

7-letter bingos on **SCIENCE - EARTH (geology, oceanography, meteorology)** go down on your board compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club

A 7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)

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ABYSSAL
                           ABYSS, bottomless chasm [adj]
             AABLSSY
ABYSSES
                           ABYSS, bottomless chasm [n]
             ABESSSY
AEOLIAN
             AAEILNO
                           eolian (pertaining to wind) [adj]
                           AETHER, upper region of atmosphere [n]
AETHERS
             AEEHRST
                           to cause to resemble agate (variety of quartz) [v -D, -ZING, -S]
AGATIZE
             AAEGITZ
AGATOID
             AADGIOT
                           AGATE, variety of quartz [adj]
AIRGLOW
             AGILORW
                           glow in upper atmosphere [n -S]
                           AIRING, exposure to air [n]
AIRINGS
             AGIINRS
                           having no air [adj]
AIRLESS
             AEILRSS
AIRSHED
             ADEHIRS
                           air supply of given region [n -S]
                           cold (having little or no warmth) [adj]
AIRSOME
             AEIMORS
AIRWARD
             AADIRRW
                           toward sky [adv]
                           ALBATA, alloy of copper, nickel, and zinc [n]
ALBATAS
             AAABLST
ALBITES
             ABEILST
                           ALBITE, mineral [n]
                           ALBITE, mineral [adj]
ALBITIC
             ABCIILT
                           change in barometric pressure [n -S]
ALLOBAR
             AABLLOR
                           ALLOY, to combine to form alloy (homogenous mixture of metals) [v]
ALLOYED
             ADELLOY
                           ALNICO, alloy containing aluminum, nickel, and cobalt [n]
ALNICOS
             ACILNOS
ALUNITE
             AEILNTU
                           mineral [n -S]
                           alloy of mercury with another metal [n -S]
AMALGAM
             AAAGLMM
AMOSITE
             AEIMOST
                           type of asbestos (mineral) [n -S]
ANATASE
             AAAENST
                           mineral [n -S]
                           mineral [n -S]
APATITE
             AAEIPTT
                           APLITE, fine-grained rock [n]
APLITES
             AEILPST
                           APLITE, fine-grained rock [adj]
APLITIC
             ACIILPT
                           water-bearing rock formation [n -S]
AQUIFER
             AEFIQRU
                           pertaining to Archean geological eon [adj]
ARCHEAN
             AACEHNR
                           ARCUS, arch-shaped cloud [n]
ARCUSES
             ACERSSU
ARENITE
             AEEINRT
                           rock made up chiefly of sand grains [n -S]
ARENOSE
             AEENORS
                           sandy (containing or covered with sand) [adj]
                           arenose (sandy (containing or covered with sand)) [adj]
ARENOUS
             AENORSU
ARGENTS
             AEGNRST
                           ARGENT, silver [n]
ARIDEST
             ADEIRST
                           ARID, extremely dry [adj]
ARIDITY
                           state of being arid (extremely dry) [n -TIES]
             ADIIRTY
                           ARKOSE, type of sandstone [n]
ARKOSES
             AEKORSS
ARKOSIC
             ACIKORS
                           ARKOSE, type of sandstone [adj]
ARSENIC
             ACEINRS
                           metallic element [n -S]
ASHFALL
             AAFHLLS
                           deposit of volcanic ash [n -S]
ASTERIA
             AAEIRST
                           gemstone\ cut\ to\ exhibit\ asterism\ (property\ of\ certain\ minerals\ of\ showing\ starlike\ luminous\ figure)\ [n\ -S]
AUGITES
             AEGISTU
                           AUGITE, mineral [n]
AUGITIC
             ACGIITU
                           AUGITE, mineral [adj]
                           AUTUMN, season of year [n]
AUTUMNS
             AMNSTUU
AZURITE
             AEIRTUZ
                           mineral [n -S]
                       B 7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)
                           to line with babbitt (alloy of tin, copper, and antimony) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
BABBITT
             ABBBITT
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BADLAND
             AABDDLN
                          barren, hilly area [n -S]
BAGUETS
                          baquette (rectangular gem) [n]
             ABEGSTU
BALASES
                          BALAS, red variety of spinel [n]
             AABELSS
BALMIER
             ABEILMR
                          BALMY, mild (not harsh or rough) [adj]
                          BARITE, mineral [n]
BARITES
             ABEIRST
BARRENS
             ABENRRS
                          BARREN, tract of barren land [n]
BARYTES
             ABERSTY
                          BARYTE, barite (mineral) [n]
                          BASALT, volcanic rock [n]
BASALTS
             AABLSST
                          ore of aluminum [n -S]
BAUXITE
             ABEITUX
                          BAYAMO, strong wind [n]
BAYAMOS
             AABMOSY
BAYSIDE
             ABDEISY
                          shore of bay (inlet of sea) [n -S]
                          to make cloudy (overcast with clouds) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
BECLOUD
             BCDELOU
             BDDEEEW
                          BEDEW, to wet with dew [v]
BEDEWED
             BCDEKOR
                          rock under soil [n-S]
BEDROCK
BEMISTS
             BEIMSST
                          BEMIST, to envelop in mist [v]
                          benthic (pertaining to oceanic depths) [adj]
BENTHAL
             ABEHLNT
                          pertaining to oceanic depths [adj]
BENTHIC
             BCEHINT
                          BESNOW, to cover with snow [v]
BESNOWS
             BENOSSW
BILLONS
             BILLNOS
                          BILLON, alloy of silver and copper [n]
BIOTITE
             BEIIOTT
                          form of mica [n -S]
BIOTRON
             BINOORT
                          climate control chamber [n -S]
BLENDES
             BDEELNS
                          BLENDE, shiny mineral [n]
                          BLOWY, windy (marked by strong wind) [adj]
BLOWIER
             BEILORW
BOFFINS
             BFFINOS
                          BOFFIN, scientific expert [n]
                          BOFFIN, scientific expert [adj]
BOFFINY
             BFFINOY
BOGGIER
             BEGGIOR
                          BOGGY, marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land)) [adj]
                          boggy (marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land))) [adj]
BOGGISH
             BGGHIOS
                          natural hole in ground with swampy bottom [n -S]
BOGHOLE
             BEGHLOO
                          BOLSON, flat arid valley [n]
BOLSONS
             BLNOOSS
BOMBORA
             ABBMOOR
                          sea area over ridge of rock [n -S]
BONEBED
             BBDEENO
                          area containing dinosaur fossils [n -S]
                          ore of copper [n -S]
BORNITE
             BEINORT
BRASSED
             ABDERSS
                          BRASS, to coat with brass (alloy of copper and zinc) [v]
                          BRASS, to coat with brass (alloy of copper and zinc) [v]
BRASSES
             ABERSSS
                          type of rock [n -S]
BRECCIA
             ABCCEIR
                          BREEZE, to move swiftly [v]
BREEZED
             BDEEERZ
BREEZES
             BEEERSZ
                          BREEZE, to move swiftly [v]
             BMORSUU
                          BRUME, fog [adj]
BRUMOUS
                       C 7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)
CALCITE
             ACCEILT
                          mineral [n -S]
                          large crater [n]
CALDERA
             AACDELR
CALICHE
             ACCEHIL
                          mineral deposit [n -S]
                          CALM, free from agitation [adj]
CALMEST
             ACELMST
CATSPAW
             AACPSTW
                          light wind [n -S]
                          CENOTE, sinkhole in limestone [n]
CENOTES
             CEENOST
CERITES
             CEEIRST
                          CERITE, mineral [n]
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CERMETS
                          CERMET, ceramal (heat-resistant alloy) [n]
             CEEMRST
CHASMAL
             AACHLMS
                          CHASM, deep cleft in earth [adi]
CHASMED
             ACDEHMS
                          CHASM, deep cleft in earth [adj]
CHASMIC
             ACCHIMS
                          CHASM, deep cleft in earth [adj]
                          CHILL, to make cold (having little or no warmth) [v]
CHILLED
             CDEHILL
CHILLER
             CEHILLR
                          CHILL, cool (moderately cold) [adj]
CHINOOK
             CHIKNOO
                          warm wind [n -S]
                          CIRQUE, deep, steep-walled basin on mountain [n]
CIRQUES
             CEIQRSU
                          variety of quartz [n -S]
CITRINE
             CEIINRT
CLASTIC
                          rock made up of other rocks [n -S]
             ACCILST
CLIMATE
             ACEILMT
                          weather conditions characteristic of area [n -S]
                          CLOUD, to cover with clouds (masses of visible vapor) [v]
CLOUDED
             CDDELOU
CLOUGHS
             CGHLOSU
                          CLOUGH, ravine (narrow, steep-sided valley) [n]
COALIFY
             ACFILOY
                          to convert into coal [v -FIED, -ING, -FIES]
COASTAL
             AACLOST
                          pertaining to or located near seashore [adj]
                          type of silica (type of silicon (nonmetallic element) [n -S]
COESITE
             CEEIOST
                          COLD, having little or no warmth [adj]
COLDEST
             CDELOST
                          somewhat cold [adj]
COLDISH
             CDHILOS
                          COLTAN, black ore containing columbite and tantalite [n]
COLTANS
             ACLNOST
CONFLUX
             CFLNOUX
                          flowing together of streams [n -ES]
                          to transfer heat by process of circulation [v -ED, -ING, -S]
CONVECT
             CCENOTV
COOLEST
             CELOOST
                          COOL, moderately cold [adj]
                          COOLTH, coolness (state of being cool (moderately cold)) [n]
COOLTHS
             CHLOOST
                          COOMBE, combe (narrow valley) [n]
COOMBES
             BCEMOOS
                          CORRIE, cirque (deep, steep-walled basin on mountain) [n]
CORRIES
             CEIORRS
COTEAUS
             ACEOSTU
                          COTEAU, higher ground of region [n]
COTEAUX
             ACEOTUX
                          COTEAU, higher ground of region [n]
             ACDILOT
                          indicating coincidence of tides [adj]
COTIDAL
                          COULEE, small ravine (narrow, steep-sided valley) [n]
COULEES
             CEELOSU
COULOIR
             CILOORU
                          deep gorge or gully [n -S]
CRANNOG
             ACGNNOR
                          artificial island [n -S]
                          CRATON, part of earth's crust [n]
CRATONS
             ACNORST
CRUSTAL
             ACLRSTU
                          pertaining to earth's crust [adj]
                          transparent mineral [n -S]
CRYSTAL
             ACLRSTY
                          CUESTA, type of land elevation [n]
CUESTAS
             ACESSTU
                          type of cloud [n CUMULI, -ES]
CUMULUS
             CLMSUUU
CUPRITE
             CEIPRTU
                          ore of copper [n -S]
                          CURITE, radioactive mineral [n]
CURITES
             CEIRSTU
                          steep stream bank [n -S]
CUTBANK
             ABCKNTU
                          to treat ore with cyanid (compound of cyanogen) [v -D, -DING, -S]
CYANIDE
             ACDEINY
CYANITE
             ACEINTY
                          mineral [n -S]
                          rotating system of winds [n -S]
CYCLONE
             CCELNOY
                      D 7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)
DACITES
             ACDEIST
                          DACITE, light gray rock [n]
                          to remove frost from [v -ED, -ING, -S]
DEFROST
             DEFORST
                          DELTA, alluvial deposit at mouth of river [adj]
DELTAIC
             ACDEILT
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DELUGED
             DDEEGLU
                          DELUGE, to flood (to inundate (to overwhelm with water)) [v]
                          DELUGE, to flood (to inundate (to overwhelm with water)) [v]
DELUGES
             DEEGLSU
DEMISTS
                          DEMIST, to defog (to remove fog from) [v]
             DEIMSST
DERECHO
             CDEEHOR
                          line of intense widespread windstorms [n -S]
DEWDROP
             DDEOPRW
                          drop of dew [n -S]
DEWFALL
             ADEFLLW
                          formation of dew [n -S]
DEWIEST
             DEEISTW
                          DEWY, moist with dew [adj]
DEWLESS
             DEELSSW
                          having no dew [adj]
                          igneous rock [n -S]
DIABASE
             AABDEIS
                          to adorn with diamonds (solid form of element carbon) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
DIAMOND
             ADDIMNO
DIAPIRS
             ADIIPRS
                          DIAPIR, bend in layer of rock [n]
                          interruption in deposit of sedimentation [n -S]
DIASTEM
             ADEIMST
DIORITE
             DEIIORT
                          igneous rock [n -S]
                          DISMAL, track of swampy land [n]
DISMALS
             ADILMSS
                          to extract by vaporization and condensation [v -ED, -ING, -S]
DISTILL
             DIILLST
                          DISTIL, to distill (to extract by vaporization and condensation) [v]
DISTILS
             DIILSST
                          DJEBEL, jebel (mountain (large, natural elevation of earth's surface)) [n]
DJEBELS
             BDEEJLS
                          small vane (device for showing direction of wind) [n -S]
DOGVANE
             ADEGNOV
DRIFTED
             DDEFIRT
                          DRIFT, to move along in current [v]
DRIFTER
             DEFIRRT
                          one that drifts (to move along in current) [n -S]
DRIZZLE
             DEILRZZ
                          to rain lightly [v -D, -LING, -S]
DRIZZLY
             DILRYZZ
                          characterized by light rain [adj -LIER, -LIEST]
DROUGHT
             DGHORTU
                          dry period [n -S]
             DHORSTU
                          DROUTH, drought (dry period) [n]
DROUTHS
                          droughty (dry (having no moisture)) [adj -HIER, -HIEST]
DROUTHY
             DHORTUY
DRYLAND
             ADDLNRY
                          arid region [n -S]
DRYNESS
                          state of being dry (having no moisture) [n -ES]
             DENRSSY
                          DUNITE, igneous rock [n]
DUNITES
             DEINSTU
                          DUNITE, igneous rock [adj]
DUNITIC
             CDIINTU
                       E 7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)
EASTERS
             AEERSST
                          EASTER, wind or storm from east [n]
                          pertaining to soil [adi]
EDAPHIC
             ACDEHIP
EDDYING
             DDEGINY
                          EDDY, to move against main current [v]
                          pertaining to eluvium (soil deposit) [adj]
ELUVIAL
             AEILLUV
                          soil deposit [n -S or -IA]
ELUVIUM
             EILMUUV
                          mineral [n -S]
EPIDOTE
             DEEIOPT
ESTIVAL
             AEILSTV
                          pertaining to summer [adj]
ESTUARY
             AERSTUY
                          inlet of sea at river's lower end [n -S]
                          annually recurring wind [n -S]
ETESIAN
             AEEINST
EUCLASE
             ACEELSU
                          mineral [n -S]
                          type of meteorite [n -S]
EUCRITE
             CEEIRTU
                       F 7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)
                          igneous rock [n -S]
             EEFILST
FELSITE
FELSPAR
             AEFLPRS
                          feldspar (mineral) [n -S]
                          marshy ground [n -S]
FENLAND
             ADEFLNN
                          FENNY, marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land)) [adj]
FENNIER
             EEFINNR
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FJORDIC
             CDFIJOR
                          FJORD, narrow inlet of sea between steep cliffs [adj]
FLOODED
             DDEFLOO
                          FLOOD, to inundate (to overwhelm with water) [v]
FLUORIC
                          FLUOR, fluorite (mineral) [adj]
             CFILORU
FLUVIAL
             AFILLUV
                          pertaining to river (large, natural stream of water) [adj]
                          FOGBOW, nebulous arc of light sometimes seen in fog [n]
FOGBOWS
             BFGOOSW
                          FOGDOG, fogbow (nebulous arc of light sometimes seen in fog) [n]
FOGDOGS
             DFGGOOS
FOGGIER
             EFGGIOR
                          FOGGY, filled with fog [adj]
FOGGILY
             FGGILOY
                          FOGGY, filled with fog [adv]
FOGGING
             FGGGINO
                          covering with fog [n -S] / FOG, to cover with fog (condensed water vapor near earth's surface) [v]
                          having no fog [adj]
FOGLESS
             EFGLOSS
FRACTUS
             ACFRSTU
                          ragged cloud [n -TI]
                          sudden overflow of stream [n -S]
FRESHET
             EEFHRST
FROSTED
             DEFORST
                          FROST, to cover with frost (deposit of minute ice crystals) [v]
             FLMSUUU
                          thin cloud [n -LI]
FUMULUS
                       G 7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)
                          GABBRO, type of rock [n]
GABBROS
             ABBGORS
GAHNITE
             AEGHINT
                          mineral [n -S]
GARIGUE
             AEGGIRU
                          low scrubland [n -S]
GARNETS
             AEGNRST
                          GARNET, mineral [n]
GEODESY
             DEEGOSY
                          geographical surveying [n -SES]
                          GEOID, hypothetical surface of earth [adj]
GEOIDAL
             ADEGILO
GEOLOGY
             EGGLOOY
                          science that deals with origin and structure of earth [n -GIES]
                          GEYSER, to eject jets of hot water and steam [v]
GEYSERS
             EEGRSSY
                          GHIBLI, hot desert wind [n]
GHIBLIS
             BGHIILS
GIRASOL
             AGILORS
                          variety of opal [n -S]
GIROSOL
             GILOORS
                          girasol (variety of opal) [n -S]
GLACIAL
             AACGILL
                          of or pertaining to glaciers [adj]
GLACIER
             ACEGILR
                          huge mass of ice [n -S]
GOSSANS
             AGNOSSS
                          GOSSAN, type of decomposed rock [n]
GOTHITE
             EGHIOTT
                          goethite (ore of iron) [n -S]
GRANITE
             AEGINRT
                          type of rock [n -S]
                          granular snow pellets [n -S]
GRAUPEL
             AEGLPRU
GREISEN
             EEGINRS
                          type of rock [n -S]
                          GULLEY, ravine (narrow, steep-sided valley) [n]
GULLEYS
             EGLLSUY
GULLIED
                          GULLY, to form ravines by action of water [v]
             DEGILLU
                          GULLY, to form ravines by action of water [v]
GULLIES
             EGILLSU
GUMMITE
             EGIMMTU
                          mixture of various minerals [n -S]
GUSTIER
             EGIRSTU
                          GUSTY, blowing in gusts [adj]
GUSTILY
             GILSTUY
                          in gusty manner [adv]
                          GUST, to blow in gusts (sudden blasts of wind) [v]
GUSTING
             GGINSTU
GYPSUMS
             GMPSSUY
                          GYPSUM, mineral [n]
                       H 7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)
                          HABOOB, violent sandstorm [n]
HABOOBS
             ABBHOOS
HALITES
             AEHILST
                          HALITE, mineral [n]
HAMMADA
                          desert plateau of bedrock [n]
             AAADHMM
                          aplite (fine-grained rock) [n -S]
HAPLITE
             AEHILPT
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HARDPAN
             AADHNPR
                          layer of hard subsoil [n -S]
HEAVENS
             AEEHNSV
                          HEAVEN, sky [n]
HESSITE
                          mineral [n -S]
             EEHISST
HOGBACK
             ABCGHKO
                          sharp ridge [n -S]
                          HOLARD, total quantity of water in soil [n]
HOLARDS
             ADHLORS
HOMMOCK
             CHKMMOO
                          ridge in ice field [n -S]
HORIZON
             HINOORZ
                          line where sky seems to meet earth [n -S]
HORNITO
             HINOORT
                          mound of volcanic matter [n -S]
                          HOTBED, bed of rich soil [n]
HOTBEDS
             BDEHOST
                          in humid manner [adv]
HUMIDLY
             DHILMUY
HYALITE
             AEHILTY
                           colorless opal [n -S]
                       I 7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)
ICEBERG
             BCEEGIR
                          large floating body of ice [n -S]
             ACCEIPS
ICECAPS
                          ICECAP, covering of ice and snow [n]
ICHNITE
             CEHIINT
                          fossil footprint [n -S]
                          ICICLE, hanging spike of ice [adj]
ICICLED
             CCDEIIL
                          ICICLE, hanging spike of ice [n]
ICICLES
             CCEIILS
                          ILLITE, group of minerals [n]
ILLITES
             EIILLST
ILLITIC
             CIIILLT
                          ILLITE, group of minerals [adj]
INLANDS
             ADILNNS
                          INLAND, interior of region [n]
INSHORE
             EHINORS
                          near shore [adj]
IOLITES
             EIILOST
                          IOLITE, mineral [n]
                          IRIS, to give form of rainbow to [v]
IRISING
             GIIINRS
                          ISLET, small island [adj]
ISLETED
             DEEILST
ISOCHOR
             CHIOORS
                          isochore (curve used to show relationship between pressure and temperature) [n -S]
ISOHELS
             EHILOSS
                          ISOHEL, line on map connecting points receiving equal sunshine [n]
ISOHYET
             EHIOSTY
                          line on map connecting points having equal rainfall [n -S]
                          line on map connecting points of equal wind velocity [n -S]
ISOTACH
             ACHIOST
                          pertaining to isthmus (strip of land connecting two larger land masses) [adj]
ISTHMIC
             CHIIMST
ISTHMUS
             HIMSSTU
                          strip of land connecting two larger land masses [n -ES or -MI]
                       J 7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)
                          variety of zircon [n -S]
JACINTH
             ACHIJNT
JADEITE
             ADEEIJT
                          mineral [n -S]
JADITIC
             ACDIIJT
                          JADEITE, mineral [adj]
                          variety of zircon [n -S]
JARGOON
             AGJNOOR
                          JASPER (variety of quartz) [n]
JASPERS
             AEJPRSS
JASPERY
             AEJPRSY
                          JASPER (variety of quartz) [adj]
             DEGJLNU
                          JUNGLE, land covered with dense tropical vegetation [adj]
JUNGLED
                          JUNGLE, land covered with dense tropical vegetation [n]
JUNGLES
             EGJLNSU
                       K 7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)
KAINITE
             AEIIKNT
                          mineral salt [n -S]
KAINITS
             AIIKNST
                          KAINIT, kainite (mineral salt) [n]
                          khamsin (hot, dry wind) [n -S]
KAMSEEN
             AEEKMNS
KAMSINS
             AIKMNSS
                          KAMSIN, khamsin (hot, dry wind) [n]
KARSTIC
                          KARST, limestone region [adj]
             ACIKRST
                           mineral [n -S]
KERNITE
             EEIKNRT
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KHAMSIN	AHIKMNS	hot, dry wind [n -S]
KILOBAR	ABIKLOR	unit of atmospheric pressure [n -S]
KUNZITE	EIKNTUZ	mineral [n -S]
KYANITE	AEIKNTY	cyanite (mineral) [n -S]
		7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)
LAGOONS	AGLNOOS	LAGOON, shallow body of water [n]
LAGUNAS	AAGLNSU	LAGUNA, lagoon (shallow body of water) [n]
LAGUNES	AEGLNSU	LAGUNE, lagoon (shallow body of water) [n]
LAKEBED	ABDEEKL	floor of lake [n -S]
LALLAND	AADLLLN	lowland (area of land lying lower than adjacent country) [n -S]
LALLANS	AALLLNS	LALLAN, lowland (area of land lying lower than adjacent country) [n]
LAPIDES	ADEILPS	LAPIS, semiprecious stone [n]
LAPISES	AEILPSS	LAPIS, semiprecious stone [n]
LATOSOL	ALLOOST	tropical soil [n -S]
LATTENS	AELNSTT	LATTEN, brass-like alloy [n]
LATTINS	ALLINSTT	LATTEN, brass-like alloy [1] LATTIN, latten (brass-like alloy) [n]
LAZULIS	AILLSUZ	LAZULI, mineral [n]
LEEWARD		
	ADEELRW	direction toward which wind is blowing [n -S]
LEUCITE	CEEILTU	mineral [n -S]
LIASSIC	ACIILSS	of or pertaining to certain geologic time period [adj]
LIGNITE	EGIILNT	type of coal [n -S]
LIGURES	EGILRSU	LIGURE, precious stone [n]
LITHIFY	FHIILTY	to petrify (to convert into stone) [v -FIED, -ING, -FIES]
LITHOID	DHIILOT	resembling stone [adj]
LITORAL	AILLORT	pertaining to coastal region [adj]
LOCHANS	ACHLNOS	LOCHAN, small lake (sizable inland body of water) [n]
LOESSAL	AELLOSS	LOESS, soil deposit [adj]
LOESSES	EELOSSS	LOESS, soil deposit [n]
LOWLAND	ADLLNOW	area of land lying lower than adjacent country [n -S]
		7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)
MAGMATA	AAAGMMT	MAGMA, molten matter from which igneous rock is formed [n]
MALMIER	AEILMMR	MALMY, resembling malm (soft, friable limestone) [adj]
MAREMMA	AAEMMMR	marshy coastal region [n -S]
MAREMME	AEEMMMR	MAREMMA, marshy coastal region [n]
MARLITE	AEILMRT	type of marl [n -S]
MARSHED	ADEHMRS	MARSH, tract of low, wet land [adj]
MARSHES	AEHMRSS	MARSH, tract of low, wet land [n]
MASKEGS	AEGKMSS	MASKEG, muskeg (marsh (tract of low, wet land)) [n]
MASSIFS	AFIMSSS	MASSIF, principal mountain mass [n]
MAUSIER	AEIMRSU	MAUSY, mauzy (foggy, misty) [adj]
MAUZIER	AEIMRUZ	MAUZY, foggy, misty [adj]
MEADOWS	ADEMOSW	MEADOW, tract of grassland [n]
MEADOWY	ADEMOWY	MEADOW, tract of grassland [adj]
METEORS	EEMORST	METEOR, small celestial body that enters earth's atmosphere [n]
MIDAIRS	ADIIMRS	MIDAIR, region in middle of air [n]
MINERAL	AEILMNR	naturally occurring inorganic substance having characteristic set of physical properties [n -



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CEEIMNO
MIOCENE
                          of or pertaining to certain geologic time period [adj]
MIRIEST
                          MIRY, swampy (marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land))) [adj]
             EIIMRST
                          fogbow (nebulous arc of light sometimes seen in fog) [n -S]
MISTBOW
             BIMOSTW
MISTILY
             IILMSTY
                          in misty manner [adv]
                          MIST, to become blurry [v]
MISTING
             GIIMNST
MISTRAL
             AILMRST
                          cold, dry wind [n -S]
MIZZLED
             DEILMZZ
                          MIZZLE, to rain in fine droplets [v]
                          MIZZLE, to rain in fine droplets [v]
MIZZLES
             EILMSZZ
                          seasonal wind [n -S]
MONSOON
             MNNOOOS
                          lower vegetation belt of mountain [n -S]
MONTANE
             AEMNNOT
MOONBOW
             BMNOOOW
                          rainbow formed by light from moon [n -S]
                          bright spot in sky formed by moonlight [n -S]
MOONDOG
             DGMNOOO
MOORIER
             EIMOORR
                          MOORY, marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land)) [adj]
MOORISH
             HIMOORS
                          marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land)) [adj]
MORAINE
             AEIMNOR
                          accumulation of debris deposited by glacier [n -S]
                          MORASS, marsh (tract of low, wet land) [adj]
MORASSY
             AMORSSY
                          MOULIN, vertical cavity in glacier [n]
MOULINS
             ILMNOSU
                          level tract alternately covered and left bare by tide [n -S]
MUDFLAT
             ADFLMTU
MUDROCK
             CDKMORU
                          pelite (rock composed of fine fragments) [n -S]
MUGGIER
             EGGIMRU
                          MUGGY, warm and humid [adj]
MULLITE
             EILLMTU
                          mineral [n -S]
MUSKEGS
             EGKMSSU
                          MUSKEG, marsh (tract of low, wet land) [n]
                      N 7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)
                          of or pertaining to certain geologic time period [adj]
NEOGENE
             EEEGNNO
NIOBITE
             BEIINOT
                          mineral columbite [n -S]
NITINOL
             IILNNOT
                          alloy of nickel and titanium [n -S]
                          resembling snow [adj]
NIVEOUS
             EINOSUV
                          NORITE, granular rock [n]
NORITES
             EINORST
                          NORITE, granular rock [adj]
NORITIC
             CIINORT
NORLAND
             ADLNNOR
                          region in north [n -S]
NORTHER
             EHNORRT
                          wind or storm from north [n -S]
                          NULLAH, ravine (narrow, steep-sided valley) [n]
NULLAHS
             AHLLNSU
NUNATAK
             AAKNNTU
                          mountain peak completely surrounded by glacial ice [n -S]
                      O 7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)
                          OCEAN, vast body of salt water that covers most of earth's surface [adj]
             ACCEINO
OCEANIC
                          mineral [n -S]
OLIVINE
             EIILNOV
OLOGIES
             EGILOOS
                          OLOGY, branch of knowledge [n]
OLOGIST
             GILOOST
                          expert in particular ology [n -S]
                          toward shore [adv]
ONSHORE
             EHNOORS
OOLITES
             EILOOST
                          OOLITE, variety of limestone [n]
                          OOLITH, oolite (variety of limestone) [n]
OOLITHS
             HILOOST
                          OOLITE, variety of limestone [adj]
OOLITIC
             CIILOOT
                          OPHITE, green mottled igneous rock [n]
OPHITES
             EHIOPST
OPHITIC
             CHIIOPT
                          OPHITE, green mottled igneous rock [adj]
                          mass of ore in mine [n -DIES]
OREBODY
             BDEOORY
                          OREIDE, oroide (alloy used to imitate gold) [n]
OREIDES
             DEEIORS
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ORGANON
             AGNNOOR
                          system of rules for scientific investigation [n -S or -NA]
ORGANUM
             AGMNORU
                          organon (system of rules for scientific investigation) [n -S or -NA]
ORMOLUS
             LMOORSU
                          ORMOLU, alloy used to imitate gold [n]
OROGENY
             EGNOORY
                          process of mountain formation [n -NIES]
                          OROIDE, alloy used to imitate gold [n]
OROIDES
             DEIOORS
                          study of mountains [n -GIES]
OROLOGY
             GLOOORY
OUTWASH
             AHOSTUW
                          detritus washed from glacier [n -ES]
                          compound of ozone [n -S]
OZONIDE
             DEINOOZ
                          OZONIZE, to convert into ozone [v -D, -SING, -S]
OZONISE
             EINOOSZ
             EINOOZZ
                          to convert into ozone [v -D, -ZING, -S]
OZONIZE
OZONOUS
             NOOOSUZ
                          pertaining to ozone (form of oxygen) [adj]
                       P 7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)
PACIFIC
             ACCFIIP
                          peaceful (undisturbed; calm) [adj]
                          pertaining to marsh (tract of low, wet land) [adj]
PALUDAL
             AADLLPU
PAMPERO
             AEMOPPR
                          cold, dry wind [n -S]
                          PARAMO, plateau region of South America [n]
PARAMOS
             AAMOPRS
                          PARKY, chilly (cool (moderately cold)) [adj]
PARKIER
             AEIKPRR
                          PASCAL, unit of pressure [n]
PASCALS
             AACLPSS
                          type of soil [n -S]
PEDOCAL
             ACDELOP
PELITES
             EEILPST
                          PELITE, rock composed of fine fragments [n]
                          PELITE, rock composed of fine fragments [adj]
PELITIC
             CEIILPT
PENNINE
             EEINNNP
                          mineral [n -S]
                          mineral [n -S]
PERIDOT
             DEIOPRT
                          volcanic glass [n -S]
PERLITE
             EEILPRT
                          of or pertaining to certain geologic time period [adj]
PERMIAN
             AEIMNPR
PETRIFY
             EFIPRTY
                          to convert into stone [v -FIED, -ING, -FIES]
             EEPRSTW
                          PEWTER, tin alloy [n]
PEWTERS
             EEPRTWY
                          PEWTER, tin alloy [adj]
PEWTERY
                          igneous rock [n -S]
PICRITE
             CEIIPRT
                          PINITE, mineral [n]
PINITES
             EIINPST
                          level stretch of elevated land [n -S or -X]
PLATEAU
             AAELPTU
                          PLUTON, formation of igneous rock [n]
PLUTONS
             LNOPSTU
PLUVIAL
             AILLPUV
                          prolonged period of wet climate [n -S]
                          characterized by much rain [adj]
PLUVIAN
             AILNPUV
                          pocosin (upland swamp) [n -S]
POCOSEN
             CENOOPS
             CINOOPS
                          upland swamp [n -S]
POCOSIN
POCOSON
             CNOOOPS
                          pocosin (upland swamp) [n -S]
PODSOLS
             DLOOPSS
                          PODSOL, podzol (infertile soil) [n]
                          PODZOL, infertile soil [n]
PODZOLS
             DLOOPSZ
                          dense fog of suspended ice particles [n -S]
POGONIP
             GINOOPP
                          POLDER, tract of low land reclaimed from body of water [n]
POLDERS
             DELOPRS
                          pertaining to rivers (large, natural stream of water) [adj]
POTAMIC
             ACIMOPT
                          tract of grassland [n -S]
PRAIRIE
             AEIIPRR
PRECIPS
             CEIPPRS
                          PRECIP, precipitation [n]
                          praedial (pertaining to land) [adj]
PREDIAL
             ADEILPR
                          PUMICE, to polish with porous volcanic rock [v]
PUMICED
             CDEIMPU
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		complied by Jacob Corien, Asheville Scrabble Club
PUMICER	CEIMPRU	one that pumices (to polish with porous volcanic rock) [n -S]
PUMICES	CEIMPSU	PUMICE, to polish with porous volcanic rock [v]
PYROPES	EOPPRSY	PYROPE, variety of garnet [n]
	Q:	7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)
QUINZIE	EIINQUZ	quinzhee (shelter made by hollowing out pile of snow) [n -S]
-	-	7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)
RAINBOW	ABINORW	arc of spectral colors formed in sky [n -S]
RAINIER	AEIINRR	RAINY, marked by rain [adj]
RAINILY	AIILNRY	in rainy manner [adv]
RAINING	AGIINNR	RAIN, to fall like rain (drops of water condensed from clouds) [v]
RAINOUT	AINORTU	atomic fallout occurring in precipitation [n -S]
RAVINES	AEINRSV	RAVINE, narrow, steep-sided valley [n]
REALGAR	AAEGLRR	mineral [n -S]
REEFIER	EEEFIRR	REEFY, abounding in ridges of rock [adj]
REFLOOD	DEFLOOR	FLOOD, to inundate (to overwhelm with water) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
REGOSOL	EGLOORS	type of soil [n -S]
RIDGIER	DEGIIRR	RIDGY, having ridges [adj]
RIDGING	DGGIINR	RIDGE, to form into ridges (long, narrow elevations) [v]
RIMIEST	EIIMRST	RIMY, frosty (covered with frost) [adj]
RIMROCK	CIKMORR	type of rock formation [n -S]
RIVAGES	AEGIRSV	RIVAGE, coast, shore, or bank [n]
RIVULET	EILRTUV	small stream [n S]
RUBACES	ABCERSU	RUBACE, rubasse (variety of quartz) [n]
RUBASSE	ABERSSU	variety of quartz [n -S]
RUNLETS	ELNRSTU	RUNLET, small stream [n]
RUNNELS	ELNNRSU	RUNNEL, small stream [n]
RUNOFFS	FFNORSU	RUNOFF, rainfall that is not absorbed by soil [n]
RUTILES	EILRSTU	RUTILE, mineral [n]
	S	7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)
SABKHAS	AABHKSS	SABKHA, coastal, flat, periodically flooded area in northern Africa [n]
SALINAS	AAILNSS	SALINA, pond, marsh, or lake containing salt water [n]
SALTING	AGILNST	land regularly flooded by tides [n -S
SAMIELS	AEILMSS	SAMIEL, simoom (hot, dry desert wind) [n]
SANDBAR	AABDNRS	ridge of sand formed in river or sea [n -S]
SANSARS	AANRSSS	SANSAR, sarsar (cold, whistling wind) [n]
SARDIUS	ADIRSSU	sard (variety of quartz) [n -ES]
SARSARS	AARRSSS	SARSAR, cold, whistling wind [n]
SARSENS	AENRSSS	SARSEN, large sandstone block [n]
SAVANNA	AAANNSV	SAVANNA, flat, treeless grassland [n -S]
SCHISTS	CHISSST	SCHIST, rock that readily splits into parallel layers [n]
SCHORLS	CHLORSS	SCHORL, mineral [n]
SCIENCE	CCEEINS	department of systematized knowledge [n -S]
SEADOGS	ADEGOSS	SEADOG, fogbow (nebulous arc of light sometimes seen in fog) [n]
SEASIDE	ADEEISS	seashore (land bordering on sea) [n -S]
SEICHES	CEEHISS	SEICHE, oscillation of surface of lake or landlocked sea [n]
SEISMAL	AEILMSS	SEISM, earthquake [adj]

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SEISMIC
             CEIIMSS
                          SEISM, earthquake [adj]
SEREINS
                          SEREIN, fine rain falling from apparently clear sky [n]
             EEINRSS
SFERICS
                          electronic detector of storms [n]
             CEFIRSS
                          SHALY, resembling shale (fissile rock) [adj] / SHALEY, shaly [adj]
SHALIER
             AEHILRS
                          SHAMAL, hot, dry wind [n]
SHAMALS
             AAHLMSS
                          abounding in briefs periods of rain [adj]
SHOWERY
             EHORSWY
SIENITE
             EEIINST
                          syenite (igneous rock) [n -S]
SIERRAN
             AEINRRS
                          SIERRA, mountain range [adj]
                          SIERRA, mountain range [n]
SIERRAS
             AEIRRSS
                          SILEX, silica (form of silicon) [n]
SILEXES
             EEILSSX
SILICAS
             ACIILSS
                          SILICA, form of silicon [n]
SILICON
             CIILNOS
                          nonmetallic element [n -S]
SIMOOMS
             IMMOOSS
                          SIMOOM, hot, dry desert wind [n]
SIROCCO
             CCIOORS
                          hot, dry wind [n -S]
SIZZLER
             EILRSZZ
                          very hot day [n -S]
                          having sky obscured by clouds [adj]
SKYLESS
             EKLSSSY
                          horizon (line where sky seems to meet earth) [n -S]
SKYLINE
             EIKLNSY
                          toward sky [adv]
SKYWARD
             ADKRSWY
                          SLIEVE, mountain (large, natural elevation of earth's surface) [n]
SLIEVES
             EEILSSV
SLOUGHY
             GHLOSUY
                          miry (swampy (marshy (resembling marsh))) [adj -HIER, -HIEST]
                          SNAW, to snow (to fall as snow (precipitation in form of ice crystals)) [v]
SNAWING
             AGINNSW
SNOWCAP
             ACNOPSW
                          covering of snow [n -S]
                          SNOWY, abounding in snow [adj]
SNOWIER
             EINORSW
                          in snowy manner [adv]
SNOWILY
             ILNOSWY
                          SNOW, to fall as snow (precipitation in form of ice crystals) [v]
SNOWING
             GINNOSW
SOLANOS
             ALNOOSS
                          SOLANO, strong, hot wind [n]
             EIOPRSU
                          SOUPY, foggy (filled with fog) [adj]
SOUPIER
SOUPILY
                          SOUPY, foggy (filled with fog) [adv]
             ILOPSUY
SOUTHER
             EHORSTU
                          wind or storm from south [n -S]
SOWBACK
             ABCKOSW
                          low ridge of sand [n -S]
SPATHIC
             ACHIPST
                          sparry (resembling spar (lustrous mineral)) [adj]
                          SPHENE, mineral [n]
SPHENES
             EEHNPSS
SPILITE
             EIILPST
                          form of basalt [n -S]
                          SPINEL, mineral [n]
SPINELS
             EILNPSS
                          light caused by combustion of marsh gas [n -S]
SPUNKIE
             EIKNPSU
                          gusty (blowing in gusts) [adj -LIER, -LIEST]
SQUALLY
             ALLQSUY
STEELED
             DEEELST
                          STEEL, to cover with steel (tough iron alloy) [v]
             DEMORST
                          STORM, to blow violently [v]
STORMED
                          STRATH, wide river valley [n]
             AHRSSTT
STRATHS
STRATUS
             ARSSTTU
                          type of cloud [n -TI or -ES]
                          STREAM, to flow in steady current [v]
STREAMS
             AEMRSST
                          STREAM, to flow in steady current [v]
STREAMS
             AEMRSST
                          streaming [adj -MIER, -MIEST]
STREAMY
             AEMRSTY
SUMMERS
             EMMRSSU
                          SUMMER, to pass summer (warmest season of year) [v]
                          characteristic of summer [adj -RIER, -RIEST]
SUMMERY
             EMMRSUY
                          beam of sunlight [n -S]
             ABEMNSU
SUNBEAM
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SUNBOWS
             BNOSSUW
                          SUNBOW, arc of spectral colors formed by sun shining through mist [n]
                          SUNDOG, small rainbow (arc of spectral colors formed in sky) [n]
SUNDOGS
             DGNOSSU
SUNGLOW
             GLNOSUW
                          glow in sky caused by sun [n -S]
SUNKERS
             EKNRSSU
                          SUNKER, ridge of rock near surface of sea [n]
                          area marked by great amount of sunshine [n -S]
SUNLAND
             ADLNNSU
SUNLESS
             ELNSSSU
                          having no sunlight [adj]
SUNRAYS
             ANRSSUY
                          SUNRAY, ray of sunlight [n]
                          SURFY, abounding in breaking waves [adj]
SURFIER
             EFIRRSU
                          igneous rock [n -S]
SYENITE
             EEINSTY
                          sylvite (ore of potassium) [n -S]
SYLVINE
             EILNSVY
SYLVINS
             ILNSSVY
                          SYLVIN, sylvite (ore of potassium) [n]
                          ore of potassium [n -S]
SYLVITE
             EILSTVY
                       T 7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)
TAENITE
                          nickel-iron alloy in meteorites [n -S]
             AEEINTT
TALUSES
             AELSSTU
                          TALUS, slope formed by accumulation of rock debris [n]
                          TAMBAC, tombac (alloy of copper and zinc) [n]
TAMBACS
             AABCMST
                          TAMBAK, tombac (alloy of copper and zinc) [n]
TAMBAKS
             AABKMST
                          TAXITE, volcanic rock [n]
TAXITES
             AEISTTX
                          TAXITE, volcanic rock [adj]
TAXITIC
             ACIITTX
TEPHRAS
             AEHPRST
                          TEPHRA, solid material ejected from volcano [n]
TERRANE
             AEENRRT
                          rock formation [n -S]
THALWEG
             AEGHLTW
                          line defining lowest points along length of riverbed [n -S]
                          thorium ore [n -S]
THORITE
             EHIORTT
TIDALLY
                          TIDAL, pertaining to tides [adv]
             ADILLTY
                          riptide (tide that opposes other tides) [n -S]
TIDERIP
             DEIIPRT
TIDEWAY
             ADEITWY
                          tidal channel [n -S]
                          rock made up of consolidated clay, sand, gravel, and boulders [n -S]
TILLITE
             EIILLTT
TITANIA
             AAIINTT
                          mineral [n -S]
                          tombac (alloy of copper and zinc) [n -S]
TOMBACK
             ABCKMOT
TOMBACS
             ABCMOST
                          TOMBAC, alloy of copper and zinc [n]
TOMBAKS
             ABKMOST
                          TOMBAK, tombac (alloy of copper and zinc) [n]
                          sandbar connecting island to mainland [n -S]
TOMBOLO
             BLMOOOT
TOPAZES
             AEOPSTZ
                          TOPAZ, mineral [n]
                          violent windstorm [n -S or -ES]
TORNADO
             ADNOORT
                          rapid stream of water [n -S]
TORRENT
             ENORRTT
                          TRASS, volcanic rock [n]
TRASSES
             AERSSST
TRIPOLI
             IILOPRT
                          soft, friable rock [n -S]
TSUNAMI
             AIMNSTU
                          very large ocean wave [n -s]
                          TUNDRA, level, treeless expanse of arctic land [n]
TUNDRAS
             ADNRSTU
TURGITE
             EGIRTTU
                          iron ore [n -S]
                           tropical hurricane [n -S]
TYPHOON
             HNOOPTY
                       U 7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)
                          mineral [n -S]
ULEXITE
             EEILTUX
ULTISOL
             ILLOSTU
                          reddish-yellow acid soil [n -S]
                          igneous rock [n -S]
UNAKITE
             AEIKNTU
                          to free from clouds [v -ED, -ING, -S]
UNCLOUD
             CDLNOUU
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UPCOAST	ACOPSTU	up coast [adv]				
UPDRAFT	ADFPRTU	upward movement of air [n -S]				
UPLANDS	ADLNPSU	UPLAND, higher land of region [n]				
UPRIVER	EIPRRUV	area lying toward source of river [n -S]				
URALITE	AEILRTU	mineral [n -S]				
URANITE	AEINRTU	mineral [n -S]				
V 7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)						
VALLEYS	AELLSVY	VALLEY, depression of earth's surface [n]				
VAPORED	ADEOPRV	VAPOR, to emit vapor (visible floating moisture) [v]				
VAPOURS	AOPRSUV	VAPOUR, to vapor (to emit vapor (visible floating moisture)) [v]				
VERSANT	AENRSTV	slope of mountain or mountain chain [n -S]				
VOLCANO	ACLNOOV	opening in earth's crust through which molten rock and gases are ejected [n -S or -ES]				
VUGULAR	AGLRUUV	pertaining to vugs (small cavity in rock or lode) [adj]				
W 7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)						
WAVELET	AEELTVW	small wave [n -S]				
WAVIEST	AEISTVW	WAVY, having waves [adj]				
WEATHER	AEEHRTW	to expose to atmospheric conditions [v -ED, -ING, -S]				
WELKINS	EIKLNSW	WELKIN, sky [n]				
WETLAND	ADELNTW	land containing much soil moisture [n -S]				
WINDAGE	ADEGINW	effect of wind (air in natural motion) on projectile [n -S]				
WINTERS	EINRSTW	WINTER, to pass winter (coldest season of year) [v]				
WINTERY	EINRTWY	wintry (characteristic of winter) [adj -RIER, -RIEST]				
	X	7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)				
Y 7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)						
Z 7s - Earth (geology, oceanography, meteorology)						
ZEOLITE	EEILOTZ	mineral [n -S]				
ZEPHYRS	EHPRSYZ	ZEPHYR, gentle breeze [n]				
ZIRCONS	CINORSZ	ZIRCON, mineral [n]				
ZOISITE	EIIOSTZ	mineral [n -S]				