

Earth Science (Geology, Oceanography, Meteorology) 7s

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ABYSSAL	AABLSSY	ABYSS, bottomless chasm [adj]
ABYSSES	ABESSSY	ABYSS, bottomless chasm [n]
AEOLIAN	AAEILNO	eolian (pertaining to wind) [adj]
AETHERS	AEEHRST	AETHER, upper region of atmosphere [n]
AGATIZE	AAEGITZ	to cause to resemble agate (variety of quartz) [v -D, -ZING, -S]
AGATOID	AADGIOT	AGATE, variety of quartz [adj]
AGGRADE	AADEGGR	to fill with detrital material [v -D, -DING, -S]
AIRGLOW	AGILORW	glow in upper atmosphere [n -S]
AIRINGS	AGIINRS	AIRING, exposure to air [n]
AIRLESS	AEILRSS	having no air [adj]
AIRSHED	ADEHIRS	air supply of given region [n -S]
AIRSOME	AEIMORS	cold (having little or no warmth) [adj]
AIRWARD	AADIRRW	toward sky [adv]
ALBATAS	AAABLST	ALBATA, alloy of copper, nickel, and zinc [n]
ALBITES	ABEILST	ALBITE, mineral [n]
ALBITIC	ABCIILT	ALBITE, mineral [adj]
ALLOBAR	AABLLOR	change in barometric pressure [n -S]
ALLOYED	ADELLOY	ALLOY, to combine to form alloy (homogenous mixture of metals) [v]
ALNICOS	ACILNOS	ALNICO, alloy containing aluminum, nickel, and cobalt [n]
ALUNITE	AEILNTU	mineral [n -S]
AMALGAM	AAAGLMM	alloy of mercury with another metal [n -S]
AMOSITE	AEIMOST	type of asbestos (mineral) [n -S]
ANATASE	AAAENST	mineral [n -S]
ANEROID	ADEINOR	type of barometer [n -S]
APATITE	AAEIPTT	mineral [n -S]
APLITES	AEILPST	APLITE, fine-grained rock [n]
APLITIC	ACIILPT	APLITE, fine-grained rock [adj]
AQUIFER	AEFIQRU	water-bearing rock formation [n -S]
ARCHEAN	AACEHNR	pertaining to Archean geological eon [adj]
ARCUSES	ACERSSU	ARCUS, arch-shaped cloud [n]
ARENITE	AEEINRT	rock made up chiefly of sand grains [n -S]
ARENOSE	AEENORS	sandy (containing or covered with sand) [adj]
ARENOUS	AENORSU	arenose (sandy (containing or covered with sand)) [adj]
ARGENTS	AEGNRST	ARGENT, silver [n]
ARIDEST	ADEIRST	ARID, extremely dry [adj]
ARIDITY	ADIIRTY	state of being arid (extremely dry) [n -TIES]
ARKOSES	AEKORSS	ARKOSE, type of sandstone [n]
ARKOSIC	ACIKORS	ARKOSE, type of sandstone [adj]
ARSENIC	ACEINRS	metallic element [n -S]
ASHFALL	AAFHLLS	deposit of volcanic ash [n -S]
ASTERIA	AAEIRST	gemstone cut to exhibit asterism (property of certain minerals of showing starlike luminous figure) [n -S]
AUGITES	AEGISTU	AUGITE, mineral [n]
AUGITIC	ACGIITU	AUGITE, mineral [adj]
AUTUMNS	AMNSTUU	AUTUMN, season of year [n]

AEIRTUZ mineral [n -S] AZURITE

		B
BABBITT	ABBBITT	to line with babbitt (alloy of tin, copper, and antimony) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
BADLAND	AABDDLN	barren, hilly area [n -S]
BAGUETS	ABEGSTU	baguette (rectangular gem) [n]
BALASES	AABELSS	BALAS, red variety of spinel [n]
BALMIER	ABEILMR	BALMY, mild (not harsh or rough) [adj]
BARCHAN	AABCHNR	type of sand dune [n -S]
BARITES	ABEIRST	BARITE, mineral [n]
BARRENS	ABENRRS	BARREN, tract of barren land [n]
BARYTES	ABERSTY	BARYTE, barite (mineral) [n]
BASALTS	AABLSST	BASALT, volcanic rock [n]
BASKING	ABGIKNS	BASK, to lie in pleasant warmth [v]
BAUXITE	ABEITUX	ore of aluminum [n -S]
BAYAMOS	AABMOSY	BAYAMO, strong wind [n]
BAYSIDE	ABDEISY	shore of bay (inlet of sea) [n -S]
BECALMS	ABCELMS	BECALM, to make calm [v]
BECLOUD	BCDELOU	to make cloudy (overcast with clouds) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
BEDEWED	BDDEEEW	BEDEW, to wet with dew [v]
BEDROCK	BCDEKOR	rock under soil [n-S]
BEMISTS	BEIMSST	BEMIST, to envelop in mist [v]
BENTHAL	ABEHLNT	benthic (pertaining to oceanic depths) [adj]
BENTHIC	BCEHINT	pertaining to oceanic depths [adj]
BESNOWS	BENOSSW	BESNOW, to cover with snow [v]
BILLONS	BILLNOS	BILLON, alloy of silver and copper [n]
BIOTITE	BEIIOTT	form of mica [n -S]
BIOTRON	BINOORT	climate control chamber [n -S]
BLENDES	BDEELNS	BLENDE, shiny mineral [n]
BLOWIER	BEILORW	BLOWY, windy (marked by strong wind) [adj]
BLUEWAY	ABELUWY	water route reserved for nonmotorized craft [n -S]
BOFFINS	BFFINOS	BOFFIN, scientific expert [n]
BOFFINY	BFFINOY	BOFFIN, scientific expert [adj]
BOGGIER	BEGGIOR	BOGGY, marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land)) [adj]
BOGGISH	BGGHIOS	boggy (marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land))) [adj]
BOGHOLE	BEGHLOO	natural hole in ground with swampy bottom [n -S]
BOLSONS	BLNOOSS	BOLSON, flat arid valley [n]
BOMBORA	ABBMOOR	sea area over ridge of rock [n -S]
BONEBED	BBDEENO	area containing dinosaur fossils [n -S]
BORACES	ABCEORS	BORAX, white crystalline compound [n]
BORACIC	ABCCIOR	boric (pertaining to boron (nonmetallic element)) [adj] BORAX, white crystalline compound [n]
BORAXES BORNITE	ABEORSX BEINORT	ore of copper [n -S]
BOULDER	BDELORU	to climb up large rocks [v ED, -ING, -S]
BRASSED	ABDERSS	BRASS, to coat with brass (alloy of copper and zinc) [v]
DIVASSED	ADDLINGS	bid 35, to cout with bid55 (alloy of copper and zinc) [v]



BRASSES	ABERSSS	BRASS, to coat with brass (alloy of copper and zinc) [v]
BRECCIA	ABCCEIR	type of rock [n -S]
BREEZED	BDEEERZ	BREEZE, to move swiftly [v]
BREEZES	BEEERSZ	BREEZE, to move swiftly [v]
BRUMOUS	BMORSUU	BRUME, fog [adj]
BUDDLES	BDDELSU	BUDDLE, apparatus on which crushed ore is washed [n]

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		C
CALCITE	ACCEILT	mineral [n -S]
CALDERA	AACDELR	large crater [n]
CALICHE	ACCEHIL	mineral deposit [n -S]
CALMEST	ACELMST	CALM, free from agitation [adj]
CANNELS	ACELNNS	CANNEL, oily, compact coal [n]
CAPROCK	ACCKOPR	overlying rock layer [n -S]
CATSPAW	AACPSTW	light wind [n -S]
CENOTES	CEENOST	CENOTE, sinkhole in limestone [n]
CERITES	CEEIRST	CERITE, mineral [n]
CERMETS	CEEMRST	CERMET, ceramal (heat-resistant alloy) [n]
CHASMAL	AACHLMS	CHASM, deep cleft in earth [adj]
CHASMED	ACDEHMS	CHASM, deep cleft in earth [adj]
CHASMIC	ACCHIMS	CHASM, deep cleft in earth [adj]
CHILLED	CDEHILL	CHILL, to make cold (having little or no warmth) [v]
CHILLER	CEHILLR	CHILL, cool (moderately cold) [adj]
CHINOOK	CHIKNOO	warm wind [n -S]
CIRQUES	CEIQRSU	CIRQUE, deep, steep-walled basin on mountain [n]
CITRINE	CEIINRT	variety of quartz [n -S]
CLASTIC	ACCILST	rock made up of other rocks [n -S]
CLAYIER	ACEILRY	CLAYEY, resembling clay [adj]
CLAYING	ACGILNY	CLAY, to treat with clay (fine-grained, earthy material) [v]
CLAYISH	ACHILSY	resembling or containing clay [adj]
CLAYPAN	AACLNPY	shallow natural depression [n -S]
CLIMATE	ACEILMT	weather conditions characteristic of area [n -S]
CLOUDED	CDDELOU	CLOUD, to cover with clouds (masses of visible vapor) [v]
CLOUGHS	CGHLOSU	CLOUGH, ravine (narrow, steep-sided valley) [n]
COALIFY	ACFILOY	to convert into coal [v -FIED, -ING, -FIES]
COASTAL	AACLOST	pertaining to or located near seashore [adj]
COESITE	CEEIOST	type of silica (type of silicon (nonmetallic element) [n -S]
COLDEST	CDELOST	COLD, having little or no warmth [adj]
COLDISH	CDHILOS	somewhat cold [adj]
COLTANS	ACLNOST	COLTAN, black ore containing columbite and tantalite [n]
CONFLUX	CFLNOUX	flowing together of streams [n -ES]
CONVECT	CCENOTV	to transfer heat by process of circulation [v -ED, -ING, -S]
COOLEST	CELOOST	COOL, moderately cold [adj]
COOLTHS	CHLOOST	COOLTH, coolness (state of being cool (moderately cold)) [n]
COOMBES	BCEMOOS	COOMBE, combe (narrow valley) [n]

7-letter bingos go down on your board about SCIENCE - EARTH (geology, oceanography, meteorology)

NWL23 Highlighted compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club

CORRIES	CEIORRS	CORRIE, cirque (deep, steep-walled basin on mountain) [n]
COTEAUS	ACEOSTU	COTEAU, higher ground of region [n]
COTEAUX	ACEOTUX	COTEAU, higher ground of region [n]
COTIDAL	ACDILOT	indicating coincidence of tides [adj]
COULEES	CEELOSU	COULEE, small ravine (narrow, steep-sided valley) [n]
COULOIR	CILOORU	deep gorge or gully [n -S]
CRAGGED	ACDEGGR	CRAG, large jagged rock [adj]
CRANNOG	ACGNNOR	artificial island [n -S]
CRATONS	ACNORST	CRATON, part of earth's crust [n]
CRUSTAL	ACLRSTU	pertaining to earth's crust [adj]
CRYSTAL	ACLRSTY	transparent mineral [n -S]
CUESTAS	ACESSTU	CUESTA, type of land elevation [n]
CUMULUS	CLMSUUU	type of cloud [n CUMULI, -ES]
CUPRITE	CEIPRTU	ore of copper [n -S]
CURITES	CEIRSTU	CURITE, radioactive mineral [n]
CUTBANK	ABCKNTU	steep stream bank [n -S]
CYANIDE	ACDEINY	to treat ore with cyanid (compound of cyanogen) [v -D, -DING, -S]
CYANITE	ACEINTY	mineral [n -S]
CYCLONE	CCELNOY	rotating system of winds [n -S]

DACITES	ACDEIST	DACITE, light gray rock [n]
DEFROST	DEFORST	to remove frost from [v -ED, -ING, -S]
DELTAIC	ACDEILT	DELTA, alluvial deposit at mouth of river [adj]
DELUGED	DDEEGLU	DELUGE, to flood (to inundate (to overwhelm with water)) [v]
DELUGES	DEEGLSU	DELUGE, to flood (to inundate (to overwhelm with water)) [v]
DEMISTS	DEIMSST	DEMIST, to defog (to remove fog from) [v]
DERECHO	CDEEHOR	line of intense widespread windstorms [n -S]
DEWDROP	DDEOPRW	drop of dew [n -S]
DEWFALL	ADEFLLW	formation of dew [n -S]
DEWIEST	DEEISTW	DEWY, moist with dew [adj]
DEWLESS	DEELSSW	having no dew [adj]
DIABASE	AABDEIS	igneous rock [n -S]
DIAMOND	ADDIMNO	to adorn with diamonds (solid form of element carbon) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
DIAPIRS	ADIIPRS	DIAPIR, bend in layer of rock [n]
DIASTEM	ADEIMST	interruption in deposit of sedimentation [n -S]
DIORITE	DEIIORT	igneous rock [n -S]
DISMALS	ADILMSS	DISMAL, track of swampy land [n]
DISTILL	DIILLST	to extract by vaporization and condensation [v -ED, -ING, -S]
DISTILS	DIILSST	DISTIL, to distill (to extract by vaporization and condensation) [v]
DJEBELS	BDEEJLS	DJEBEL, jebel (mountain (large, natural elevation of earth's surface)) [n]
DOGVANE	ADEGNOV	small vane (device for showing direction of wind) [n -S]
DRIFTED	DDEFIRT	DRIFT, to move along in current [v]
DRIFTER	DEFIRRT	one that drifts (to move along in current) [n -S]
DRIZZLE	DEILRZZ	to rain lightly [v -D, -LING, -S]



DRIZZLY	DILRYZZ	characterized by light rain [adj -LIER, -LIEST]
DROUGHT	DGHORTU	dry period [n -S]
DROUTHS	DHORSTU	DROUTH, drought (dry period) [n]
DROUTHY	DHORTUY	droughty (dry (having no moisture)) [adj -HIER, -HIEST]
DRYLAND	ADDLNRY	arid region [n -S]
DRYNESS	DENRSSY	state of being dry (having no moisture) [n -ES]
DUNITES	DEINSTU	DUNITE, igneous rock [n]
DUNITIC	CDIINTU	DUNITE, igneous rock [adj]

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E

EARTHED	ADEEHRT	EARTH, to cover with earth (soil) [v]
EARTHEN	AEEHNRT	made of earth [adj]
EARTHLY	AEHLRTY	worldly (pertaining to world (earth and all its inhabitants) [adj -IER, -LIEST]
EASTERS	AEERSST	EASTER, wind or storm from east [n]
EDAPHIC	ACDEHIP	pertaining to soil [adj]
EDDYING	DDEGINY	EDDY, to move against main current [v]
ELUVIAL	AEILLUV	pertaining to eluvium (soil deposit) [adj]
ELUVIUM	EILMUUV	soil deposit [n -S, -IA]
EMERALD	ADEELMR	green gem [n -S]
EMERIES	EEEIMRS	EMERY, granular corundum [n]
EPEIRIC	CEEIIPR	pertaining to vertical movement of earth's crust [adj]
EPIDOTE	DEEIOPT	mineral [n -S]
EPIGENE	EEEGINP	occurring near surface of earth [adj]
ERODENT	DEENORT	erosive (causing erosion (act of eroding (to wear away from constant friction) [adj]
ERODING	DEGINOR	ERODE (to wear away from constant friction) [v]
EROSION	EINOORS	act of eroding (to wear away from constant friction) [n -S]
EROSIVE	EEIORSV	causing erosion (act of eroding (to wear away from constant friction) [adj]
ESTIVAL	AEILSTV	pertaining to summer [adj]
ESTUARY	AERSTUY	inlet of sea at river's lower end [n -S]
ETESIAN	AEEINST	annually recurring wind [n -S]
EUCLASE	ACEELSU	mineral [n -S]
EUCRITE	CEEIRTU	type of meteorite [n -S]
EUSTACY	ACESTUY	worldwide change in sea level [n -CIES]
EUSTASY	AESSTUY	eustacy (worldwide change in sea level) [n -SIES]

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F

FELSITE FELSPAR FENLAND FENNIER FJORDIC FLINTED FLOODED	EEFILST AEFLPRS ADEFLNN EEFINNR CDFIJOR DEFILNT DDEFLOO	igneous rock [n -S] feldspar (mineral) [n -S] marshy ground [n -S] FENNY, marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land)) [adj] FJORD, narrow inlet of sea between steep cliffs [adj] FLINT, to provide with flint (spark-producing rock) [v] FLOOD, to inundate (to overwhelm with water) [v]
FLOODED FLUORIC	DDEFLOO CFILORU	FLOOD, to inundate (to overwhelm with water) [v] FLUOR, fluorite (mineral) [adj]



FLUVIAL	AFILLUV	pertaining to river (large, natural stream of water) [adj]
FOGBOWS	BFGOOSW	FOGBOW, nebulous arc of light sometimes seen in fog [n]
FOGDOGS	DFGGOOS	FOGDOG, fogbow (nebulous arc of light sometimes seen in fog) [n]
FOGGIER	EFGGIOR	FOGGY, filled with fog [adj]
FOGGILY	FGGILOY	FOGGY, filled with fog [adv]
FOGGING	FGGGINO	covering with fog $[n - S] / FOG$, to cover with fog (condensed water vapor near earth's surface) $[v]$
FOGLESS	EFGLOSS	having no fog [adj]
FRACTUS	ACFRSTU	ragged cloud [n -TI]
FRESHET	EEFHRST	sudden overflow of stream [n -S]
FROSTED	DEFORST	FROST, to cover with frost (deposit of minute ice crystals) [v]
FUMULUS	FLMSUUU	thin cloud [n -LI]

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G

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GABBROS
             ABBGORS
                          GABBRO, type of rock [n]
GAHNITE
             AEGHINT
                          mineral [n -S]
GALENAS
             AAEGLNS
                          GALENA, principal ore of lead [n]
GALENIC
             ACEGILN
                          GALENA, principal ore of lead [adj]
                          GANGUE, worthless rock in which valuable minerals are found [n]
GANGUES
             AEGGNSU
GARIGUE
             AEGGIRU
                          low scrubland [n -S]
                          GARNET, mineral [n]
GARNETS
             AEGNRST
GEMLIKE
             EEGIKLM
                          resembling gem (precious stone) [adj]
                          GEMMY, resembling gem (precious stone) [adj]
GEMMIER
             EEGIMMR
GEMMILY
             EEGIMMR
                          in manner suggesting gem (precious stone) [adv]
GEMMING
             EGGIMMN
                          GEM, adorn with gem (precious stones) [v]
                          geographical surveying [n -SES]
GEODESY
             DEEGOSY
                          GEOID, hypothetical surface of earth [adj]
GEOIDAL
             ADEGILO
                          science that deals with origin and structure of earth [n -GIES]
GEOLOGY
             EGGLOOY
GEOTAGS
             AEGGOST
                          GEOTAG, to add geographic metadata to file [v]
                          GEYSER, to eject jets of hot water and steam [v]
GEYSERS
             EEGRSSY
                          GHIBLI, hot desert wind [n]
GHIBLIS
             BGHIILS
GIRASOL
                          variety of opal [n -S]
             AGILORS
GIROSOL
             GILOORS
                          girasol (variety of opal) [n -S]
GLACIAL
             AACGILL
                          of or pertaining to glaciers [adj]
GLACIER
             ACEGILR
                          huge mass of ice [n -S]
GLEYING
                          development of gley (clay soil layer) [n -S]
             EGGILNY
GLYPTIC
             CGILPTY
                          art or process of engraving on gems [n -S]
GOSSANS
             AGNOSSS
                          GOSSAN, type of decomposed rock [n]
GOTHITE
             EGHIOTT
                          goethite (ore of iron) [n -S]
                          depression in earth's crust [n]
GRABENS
             ABBEGNR
                          type of rock [n -S]
GRANITE
             AEGINRT
GRAUPEL
             AEGLPRU
                          granular snow pellets [n -S]
                          GRAVEL, to pave with gravel (mixture of rock fragments) [v]
GRAVELS
             AEGLRSV
GREISEN
             EEGINRS
                          type of rock [n -S]
GROYNES
             EGNORSY
                          structure built to keep shore from erosion [n]
                          GULLEY, ravine (narrow, steep-sided valley) [n]
GULLEYS
             EGLLSUY
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GULLIED	DEGILLU	GULLY, to form ravines by action of water [v]
GULLIES	EGILLSU	GULLY, to form ravines by action of water [v]
GUMMITE	EGIMMTU	mixture of various minerals [n -S]
GUSTIER	EGIRSTU	GUSTY, blowing in gusts [adj]
GUSTILY	GILSTUY	in gusty manner [adv]
GUSTING	GGINSTU	GUST, to blow in gusts (sudden blasts of wind) [v]
GYPSUMS	GMPSSUY	GYPSUM, mineral [n]
GYTTJAS	AGJSTTY	GYTTJA, organically rich mud [n]

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HABOOBS	ABBHOOS	HABOOB, violent sandstorm [n]
HALITES	AEHILST	HALITE, mineral [n]
HAMADAS	AAADHMS	HAMADA, hammada (desert plateau of bedrock) [n]
HAMMADA	AAADHMM	desert plateau of bedrock [n]
HAPLITE	AEHILPT	aplite (fine-grained rock) [n -S]
HARDPAN	AADHNPR	layer of hard subsoil [n -S]
HEAVENS	AEEHNSV	HEAVEN, sky [n]
HESSITE	EEHISST	mineral [n -S]
HOGBACK	ABCGHKO	sharp ridge [n -S]
HOLARDS	ADHLORS	HOLARD, total quantity of water in soil [n]
HOMMOCK	CHKMMOO	ridge in ice field [n -S]
HORIZON	HINOORZ	line where sky seems to meet earth [n -S]
HORNITO	HINOORT	mound of volcanic matter [n -S]
HORSTES	EHORSST	HORSTE, horst (portion of earth's crust) [n]
HOTBEDS	BDEHOST	HOTBED, bed of rich soil [n]
HUMIDEX	DEHIMUX	index of discomfort [n -ES]
HUMIDLY	DHILMUY	in humid manner [adv]
HYALITE	AEHILTY	colorless opal [n -S]

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Ι

ICEBERG	BCEEGIR	large floating body of ice [n -S]
ICECAPS	ACCEIPS	ICECAP, covering of ice and snow [n]
ICHNITE	CEHIINT	fossil footprint [n -S]
ICICLED	CCDEIIL	ICICLE, hanging spike of ice [adj]
ICICLES	CCEIILS	ICICLE, hanging spike of ice [n]
ILLITES	EIILLST	ILLITE, group of minerals [n]
ILLITIC	CIIILLT	ILLITE, group of minerals [adj]
INLANDS	ADILNNS	INLAND, interior of region [n]
INLIERS	EIILNRS	INLIER, type of rock formation [n]
INSHORE	EHINORS	near shore [adj]
IOLITES	EIILOST	IOLITE, mineral [n]
IRISING	GIIINRS	IRIS, to give form of rainbow to [v]
ISLETED	DEEILST	ISLET, small island [adj]
ISOBATH	ABHIOST	line on map connecting points of equal water depth [n -S]



ISOCHOR	CHIOORS	isochore (curve used to show relationship between pressure and temperature) [n -S]
ISODOSE	DEIOOSS	pertaining to zones that receive equal doses of radiation [adj]
ISOGONE	EGINOOS	line on map used to show characteristics of earth's magnetic field [n -S]
ISOGRAM	AGIMORS	line on map connecting points of equal value [n -S]
ISOGRIV	GIIORSV	line drawn on map such that all points have equal grid variation [n -S]
ISOHELS	EHILOSS	ISOHEL, line on map connecting points receiving equal sunshine [n]
ISOHYET	EHIOSTY	line on map connecting points having equal rainfall [n -S]
ISOLINE	EIILNOS	isogram (line on map connecting points of equal value) [n -S]
ISOTACH	ACHIOST	line on map connecting points of equal wind velocity [n -S]
ISTHMIC	CHIIMST	pertaining to isthmus (strip of land connecting two larger land masses) [adj]
ISTHMUS	HIMSSTU	strip of land connecting two larger land masses [n -ES, -MI]

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J

JACINTH	ACHIJNT	variety of zircon [n -S]
JADEITE	ADEEIJT	mineral [n -S]
JADITIC	ACDIIJT	JADEITE, mineral [adj]
JARGOON	AGJNOOR	variety of zircon [n -S]
JASPERS	AEJPRSS	JASPER (variety of quartz) [n]
JASPERY	AEJPRSY	JASPER (variety of quartz) [adj]
JUNGLED	DEGJLNU	JUNGLE, land covered with dense tropical vegetation [adj]
JUNGLES	EGJLNSU	JUNGLE, land covered with dense tropical vegetation [n]

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KAINITE	AEIIKNT	mineral salt [n -S]
KAINITS	AIIKNST	KAINIT, kainite (mineral salt) [n]
KAMSEEN	AEEKMNS	khamsin (hot, dry wind) [n -S]
KAMSINS	AIKMNSS	KAMSIN, khamsin (hot, dry wind) [n]
KAOLINE	AEIKLNO	kaolin (fine white clay) [n -S]
KAOLINS	AIKLNOS	KAOLIN, fine white clay [n]
KARSTIC	ACIKRST	KARST, limestone region [adj]
KERNITE	EEIKNRT	mineral [n -S]
KEROGEN	EEGKNOR	substance found in shale [n -S]
KHAMSIN	AHIKMNS	hot, dry wind [n -S]
KILOBAR	ABIKLOR	unit of atmospheric pressure [n -S]
KUNZITE	EIKNTUZ	mineral [n -S]
KYANITE	AEIKNTY	cyanite (mineral) [n -S]

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L

LAGOONS	AGLNOOS	LAGOON, shallow body of water [n]
LAGUNAS	AAGLNSU	LAGUNA, lagoon (shallow body of water) [n]
LAGUNES	AEGLNSU	LAGUNE, lagoon (shallow body of water) [n]
LAKEBED	ABDEEKL	floor of lake [n -S]
LALLAND	AADLLLN	lowland (area of land lying lower than adjacent country) [n -S]



LALLANS	AALLLNS	LALLAN, lowland (area of land lying lower than adjacent country) [n]
LAPIDES	ADEILPS	LAPIS, semiprecious stone [n]
LAPISES	AEILPSS	LAPIS, semiprecious stone [n]
LATOSOL	ALLOOST	tropical soil [n -S]
LATTENS	AELNSTT	LATTEN, brass-like alloy [n]
LATTINS	AILNSTT	LATTIN, latten (brass-like alloy) [n]
LAZULIS	AILLSUZ	LAZULI, mineral [n]
LEEWARD	ADEELRW	direction toward which wind is blowing [n -S]
LEUCITE	CEEILTU	mineral [n -S]
LIASSIC	ACIILSS	of or pertaining to certain geologic time period [adj]
LIGNITE	EGIILNT	type of coal [n -S]
LIGURES	EGILRSU	LIGURE, precious stone [n]
LITHIFY	FHIILTY	to petrify (to convert into stone) [v -FIED, -ING, -FIES]
LITHOID	DHIILOT	resembling stone [adj]
LITORAL	AILLORT	pertaining to coastal region [adj]
LOAMIER	AEILMOR	LOAMY, resembling loam (type of soil) [adj]
LOCHANS	ACHLNOS	LOCHAN, small lake (sizable inland body of water) [n]
LOESSAL	AELLOSS	LOESS, soil deposit [adj]
LOESSES	EELOSSS	LOESS, soil deposit [n]
LOWLAND	ADLLNOW	area of land lying lower than adjacent country [n -S]

Earth Science (Geology, Oceanography, Meteorology) 7s

М

MAGMATA	AAAGMMT	MAGMA, molten matter from which igneous rock is formed [n]
MALMIER	AEILMMR	MALMY, resembling malm (soft, friable limestone) [adj]
MALTHAS	AAHLMST	MALTHA, natural tar [n]
MAREMMA	AAEMMMR	marshy coastal region [n -ME]
MARLIER	AEILMRR	MARLY, abounding with marl (earthy deposit containing lime, clay, and sand) [adj]
MARLITE	AEILMRT	type of marl [n -S]
MARSHED	ADEHMRS	MARSH, tract of low, wet land [adj]
MARSHES	AEHMRSS	MARSH, tract of low, wet land [n]
MASKEGS	AEGKMSS	MASKEG, muskeg (marsh (tract of low, wet land)) [n]
MASSIFS	AFIMSSS	MASSIF, principal mountain mass [n]
MAUSIER	AEIMRSU	MAUSY, mauzy (foggy, misty) [adj]
MAUZIER	AEIMRUZ	MAUZY, foggy, misty [adj]
MEADOWS	ADEMOSW	MEADOW, tract of grassland [n]
MEADOWY	ADEMOWY	MEADOW, tract of grassland [adj]
MEGABAR	AABEGMR	unit of pressure [n -S]
METEORS	EEMORST	METEOR, small celestial body that enters earth's atmosphere [n]
MIDAIRS	ADIIMRS	MIDAIR, region in middle of air [n]
MINABLE	ABEILMN	capable of being mined [adj]
MINERAL	AEILMNR	naturally occurring inorganic substance having characteristic set of physical properties [n -S]
MININGS	GIIMNNS	MINING, process or business of working mines (excavations in earth) [n]
MIOCENE	CEEIMNO	of or pertaining to certain geologic time period [adj]
MIRIEST	EIIMRST	MIRY, swampy (marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land))) [adj]
MISTBOW	BIMOSTW	fogbow (nebulous arc of light sometimes seen in fog) [n -S]



MISTILY	IILMSTY	in misty manner [adv]
MISTING	GIIMNST	MIST, to become blurry [v]
MISTRAL	AILMRST	cold, dry wind [n -S]
MIZZLED	DEILMZZ	MIZZLE, to rain in fine droplets [v]
MIZZLES	EILMSZZ	MIZZLE, to rain in fine droplets [v]
MONSOON	MNNOOOS	seasonal wind [n -S]
MONTANE	AEMNNOT	lower vegetation belt of mountain [n -S]
MOONBOW	BMNOOOW	rainbow formed by light from moon [n -S]
MOONDOG	DGMNOOO	bright spot in sky formed by moonlight [n -S]
MOORIER	EIMOORR	MOORY, marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land)) [adj]
MOORISH	HIMOORS	marshy (resembling marsh (tract of low, wet land)) [adj]
MORAINE	AEIMNOR	accumulation of debris deposited by glacier [n -S]
MORASSY	AMORSSY	MORASS, marsh (tract of low, wet land) [adj]
MOULINS	ILMNOSU	MOULIN, vertical cavity in glacier [n]
MUDFLAT	ADFLMTU	level tract alternately covered and left bare by tide [n -S]
MUDROCK	CDKMORU	pelite (rock composed of fine fragments) [n -S]
MUGGIER	EGGIMRU	MUGGY, warm and humid [adj]
MUGGILY	GGILMUY	in muggy (warm and humid) manner [adv]
MULLITE	EILLMTU	mineral [n -S]
MULLOCK	CKLLMOU	waste earth or rock from mine [n -S]
MUSKEGS	EGKMSSU	MUSKEG, marsh (tract of low, wet land) [n]

Earth Science (Geology, Oceanography, Meteorology) 7s

	· colonice (coolegy, cocamegraphy, reconcilegy, , c
	N
EEEGNNO	of or pertaining to certain geologic time period [adj]
BEIINOT	mineral columbite [n -S]
EIINPPR	NIPPY, sharp or biting [adj]
IILNPPY	in nippy (sharp or biting) manner [adv]
IILNNOT	alloy of nickel and titanium [n -S]
EINOSUV	resembling snow [adj]
EINORST	NORITE, granular rock [n]
CIINORT	NORITE, granular rock [adj]
ADLNNOR	region in north [n -S]
EHNORRT	wind or storm from north [n -S]
AHLLNSU	NULLAH, ravine (narrow, steep-sided valley) [n]
AAKNNTU	mountain peak completely surrounded by glacial ice [n -S]
	BEIINOT EIINPPR IILNPPY IILNNOT EINOSUV EINORST CIINORT ADLNNOR EHNORRT AHLLNSU

OCEANIC	ACCEINO	OCEAN, vast body of salt water that covers most of earth's surface [adj]
OILCAMP	ACILMOP	living area for workers at oil well [n -S]
OLIVINE	EIILNOV	mineral [n -S]
OLOGIES	EGILOOS	OLOGY, branch of knowledge [n]
OLOGIST	GILOOST	expert in particular ology [n -S]
ONSHORE	EHNOORS	toward shore [adv]
OOLITES	EILOOST	OOLITE, variety of limestone [n]

7-letter bingos go down on your board about **SCIENCE - EARTH (geology, oceanography, meteorology)**NWL23 Highlighted compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club

OOLITHS	HILOOST	OOLITH, oolite (variety of limestone) [n]
OOLITIC	CIILOOT	OOLITE, variety of limestone [adj]
OPHITES	EHIOPST	OPHITE, green mottled igneous rock [n]
OPHITIC	CHIIOPT	OPHITE, green mottled igneous rock [adj]
OREBODY	BDEOORY	mass of ore in mine [n -DIES]
OREIDES	DEEIORS	OREIDE, oroide (alloy used to imitate gold) [n]
ORGANON	AGNNOOR	system of rules for scientific investigation [n -S, -NA]
ORGANUM	AGMNORU	organon (system of rules for scientific investigation) [n -S, -NA]
ORMOLUS	LMOORSU	ORMOLU, alloy used to imitate gold [n]
OROGENS	EGNOORS	OROGEN, belt of earth's crust involved in orogeny (process of mountain formation) [n]
OROGENY	EGNOORY	process of mountain formation [n -NIES]
OROIDES	DEIOORS	OROIDE, alloy used to imitate gold [n]
OROLOGY	GLOOORY	study of mountains [n -GIES]
OUTWASH	AHOSTUW	detritus washed from glacier [n -ES]
OVERHOT	EHOORTV	too hot [adj]
OVERWET	EEORTVW	to wet too much [v -TTED, -TTING, -S]
OZONIDE	DEINOOZ	compound of ozone [n -S]
OZONISE	EINOOSZ	OZONIZE, to convert into ozone [v -D, -SING, -S]
OZONIZE	EINOOZZ	to convert into ozone [v -D, -ZING, -S]
OZONOUS	NOOOSUZ	pertaining to ozone (form of oxygen) [adj]

Earth Science (Geology, Oceanography, Meteorology) 7s

P

PALUDAL AADLLPU pertaining to marsh (tract of low, wet land) [adj] PAMPERO AEMOPPR cold, dry wind [n -S] PARAMOS AAMOPRS PARAMO, plateau region of South America [n] PARASOL AALOPRS small, light umbrella [n -S] PARKIER AEIKPRR PARKY, chilly (cool (moderately cold)) [adj] PASCALS AACLPSS PASCAL, unit of pressure [n] PEDOCAL ACDELOP type of soil [n -S] PELITES EEILPST PELITE, rock composed of fine fragments [n] PELITIC CEIILPT PELITE, rock composed of fine fragments [adj] PENNINE EEINNNP mineral [n -S] PERIDOT DEIOPRT mineral [n -S] PERLITE EEILPRT volcanic glass [n -S]	F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	PALUDAL AADLLPU PAMPERO AEMOPPR PARAMOS AAMOPRS PARASOL AALOPRS PARKIER AEIKPRR PASCALS AACLPSS PEDOCAL ACDELOP PELITES EEILPST PELITIC CEIILPT PENNINE EEINNNP PERIDOT DEIOPRT PERLITE EEILPRT PERMIAN AEIMNPR PETRIFY EFIPRTY PEWTERS EEPRSTW PEWTERS EEPRSTW PEWTERY EEPRTWY PICRITE CEIIPRT PINITES EIINPST PITHEAD ADEHIPT PLATEAU AAELPTU PLUTONS LNOPSTU	cold, dry wind [n -S] PARAMO, plateau region of South America [n] small, light umbrella [n -S] PARKY, chilly (cool (moderately cold)) [adj] PASCAL, unit of pressure [n] type of soil [n -S] PELITE, rock composed of fine fragments [n] PELITE, rock composed of fine fragments [adj] mineral [n -S] mineral [n -S] volcanic glass [n -S] of or pertaining to certain geologic time period [ad to convert into stone [v -FIED, -ING, -FIES] PEWTER, tin alloy [n] PEWTER, tin alloy [adj] igneous rock [n -S] PINITE, mineral [n] mine entrance [n -S] level stretch of elevated land [n -S, -X] PLUTON, formation of igneous rock [n]	j]
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7-letter bingos go down on your board about SCIENCE - EARTH (geology, oceanography, meteorology)

NWL23 Highlighted compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club

PLUVIAN	AILNPUV	characterized by much rain [adj]
POCOSEN	CENOOPS	pocosin (upland swamp) [n -S]
POCOSIN	CINOOPS	upland swamp [n -S]
POCOSON	CNOOOPS	pocosin (upland swamp) [n -S]
PODSOLS	DLOOPSS	PODSOL, podzol (infertile soil) [n]
PODZOLS	DLOOPSZ	PODZOL, infertile soil [n]
POGONIP	GINOOPP	dense fog of suspended ice particles [n -S]
POLDERS	DELOPRS	POLDER, tract of low land reclaimed from body of water [n]
POTAMIC	ACIMOPT	pertaining to rivers (large, natural stream of water) [adj]
PRAIRIE	AEIIPRR	tract of grassland [n -S]
PRECIPS	CEIPPRS	PRECIP, precipitation [n]
PREDIAL	ADEILPR	praedial (pertaining to land) [adj]
PUMICED	CDEIMPU	PUMICE, to polish with porous volcanic rock [v]
PUMICER	CEIMPRU	one that pumices (to polish with porous volcanic rock) [n -S]
PUMICES	CEIMPSU	PUMICE, to polish with porous volcanic rock [v]
PYROPES	EOPPRSY	PYROPE, variety of garnet [n]

Earth Science (Geology, Oceanography, Meteorology) 7s

Q

QUINZIE EIINQUZ quinzhee (shelter made by hollowing out pile of snow) [n -S]

Earth Science (Geology, Oceanography, Meteorology) 7s

R

RAINBOW	ABINORW	arc of spectral colors formed in sky [n -S]
RAINIER	AEIINRR	RAINY, marked by rain [adj]
RAINILY	AIILNRY	in rainy manner [adv]
RAINING	AGIINNR	RAIN, to fall like rain (drops of water condensed from clouds) [v]
RAINOUT	AINORTU	atomic fallout occurring in precipitation [n -S]
RAVINES	AEINRSV	RAVINE, narrow, steep-sided valley [n]
REALGAR	AAEGLRR	mineral [n -S]
REEFIER	EEEFIRR	REEFY, abounding in ridges of rock [adj]
REFLOOD	DEFLOOR	FLOOD, to inundate (to overwhelm with water) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
REGOSOL	EGLOORS	type of soil [n -S]
REGREEN	EEEGNRR	to green again [v -ED, -ING, -S]
RIDGIER	DEGIIRR	RIDGY, having ridges [adj]
RIDGING	DGGIINR	RIDGE, to form into ridges (long, narrow elevations) [v]
RIMIEST	EIIMRST	RIMY, frosty (covered with frost) [adj]
RIMROCK	CIKMORR	type of rock formation [n -S]
RIVAGES	AEGIRSV	RIVAGE, coast, shore, or bank [n]
RIVULET	EILRTUV	small stream [n S]
RUBACES	ABCERSU	RUBACE, rubasse (variety of quartz) [n]
RUBASSE	ABERSSU	variety of quartz [n -S]
RUNLETS	ELNRSTU	RUNLET, small stream [n]
RUNNELS	ELNNRSU	RUNNEL, small stream [n]
RUNOFFS	FFNORSU	RUNOFF, rainfall that is not absorbed by soil [n]
RUTILES	EILRSTU	RUTILE, mineral [n]

Earth Science (Geology, Oceanography, Meteorology) 7s

S

SABKHAS	AABHKSS	SABKHA, coastal, flat, periodically flooded area in northern Africa [n]
SALINAS	AAILNSS	SALINA, pond, marsh, or lake containing salt water [n]
SALTING	AGILNST	land regularly flooded by tides [n -S
SAMIELS	AEILMSS	SAMIEL, simoom (hot, dry desert wind) [n]
SANDBAG	AABDGNS	to surround with bags of sand (loose granular rock material) [v -GGED, -GGING, -S]
SANDBAR	AABDNRS	ridge of sand formed in river or sea [n -S]
SANSARS	AANRSSS	SANSAR, sarsar (cold, whistling wind) [n]
SARDIUS	ADIRSSU	sard (variety of quartz) [n -ES]
SARSARS	AARRSSS	SARSAR, cold, whistling wind [n]
SARSENS	AENRSSS	SARSEN, large sandstone block [n]
SAVANNA	AAANNSV	SAVANNA, flat, treeless grassland [n -S]
SCHISTS	CHISSST	SCHIST, rock that readily splits into parallel layers [n]
SCHORLS	CHLORSS	SCHORL, mineral [n]
SCIENCE	CCEEINS	department of systematized knowledge [n -S]
SEADOGS	ADEGOSS	SEADOG, fogbow (nebulous arc of light sometimes seen in fog) [n]
SEASIDE	ADEEISS	seashore (land bordering on sea) [n -S]
SEICHES	CEEHISS	SEICHE, oscillation of surface of lake or landlocked sea [n]
SEISMAL	AEILMSS	SEISM, earthquake [adj]
SEISMIC	CEIIMSS	SEISM, earthquake [adj]
SELTZER	EELRSTZ	carbonated mineral water [n -S]
SEREINS	EEINRSS	SEREIN, fine rain falling from apparently clear sky [n]
SFERICS	CEFIRSS	electronic detector of storms [n]
SHALIER	AEHILRS	SHALY, resembling shale (fissile rock) [adj] / SHALEY [adj]
SHAMALS	AAHLMSS	SHAMAL, hot, dry wind [n]
SHOWERY	EHORSWY	abounding in briefs periods of rain [adj]
SIENITE	EEIINST	syenite (igneous rock) [n -S]
SIERRAN	AEINRRS	SIERRA, mountain range [adj]
SIERRAS	AEIRRSS	SIERRA, mountain range [n]
SILEXES	EEILSSX	SILEX, silica (form of silicon) [n]
SILICAS	ACIILSS	SILICA, form of silicon [n]
SILICON	CIILNOS	nonmetallic element [n -S]
SILTIER	EIILRST	SILTY, full of silt [adj]
SILTING	GIILNST	SILT, to fill with silt (sedimentary material) [v]
SIMOOMS	IMMOOSS	SIMOOM, hot, dry desert wind [n]
SIROCCO	CCIOORS	hot, dry wind [n -S]
SIZZLER	EILRSZZ	very hot day [n -S]
SKYLESS	EKLSSSY	having sky obscured by clouds [adj]
SKYLIKE	EIKKLSY	resembling sky [adj]
SKYLINE	EIKLNSY	horizon (line where sky seems to meet earth) [n -S]
SKYWARD	ADKRSWY	toward sky [adv]
SLEETED	DEEELST	SLEET, to shower sleet (frozen rain) [v]
SLIEVES	EEILSSV	SLIEVE, mountain (large, natural elevation of earth's surface) [n]
SLOUGHY	GHLOSUY	miry (swampy (marshy (resembling marsh))) [adj -HIER, -HIEST]



7-letter bingos go down on your board about **SCIENCE - EARTH (geology, oceanography, meteorology)**NWL23 Highlighted compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club

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SNAWING
             AGINNSW
                          SNAW, to snow (to fall as snow (precipitation in form of ice crystals)) [v]
                          covering of snow [n -S]
SNOWCAP
             ACNOPSW
                          SNOWY, abounding in snow [adj]
SNOWIER
             EINORSW
SNOWILY
             ILNOSWY
                          in snowy manner [adv]
                          SNOW, to fall as snow (precipitation in form of ice crystals) [v]
SNOWING
             GINNOSW
                          SOLANO, strong, hot wind [n]
SOLANOS
             ALNOOSS
SOUPIER
             EIOPRSU
                          SOUPY, foggy (filled with fog) [adj]
                          SOUPY, foggy (filled with fog) [adv]
SOUPILY
             ILOPSUY
SOUTHER
             EHORSTU
                          wind or storm from south [n -S]
                          low ridge of sand [n -S]
SOWBACK
             ABCKOSW
                          sparry (resembling spar (lustrous mineral)) [adj]
SPATHIC
             ACHIPST
                          SPEISE, speiss (metallic mixture obtained in smelting certain ores) [n]
SPEISES
             EEIPSSS
                          SPHENE, mineral [n]
SPHENES
             EEHNPSS
SPILITE
             EIILPST
                          form of basalt [n -S]
SPINELS
             EILNPSS
                          SPINEL, mineral [n]
                          light caused by combustion of marsh gas [n -S]
SPUNKIE
             EIKNPSU
                          gusty (blowing in gusts) [adj -LIER, -LIEST]
SQUALLY
             ALLQSUY
STEELED
             DEEELST
                          STEEL, to cover with steel (tough iron alloy) [v]
                          STOPER, one that stopes (to excavate in layers, as ore) [n]
STOPERS
             EOPRSST
STOPING
             GINOPST
                          process of excavating in layers [n -S] / STOPE, to excavate in layers, as ore [v]
STORMED
             DEMORST
                          STORM, to blow violently [v]
STOURES
             EORSSTU
                          STOURE, stour (dust) [n]
                          stoury (dusty (full of dust)) [adj]
STOURIE
             EIORSTU
STRATHS
             AHRSSTT
                          STRATH, wide river valley [n]
STRATUS
             ARSSTTU
                          type of cloud [n -TI or -ES]
                          STREAM, to flow in steady current [v]
STREAMS
             AEMRSST
                          streaming [adj -MIER, -MIEST]
STREAMY
             AEMRSTY
                          somewhat arid [adj]
SUBARID
             ABDIRSU
SUMMERS
             EMMRSSU
                          SUMMER, to pass summer (warmest season of year) [v]
                          characteristic of summer [adj -RIER, -RIEST]
SUMMERY
             EMMRSUY
             ABEMNSU
                          beam of sunlight [n -S]
SUNBEAM
SUNBOWS
             BNOSSUW
                          SUNBOW, arc of spectral colors formed by sun shining through mist [n]
                          SUNDOG, small rainbow (arc of spectral colors formed in sky) [n]
SUNDOGS
             DGNOSSU
                          glow in sky caused by sun [n -S]
SUNGLOW
             GLNOSUW
SUNKERS
             EKNRSSU
                          SUNKER, ridge of rock near surface of sea [n]
SUNLAND
             ADLNNSU
                          area marked by great amount of sunshine [n -S]
                          having no sunlight [adj]
SUNLESS
             ELNSSSU
                          SUNRAY, ray of sunlight [n]
SUNRAYS
             ANRSSUY
                          SURFY, abounding in breaking waves [adj]
SURFIER
             EFIRRSU
             EELRSTW
                          to suffer from oppressive heat [v -ED, -ING, -S]
SWELTER
SWELTRY
             ELRSTWY
                          oppressively hot [adj -RIER, -RIEST]
SYENITE
             EEINSTY
                          igneous rock [n -S]
                          sylvite (ore of potassium) [n -S]
SYLVINE
             EILNSVY
SYLVINS
             ILNSSVY
                          SYLVIN, sylvite (ore of potassium) [n]
                          ore of potassium [n -S]
SYLVITE
             EILSTVY
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7-letter bingos go down on your board about SCIENCE - EARTH (geology, oceanography, meteorology)

NWL23 Highlighted compiled by Jacob Cohen, Asheville Scrabble Club

Earth Science (Geology, Oceanography, Meteorology) 7s

T

TAENITE	AEEINTT	nickel-iron alloy in meteorites [n -S]
TALCIER	ACEILRT	TALCY, TALC, to treat with talc (soft mineral with soapy texture) [adj]
TALCING	ACGILNT	TALC, to treat with talc (soft mineral with soapy texture) [v]
TALCKED	ACDEKLT	TALC, to treat with talc (soft mineral with soapy texture) [v]
TALCOSE	ACELOST	TALC, to treat with talc (soft mineral with soapy texture) [adj]
TALCOUS	ACLOSTU	TALC, to treat with talc (soft mineral with soapy texture) [adj]
TALCUMS	ACLMSTU	TALCUM, to treat with powder made from talc [v]
TALUSES	AELSSTU	TALUS, slope formed by accumulation of rock debris [n]
TAMBACS	AABCMST	TAMBAC, tombac (alloy of copper and zinc) [n]
TAMBAKS	AABKMST	TAMBAK, tombac (alloy of copper and zinc) [n]
TAXITES	AEISTTX	TAXITE, volcanic rock [n]
TAXITIC	ACIITTX	TAXITE, volcanic rock [adj]
TEMBLOR	BELMORT	earthquake [n -ES, -S]
TEPHRAS	AEHPRST	TEPHRA, solid material ejected from volcano [n]
TERRANE	AEENRRT	rock formation [n -S]
THALWEG	AEGHLTW	line defining lowest points along length of riverbed [n -S]
THERMAE	AEEHMRT	hot springs [n -E]
THERMAL	AEHLMRT	rising mass of warm air [n -S]
THORITE	EHIORTT	thorium ore [n -S]
TIDALLY	ADILLTY	TIDAL, pertaining to tides [adv]
TIDERIP	DEIIPRT	riptide (tide that opposes other tides) [n -S]
TIDEWAY	ADEITWY	tidal channel [n -S]
TILLITE	EIILLTT	rock made up of consolidated clay, sand, gravel, and boulders [n -S]
TINCALS	ACILNST	TINCAL, crude borax [n]
TITANIA	AAIINTT	mineral [n -S]
TOMBACK	ABCKMOT	tombac (alloy of copper and zinc) [n -S]
TOMBACS	ABCMOST	TOMBAC, alloy of copper and zinc [n]
TOMBAKS	ABKMOST	TOMBAK, tombac (alloy of copper and zinc) [n]
TOMBOLO	BLMOOOT	sandbar connecting island to mainland [n -S]
TOPAZES	AEOPSTZ	TOPAZ, mineral [n]
TOPSOIL	ILOOPST	to remove surface layer of soil from [v -ED, -ING, -S]
TORNADO	ADNOORT	violent windstorm [n -S, -ES]
TORRENT	ENORRTT	rapid stream of water [n -S]
TRASSES	AERSSST	TRASS, volcanic rock [n]
TRIPOLI	IILOPRT	soft, friable rock [n -S]
TROMMEL	ELMMORT	screen used for sifting rock, ore, or coal [n -S]
TSUNAMI	AIMNSTU	very large ocean wave [n -s]
TUNDRAS	ADNRSTU	TUNDRA, level, treeless expanse of arctic land [n]
TURGITE	EGIRTTU	iron ore [n -S]
TYPHOON	HNOOPTY	tropical hurricane [n -S]



7-letter bingos go down on your board about SCIENCE - EARTH (geology, oceanography, meteorology)

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ILLOSTU	reddish-yellow acid soil [n -S]
AEIKNTU	igneous rock [n -S]
CDLNOUU	to free from clouds [v -ED, -ING, -S]
DEIMNNU	not mined (to dig into for valuable materials) [adj]
ACOPSTU	up coast [adv]
ADFPRTU	upward movement of air [n -S]
ADLNPSU	UPLAND, higher land of region [n]
EIPRRUV	area lying toward source of river [n -S]
AEILRTU	mineral [n -S]
AEINRTU	mineral [n -S]
	AEIKNTU CDLNOUU DEIMNNU ACOPSTU ADFPRTU ADLNPSU EIPRRUV AEILRTU

Earth Science (Geology, Oceanography, Meteorology) 7s

V

VALLEYS	AELLSVY	VALLEY, depression of earth's surface [n]
VAPORED	ADEOPRV	VAPOR, to emit vapor (visible floating moisture) [v]
VAPOURS	AOPRSUV	VAPOUR, to vapor (to emit vapor (visible floating moisture)) [v]
VERGLAS	AEGLRSV	thin coating of ice on rock [n -ES]
VERSANT	AENRSTV	slope of mountain or mountain chain [n -S]
VITRAIN	AIINRTV	material in vitreous layers of banded bituminous coal [n -S]
VOLCANO	ACLNOOV	opening in earth's crust through which molten rock and gases are ejected [n -S, -ES]
VUGGIER	EGGIRUV	VUGGY, abounding in vugs (small cavity in rock or lode) [adj]
VUGULAR	AGLRUUV	pertaining to vugs (small cavity in rock or lode) [adj]

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WARMEST	AEMRSTW	WARM, moderately hot [adj]
WARMING	AGIMNRW	act or instance of making something warm [n -S] / WARM, to make warm [v]
WARMISH	AHIMRSW	somewhat warm [adj]
WARMTHS	AHMRSTW	WARMTH, warmness (state of being warm (moderately hot)) [n]
WASHOUT	AHOSTUW	erosion of earth by action of water [n -S]
WAVELET	AEELTVW	small wave [n -S]
WAVIEST	AEISTVW	WAVY, having waves [adj]
WEATHER	AEEHRTW	to expose to atmospheric conditions [v -ED, -ING, -S]
WELKINS	EIKLNSW	WELKIN, sky [n]
WETLAND	ADELNTW	land containing much soil moisture [n -S]
WINDAGE	ADEGINW	effect of wind (air in natural motion) on projectile [n -S]
WINDIER	DEIINRW	WINDY, marked by strong wind [adj]
WINDILY	DIILNWY	in windy (marked by strong wind) manner [adv]
WINTERS	EINRSTW	WINTER, to pass winter (coldest season of year) [v]
WINTERY	EINRTWY	wintry (characteristic of winter) [adj -RIER, -RIEST]

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ZEPHYRS EHPRSYZ ZEPHYR, gentle breeze [n]

ZIRCONS CINORSZ ZIRCON, mineral [n]

ZOISITE EIIOSTZ mineral [n -S]