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TERRENE | EEENRRT | land area [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TESTONS | ENOSSTT | TESTON, former French coin [ n ] |
| TESTOON | ENOOSTT | teston (former French coin) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TESTUDO | DEOSTTU | portable screen used as shield by ancient Romans [ n -DINES, -S] |
| THALERS | AEHLRST | THALER, taler (formerly used German coin) [ n ] |
| THALWEG | AEGHLTW | line defining lowest points along length of riverbed [ $n-S$ ] |
| THANAGE | AAEGHNT | land held by thane [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| THERMAE | AEEHMRT | hot springs [ n THERMAE] |
| THETRIS | EHIRSTT | THETRI, tetri (monetary unit of Republic of Georgia) [n] |
| THUGGEE | EEGGHTU | thuggery in India [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TIDALLY | ADILLTY | TIDAL, pertaining to tides [adv] |
| TIDERIP | DEIIPRT | riptide (tide that opposes other tides) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TIDEWAY | ADEITWY | tidal channel [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TILAPIA | AAIILPT | African fish [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TILLAGE | AEGILLT | cultivated land [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TILLITE | EIILLTT | rock made up of consolidated clay, sand, gravel, and boulders [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TIMARAU | AAIMRTU | tamarau (small buffalo of Philippines) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TIMOTHY | HIMOTTY | European grass [ n -HIES] |
| TINAMOU | AIMNOTU | South American game bird [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TOGATED | ADEGOTT | wearing toga (outer garment worn in ancient Rome) [adj] |
| TOGROGS | GGOORST | TOGROG, tugrik (monetary unit of Mongolia) [ n ] |
| TOMBOLO | BLMOOOT | sandbar connecting island to mainland [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TONGMAN | AGMNNOT | member of Chinese secret society [ $n$-MEN] |
| TOONIES | EINOOST | TOONIE, Canadian two-dollar coin [ n ] |
| TOPSOIL | ILOOPST | to remove surface layer of soil from [ V -ED, -ING, -S] |
| TORRENT | ENORRTT | rapid stream of water [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TOSTONE | ENOOSTT | Mexican dish of fried plantains [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TOUCANS | ACNOSTU | TOUCAN, tropical bird [ n ] |
| TOURACO | ACOORTU | African bird [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TOURING | GINORTU | cross-country skiing for pleasure [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] / TOUR, to travel from place to place [v] |
| TOWNISH | HINOSTW | characteristic of town [adj] |
| TOWNLET | ELNOTTW | small town [n-S] |
| TRASSES | AERSSST | TRASS, volcanic rock [n] |
| TREASON | AENORST | violation of allegiance toward one's country [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TRIBALS | ABILRST | TRIBAL, member of aboriginal people of India [ n ] |
| TRICITY | CIIRTTY | area that comprises three adjoining independent cities [ n -TIES] |

Gain mountains of knowledge of GEOGRAPHY (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) NWL23 Highlighted compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club

| TRIPOLI | IILOPRT | soft, friable rock [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TRIREME | EEIMRRT | ancient Greek or Roman warship [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TRITOMA | AIMORTT | African herb [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TROCHIL | CHILORT | African bird [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{I},-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TROGONS | GNOORST | TROGON, tropical bird [ n ] |
| TROIKAS | AIKORST | TROIKA, Russian carriage [n] |
| TROPICS | CIOPRST | TROPIC, either of two circles of celestial sphere on each side of equator [ n ] |
| TSADDIK | ADDIKST | zaddik (virtuous person by Jewish religious standards) [n-IM] |
| TSETSES | EESSSTT | African fly (Bantu) [n] |
| TSOTSIS | IOSSSTT | TSOTSI, black African urban criminal (Nguni) [n] |
| TSUNAMI | AIMNSTU | very large ocean wave [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TUATARA | AAARTTU | large reptile (Maori) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TUATERA | AAERTTU | tuatara (large reptile) (Maori) [n-S] |
| TUCHUNS | CHNSTUU | TUCHUN, Chinese military governor [ n ] |
| TUGHRIK | GHIKRTU | tugrik (monetary unit of Mongolia) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TUGRIKS | GIKRSTU | TUGRIK, monetary unit of Mongolia [ n ] |
| TUNDRAS | ADNRSTU | TUNDRA, level, treeless expanse of arctic land (Lappish) [ n ] |
| TURACOS | ACORSTU | TURACO, touraco (African bird) [ n ] |
| TURACOU | ACORTUU | touraco (African bird) [n-S] |
| TURBANS | ABNRSTU | TURBAN, head covering worn by Muslims [ n ] |
| TURBOTS | BORSTTU | TURBOT, European flatfish [n] |
| TURISTA | AIRSTTU | intestinal sickness affecting tourist in foreign country [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TURKEYS | EKRSTUY | TURKEY, large American bird [ n ] |
| TUSSAHS | AHSSSTU | TUSSAH, Asian silkworm [n] |
| TUSSARS | ARSSSTU | TUSSAR, tussah (Asian silkworm) [n] |
| TUSSEHS | EHSSSTU | TUSSEH, tussah (Asian silkworm) [n] |
| TUSSERS | ERSSSTU | TUSSER, tussah (Asian silkworm) [n] |
| TUSSORE | EORSSTU | tussah (Asian silkworm) [n-S] |
| TUSSORS | ORSSSTU | TUSSOR, tussah (Asian silkworm) [n] |
| TUSSURS | RSSSTUU | TUSSUR, tussah (Asian silkworm) [n] |
| TWOONIE | EINOOTW | toonie (Canadian two-dollar coin) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TYPHOON | HNOOPTY | tropical hurricane [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| TZETZES | EESTTZZ | TZETZE, tsetse (African fly) (Bantu) [n] |
| TZETZES | EESTTZZ | TZETZE, tsetse (African fly) [n] |
| TZITZIS | IISTTZZ | zizith (tassels on four corners of Jewish prayer shawl) [n TZITZIS] |
| TZITZIT | IITTTZZ | zizith (tassels on four corners of Jewish prayer shawl) [n TZITZIT] |

## Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s

 U| UAKARIS | AAIKRSU | UAKARI, South American monkey [n] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| UKULELE | EEKLLUU | small guitar-like instrument (Hawaiian) [n -S] |
| ULPANIM | AILMNPU | ULPAN, school in Israel for teaching Hebrew [n] |
| ULTISOL | ILLOSTU | reddish-yellow acid soil [n-S] |
| UMIACKS | ACIKMSU | UMIACK, umiak (open Inuit boat) (Inuit) [ n$]$ |
| UNAKITE | AEIKNTU | igneous rock [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}]$ |
| UPCOAST | ACOPSTU | up coast [adv] |
| UPHILLS | HILLPSU | UPHILL, upward slope [ n$]$ | NWL23 Highlighted compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club


| UPLANDS | ADLNPSU | UPLAND, higher land of region [n] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| UPRIVER | EIPRRUV | area lying toward source of river $[\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}]$ |
| UPSILON | ILNOPSU | Greek letter $[\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}]$ |
| UPSLOPE | ELOPPSU | upward slope $[\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}]$ |

Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s V

VAHINES
VAKEELS
VALKYRS
VALLEYS
VEDALIA
VELARIA
VELITES
VENDACE
VERGLAS
VERSANT
VERSTES
VERVETS
VETIVER
VICOMTE VIHUELA
VIKINGS
VILAYET
VILLAGE
VIRELAI
VIRELAY
VIRGATE
VIZIERS
VIZSLAS
vODOUNS
volcan VOLOSTS voudons voudoun VOUVRAY VUGGIER VUGULAR

AEHINSV
AEEKLSV
AKLRSVY
AELLSVY
AADEILV
AAEILRV EEILSTV
ACDEENV AEGLRSV AENRSTV EERSSTV EERSTVV EEIRTVV CEIMOTV AEHILUV GIIKNSV AEILTVY AEGILLV AEIILRV AEILRVY AEGIRTV EIIRSVZ AILSSVZ DNOOSUV ACLNOOV LOOSSTV DNOOSUV DNOOUUV AORUVVY EGGIRUV AGLRUUV

VAHINE, wahine (Hawaiian woman) (Tahitian) [n]
VAKEEL, native lawyer in India [ n ]
VALKYR, valkyrie (maiden in Norse mythology) [ n ]
VALLEY, depression of earth's surface [ n ]
Australian ladybug [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
VELARIUM, awning over ancient Roman theater [ n ]
foot soldiers of ancient Rome [n VELITES]
European fish [n-S]
thin coating of ice on rock [ $n$-ES]
slope of mountain or mountain chain [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
VERSTE, verst (Russian measure of distance) [ n ]
VERVET, African monkey [ n ]
Asian grass [n-S]
French nobleman [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
type of early Spanish guitar [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
VIKING, Scandinavian pirate [ n ]
administrative division of Turkey [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
small community in rural area [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
virelay (medieval French verse form) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
medieval French verse form [n-S]
early English measure of land area [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ]
VIZIER, high official in some Muslim countries [ n ] VIZSLA, Hungarian breed of dog [ n ] VOUDON, vodun (primitive religion of West Indies) (Kwa) [ n ] opening in earth's crust through which molten rock and gases are ejected [n-S, -ES] VOLOST, administrative district in Russia [ n ] VOUDON, vodun (primitive religion of West Indies) (Kwa) [ n ] vodun (primitive religion of West Indies) (Kwa) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] French white wine [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] VUGGY, abounding in vugs (small cavity in rock or lode) [adj] pertaining to vugs (small cavity in rock or lode) [adj]

Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s w

WADDIED WAHINES WAKAMES
WAKANDA
WAKIKIS
WALLABY WAMPUMS

ADDDEIW AEHINSW AAEKMSW
AAADKNW AIIKKSW AABLLWY AMMPSUW

WADDY, to strike with thick club (Dharuk) [v]
WAHINE, Hawaiian woman (Tahitian) [n]
WAKAME, brown seaweed native to Asia [n]
supernatural force in Sioux beliefs (Sioux) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] WAKIKI, shell money of South Pacific Islands (Hawaiian) [ n ] small kangaroo (Dharuk) [n-BIES] WAMPUM, form of currency formerly used by Native Americans (Massachusett) [n] NWL23 Highlighted compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club

| WANGANS | AAGNNSW | WANGAN, wanigan (supply chest used in logging camp) (Ojibwe) [n] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| WANGUNS | AGNNSUW | WANGUN, wanigan (supply chest used in logging camp) (Ojibwe) [n] |
| WANIGAN | AAGINNW | supply chest used in logging camp (Ojibwe) [n-S] |
| WAPITIS | AIIPSTW | WAPITI, large deer (Shawnee) [n] |
| WARTHOG | AGHORTW | African wild hog [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| WASHOUT | AHOSTUW | erosion of earth by action of water [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| WATAPES | AAEPTSW | WATAPE, watap (thread made from roots of various trees) (Ojibwe) [n] |
| WAXBILL | ABILLWX | tropical bird [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| WAYANGS | AAGNSWY | WAYANG, performance featuring puppets or human dancers (Javanese) [ n ] |
| WEEDBED | BDDEEEW | area of body of water having many weeds [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| WENDIGO | DEGINOW | windigo (evil demon in Algonquian mythology) (Ojibwe) [n-ES, -S] |
| WERGELD | DEEGLRW | price paid for taking man's life in Anglo-Saxon law [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| WERGELT | EEGLRTW | wergeld (price paid for taking of man's life in Anglo-Saxon law [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| WERGILD | DEGILRW | wergeld (price paid for taking of man's life in Anglo-Saxon law [n-S] |
| WETLAND | ADELNTW | land containing much soil moisture [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| WHANGEE | AEEGHNW | Asian grass [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| WHIDAHS | ADHHISW | WHIDAH, whydah (African bird) [n] |
| WHYDAHS | ADHHSWY | WHYDAH, African bird [n] |
| WICKAPE | ACEIKPW | wicopy (flowering shrub) (Algonquian) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| WICKIUP | CIIKPUW | Native American hut (Fox-Algonquian) [n-S] |
| WICKYUP | CIKPUWY | wickiup (Native American hut) (Fox-Algonquian) [n-S] |
| WIGWAMS | AGIMSWW | WIGWAM, Native American dwelling (Ojibwa-Algonquian) [n] |
| WIKIUPS | IIKPSUW | WIKIUP, wickiup (Native American hut) (Fox-Algonquian) [n] |
| WINDIGO | DGIINOW | evil demon in Algonquian mythology (Ojibwe) [n-S, -ES] |
| WISENTS | EINSSTW | WISENT, European bison [n] |
| WOMBATS | ABMOSTW | WOMBAT, nocturnal mammal (Dharuk) [n] |
| WOMERAS | AEMORSW | WOMERA, device used to propel spears (Dharuk) [ n ] |
| WOMMERA | AEMMORW | womera (device used to propel spears) (Dharuk) [n-S] |
| WONTONS | NNOOSTW | WONTON, pork-filled dumpling used in Chinese cooking [n] |
| WOODRAT | ADOORTW | North American rat having well-furred tail and large ears [n-S] |
| WOOMERA | AEMOORW | womera (device used to propel spears) (Dharuk) [n-S] |
| WOONERF | EFNOORW | road in Netherlands primarily for pedestrians and cyclists [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| WOORALI | AILOORW | curare (arrow poison) (Carib) [n-S] |
| WOORARI | AIOORRW | curare (arrow poison) (Carib) [n-S] |
| WRENTIT | EINRTTW | long-tailed North American songbird [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| WRYNECK | CEKNRWY | European bird [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |

## Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s X

| XENOPUS | ENOPSUX | frog native to southern Africa [n -ES] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| XERARCH | ACEHRRX | developing in dry area [adj] |
| XERUSES | EERSSUX | XERUS, African ground squirrel [n] |

Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s Y
YABBIES ABBEISY YABBIE, yabby (Australian crayfish) [n] / YABBY [n]
YAFFLES AEFFLSY YAFFLE, European green woodpecker [n]
YAMALKA AAAKLMY yarmulke (skullcap worn by Jewish males) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] NWL23 Highlighted compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club

| YAMULKA | AAKLMUY | yarmulke (skullcap worn by Jewish males) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| YANQUIS | AINQSUY | YANQUI, United States citizen [ n ] |
| YASHMAC | AACHMSY | yashmak (veil worn by Muslim women) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| YASHMAK | AAHKMSY | veil worn by Muslim women [ n -S] |
| YASMAKS | AAKMSSY | YASMAK, yashmak (veil worn by Muslim women) [n] |
| YATAGAN | AAAGNTY | yataghan (Turkish sword) [n-S] |
| YAUPONS | ANOPSUY | YAUPON, evergreen shrub (Catawba) [n] |
| YAUTIAS | AAISTUY | YAUTIA, tropical plant [ n ] |
| YESHIVA | AEHISVY | orthodox Jewish school [n-S, -VOT, -VOTH] |
| YOHIMBE | BEHIMOY | topical African tree [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| YOMPING | GIMNOPY | YOMP, to march with heavy equipment over difficult terrain [v] |
| YOUPONS | NOOPSUY | YOUPON, yaupon (evergreen shrub) (Catawba) [n] |

Geography (Earth's features \& atmosphere, and the human activity related to them) 7s Z

| ZAATARS | AAARSTZ | ZAATAR, Middle Eastern spice blend [ n ] |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ZACATON | AACNOTZ | Mexican grass [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ZADDICK | ACDDIKZ | zaddik (virtuous person by Jewish religious standards) [ n -DDIKIM] |
| ZAIKAIS | AAIIKSZ | ZAIKAI, business community of Japan [n] |
| ZANANAS | AAANNSZ | ZANANA, zenana (section of house in India reserved for women) [n] |
| ZAPATEO | AAEOPTZ | Spanish dance [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ZAPTIAH | AAHIPTZ | Turkish policeman [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ZAPTIEH | AEHIPTZ | zaptiah (Turkish policeman) [n-S] |
| ZEBRAIC | ABCEIRZ | ZEBRA, African mammal that is related to horse [adj] |
| ZEBROID | BDEIORZ | resembling zebra (African mammal that is related to horse) [adj] |
| ZECCHIN | CCEHINZ | zecchino (former gold coin of Italy) [n-S] |
| ZECHINS | CEHINSZ | ZECHIN, zecchino (former gold coin of Italy) [n] |
| ZEDOARY | ADEORYZ | medicinal root of tropical plant [ n -RIES] |
| ZELKOVA | AEKLOVZ | Japanese tree [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ZEMSTVO | EMOSTVZ | elective council in czarist Russia [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{VA},-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ZENANAS | AAENNSZ | ZENANA, section of house in India reserved for women [ n ] |
| ZIBETHS | BEHISTZ | ZIBETH, zibet (Asian civet) [n] |
| ZIKURAT | AIKRTUZ | ziggurat (ancient Babylonian temple tower) (Akkadian) [n-S] |
| ZILLAHS | AHILLSZ | ZILLAH, administrative district in India [ n ] |
| ZINNIAS | AIINNSZ | ZINNIA, tropical plant [n] |
| ZLOTIES | EILOSTZ | ZLOTY, monetary unit of Poland [ n ] |
| ZLOTYCH | CHLOTYZ | ZLOTY, monetary unit of Poland [ n ] |
| ZOCALOS | ACLOOSZ | ZOCALO, public square in Mexican city or town [n] |
| ZOMBIES | BEIMOSZ | ZOMBIE, will-less human capable only of automatic movement (Kikongo) [n] |
| ZOMBIFY | BFIMOYZ | to turn into zombie (Kikongo) [v -FIED, -FIES, -ING] |
| ZOMBOID | BDIMOOZ | zombielike (Kikongo) [adj] |
| ZONINGS | GINNOSZ | ZONING, division of city or land into areas subject to planning restrictions [n] |
| ZORILLA | AILLORZ | zoril (small African mammal) [n-S] |
| ZORILLE | EILLORZ | zoril (small African mammal) [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |
| ZORILLO | ILLOORZ | zoril (small African mammal) [n-S] |
| ZOUAVES | AEOSUVZ | ZOUAVE, French infantryman [ n ] |
| ZYZZYVA | AVYYZZZ | tropical weevil [ $\mathrm{n}-\mathrm{S}$ ] |

