

A 7s

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ABAXIAL	AAABILX	situated away from axis [adj]
ABAXILE	AABEILX	abaxial (situated away from axis) [adj]
ABDUCED	ABCDDEU	ABDUCE, to abduct (to draw away from original position) [v]
ABDUCES	ABCDESU	ABDUCE, to abduct (to draw away from original position) [v]
ABDUCTS	ABCDSTU	ABDUCT, to draw away from original position [v]
ABRADED	AABDDER	ABRADE, to wear away by friction [v]
ABRADES	AABDERS	ABRADE, to wear away by friction [v]
ABREAST	AABERST	side by side [adv]
ABSCESS	ABCESSS	to form abscess (localized collection of pus surrounded by inflamed tissue) [v -ED, -ING, -ES]
ABSENCE	ABCEENS	state of being away [n -S]
ABSENTS	ABENSST	ABSENT, to take or keep away [v]
ABUTTAL	AABLTTU	abutment (something that abuts (to touch along border)) [n -S]
ABUTTED	ABDETTU	ABUT, to touch along border, [v]
ABUTTER	ABERTTU	one that abuts (to touch along border) [n -S]
ABYSMAL	AABLMSY	immeasurably deep [adj]
ABYSSAL	AABLSSY	ABYSS, bottomless chasm [adj]
ABYSSES	ABESSSY	ABYSS, bottomless chasm [n]
ACCRETE	ACCEERT	to grow together [v -D, -TING, -S]
ACMATIC	AACCIMT	ACME, highest point [adj]
ACREAGE	AACEEGR	area in acres [n -S]
ADAXIAL	AAADILX	situated on same side [adj]
ADDUCTS	ACDDSTU	ADDUCT, to draw toward main axis [v]
ADEEMED	ADDEEEM	ADEEM, to take away [v]
ADHIBIT	ABDHIIT	to take or let in [v -ED, -ING, -S]
ADJOINS	ADIJNOS	ADJOIN, to lie next to [v]
ADJUNCT	ACDJNTU	something attached in subordinate position [n -S]
ADMIXED	ADDEIMX	ADMIX, to mix (to put together into one mass) [v]
ADMIXES	ADEIMSX	ADMIX, to mix (to put together into one mass) [v]
ADNEXAL	AADELNX	ADNEXA, conjoined anatomical parts [adj]
ADSORBS	ABDORSS	ADSORB, to gather on surface in condensed layer [v]
ADVANCE	AACDENV	to move or cause to move ahead [v -D, -CING, -S]
ADVENTS	ADENSTV	ADVENT, arrival (act of arriving (to reach destination)) [n]
AETHERS	AEEHRST	AETHER, upper region of atmosphere [n]
AFTMOST	AFMOSTT	nearest stern (rear part of ship) [adj]
AGROUND	ADGNORU	on ground [adv]
AIRBALL	AABILLR	to miss basket in basketball [v -LLED, -LLING, -S]
AIRBOAT	AABIORT	boat used in swampy areas [n -S]
AIRDROP	ADIOPRR	to drop from aircraft [v -PPED, -PPING, -S]
AIRLIFT	AFIILRT	to transport by airplane [v -ED, -ING, -S]
AIRSHED	ADEHIRS	air supply of given region [n -S]
AIRSIDE	ADEIIRS	side of airport terminal facing aircraft [n -S]
AIRWARD	AADIRRW	toward sky [adv]
AIRWAYS	AAIRSWY	AIRWAY, passageway in which air circulates [n]
AKEBIAS	AABEIKS	AKEBIA, climbing shrub [n]
ALCOVED	ACDELOV	ALCOVE, recessed section of room [adj]
ALCOVES	ACELOSV	ALCOVE, recessed section of room [n]



Documenting bingos about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION – Answers the Question: WHERE?			
ALIENLY	AEILLNY	in foreign (situated outside place or country) manner [adv]	
ALIGHTS	AGHILST	ALIGHT, to come down from something [v]	
ALIGNED	ADEGILN	ALIGN, to arrange in straight line [v]	
ALIGNER	AEGILNR	one that aligns (to arrange in straight line) [n -S]	
ALINING	AGIILNN	ALINE, to align (to arrange in straight line) [v]	
ALPINES	AEILNPS	ALPINE, plant native to high mountain regions [n]	
AMASSED	AADEMSS	AMASS, to gather (to bring together into one place or group) [v]	
AMASSER	AAEMRSS	one that amasses (to gather (to bring together into one place or group)) [n -S]	
AMASSES	AAEMSSS	AMASS, to gather (to bring together into one place or group) [v]	
AMATOLS	AALMOST	AMATOL, powerful explosive [n]	
AMMONAL	AALMMNO	powerful explosive [n -S]	
ANAGRAM	AAAGMNR	to transpose letters of word or phrase to form new one [v -MMED, -MMING, -S]	
ANAPHOR	AAHNOPR	word or phrase that takes reference from preceding word or phrase [n -S]	
ANEARED	AADEENR	ANEAR, to approach (to come near or nearer to) [v]	
ANGLERS	AEGLNRS	ANGLER, one that angles (to fish with hook and line) [n]	
ANGLING	AGGILNN	ANGLE, to fish with hook and line [v] / sport of fishing [n -S]	
ANIMISM	AIIMMNS	belief that souls may exist apart from bodies [n -S]	
ANNEXED	ADEENNX	ANNEX, to add or attach [v]	
ANNEXES	AEENNSX	ANNEX, to add or attach [v] / ANNEXE, something added or attached [n]	
ANOLYTE	AELNOTY	part of electricity-conducting solution nearest anode [n -S]	
ANTEFIX	AEFINTX	upright ornament at eaves of tiled roof [n -A, -AE, -ES]	
ANTISAG	AAGINST	designed to prevent sagging [adj]	
ANYWAYS	AANSWYY	anyway (in any way) [adv]	
ANYWISE	AEINSWY	in any way [adv]	
APOGEAL	AAGELOP	APOGEE, point in orbit of body which is farthest from earth [adj]	
APOGEAN	AAEGNOP	APOGEE, point in orbit of body which is farthest from earth [adj]	
APOGEES	AEEGOPS	APOGEE, point in orbit of body which is farthest from earth [n]	
APOGEIC	ACEGIOP	APOGEE, point in orbit of body which is farthest from earth [adj]	
APOLUNE	AELNOPU	point in orbit of body which is farthest from moon [n -S]	
APOSTIL	AILOPST	marginal note [n -S]	
APOTHEM	AEHMOPT	perpendicular from center to any side of regular polygon [n -S]	
APPAREL	AAELPPR	to provide with outer garments [v -ED, -LLED, -ING, -LLING, -S]	
APPLIED	ADEILPP	APPLY, to bring into contact with something [v]	
APPLIER	AEILPPR	one that applies (to bring into contact with something) [n -S]	
APPLIES	AEILPPS	APPLY, to bring into contact with something [v]	
APPOSED	ADEOPPS	APPOSE, to place side by side [v]	
APPOSER	AEOPPRS	one that apposes (to place side by side) [n -S]	
APPOSES	AEOPPSS	APPOSE, to place side by side [v]	
APPRESS	AEPPRSS	to press close to something else [v -ED, -ING, -ES]	
APPULSE	AELPPSU	approach of one moving body toward another [n -S]	
ARCADIA	AAACDIR	region of simple pleasure and quiet [n -S]	
ARCHWAY	AACHRWY	passageway under arch [n -S]	
ARCTICS	ACCIRST	ARCTIC, warm, waterproof overshoe [n]	
AREALLY	AAELLRY	AREA, particular extent of space or surface [adv]	
AREAWAY	AAAERWY	sunken area leading to basement entrance [n -S]	
ARENOSE	AEENORS	sandy (containing or covered with sand) [adj]	
ARENOUS	AENORSU	arenose (sandy (containing or covered with sand)) [adj]	



Doc	umenting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION – Answers the Question: WHERE?
AREOLAE	AAEELOR	AREOLA, small space in network of leaf veins [n]
AREOLAR	AAELORR	AREOLA, small space in network of leaf veins [adj]
AREOLAS	AAELORS	AREOLA, small space in network of leaf veins [n]
AREOLES	AEELORS	AREOLE, areola (small space in network of leaf veins) [n]
ARISING	AGIINRS	ARISE, to get up [v]
ARMBAND	AABDMNR	band worn around arm (upper appendage of human body) [n -S]
ARMILLA	AAILLMR	thin membrane around stem of certain fungi [n -E, -S]
ARMLETS	AELMRST	ARMLET, armband (band worn around arm (upper appendage of human body)) [n]
AROINTS	AINORST	AROINT, to drive away [v]
AROYNTS	ANORSTY	AROYNT, to aroint (to drive away) [v]
ARPENTS	AENPRST	ARPENT, old French unit of area [n]
ARRANGE	AAEGNRR	to put in definite or proper order [v -D, -GING, -S]
ARRAYAL	AAALRRY	act of arraying (to put in definite or proper order) [n -S]
ARRAYED	AADERRY	to place in proper or desired order [v]
ARRAYER	AAERRRY	one that arrays (to put in definite or proper order [n -S]
ARRISES	AEIRRSS	ARRIS, ridge formed by meeting of two surfaces [n]
ARRIVAL	AAILRRV	act of arriving (to reach destination) [n -S]
ARRIVED	ADEIRRV	ARRIVE, to reach destination [v]
ARRIVER	AEIRRRV	one that arrives (to reach destination) [n -S]
ARRIVES	AEIRRSV	ARRIVE, to reach destination [v]
ARROWED	ADEORRW	ARROW, to indicate proper position of with arrow [v]
ASCENDS	ACDENSS	ASCEND, to go or move upward [v]
ASCENTS	ACENSST	ASCENT, act of ascending (to go or move upward) [n]
ASHIEST	AEHISST	ASHY, covered with ashes [adj]
ASKANCE	AACEKNS	with side glance [adv]
ASPRAWL	AACLKNS	sprawling [adj]
ASQUINT	AALPKSW	with sidelong glance [adv]
ASTASIA	AAAISST	inability to stand resulting from muscular incoordination [n -S]
ASTATIC	AACISTT	unstable (not stable (resistant to sudden change or position or condition)) [adj]
ASTRICT	ACISTT	to restrict (to keep within certain boundaries) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
ASTRIDE	ACIRST	with one leg on each side [adv]
ATHWART	AAHRTTW	from side to side [adv]
ATROPHY	AHOPRTY	to waste away [v -HIED, -ING, -HIES]
ATTENDS	ADENSTT	ATTEND, to be present at [v]
ATTRACT	AACRTTT	to cause to approach or adhere [v -ED, -ING, -S]
AUREOLE	AEELORU	to surround with halo (ring of light) [v -D, -LING, -S]
AURORAE	AAEORRU	AURORA, rising light of morning [n]
AURORAL	AALORRU	AURORA, rising light of morning [adj]
AURORAS	AAORRSU	AURORA, rising light of morning [n]
AVERTED	ADEERTV	AVERT, to turn away [v]
AVERTER	AEERRTV	one that averts to turn away [n -S]
AVERTER	ALLKKTV	AVIATE, to fly aircraft [v]
AVIATIO	AAEISTV	AVIATION act of aviating (to fly aircraft) [adi]
AVIATOR	AACIITV	AVIATION, act of aviating (to fly aircraft) [adj]
AVIATOR	AAIORTV	one that aviates (to fly aircraft) [n -S]
AVIONIC	ACIINOV	AVOID to keep away from [v]
AVOIDED	ADDEIOV	AVOID, to keep away from [v]



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AVOIDER	ADEIORV	one that avoids (to keep away from) [n -S]	
AVULSED	ADELSUV	AVULSE, to tear off forcibly [v]	
AVULSES	AELSSUV	AVULSE, to tear off forcibly [v]	
AWKWARD	AADKRWW	lacking skill, dexterity or grace [adj]	
AXIALLY	AAILLXY	AXIAL, pertaining to or forming axis [adv]	
AXILLAR	AAILLRX	feather on under surface of bird's wing [n -S]	
AZIMUTH	AHIMTUZ	angle of horizontal deviation [n -S]	
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BACKBAR	AABBCKR	space behind bar with shelves for bottles [n -S]	
BACKERS	ABCEKRS	BACKER, supporter (one that supports (to hold up or add strength to)) [n]	
BACKFAT	AABCFKT	layer of fat between skin and muscle in animals [n -S]	
BACKHOE	ABCEHKO	•	
		to use backhoe (type of excavating machine) [v -D, -ING, -S]	
BACKING	ABCGIKN	BACK, to support (to hold up or add strength to) [v]	
BACKLIT	ABCIKLT	illuminated from behind [adj]	
BACKLOT	ABCKLOT	outdoor area in movie studio [n -S]	
BACKOUT	ABCKOTU	reversal of launching procedures [n -S]	
BACKSET	ABCEKST	setback (defeat) [n -S]	
BADLAND	AABDDLN	barren, hilly area [n -S]	
BAFFING	ABFFGIN	BAFF, to strike under golf ball [v]	
BAILEYS	ABEILSY	BAILEY, outer castle wall [n]	
BALCONY	ABCLNOY	elevated platform [n -NIES]	
BALKERS	ABEKLRS	BALKER, one that balks (to stop short and refuse to proceed) [n]	
BALKING	ABGIKLN	BALK, to stop short and refuse to proceed [v]	
BALLAST	AABLLST	to stabilize [v -ED, -ING, -S]	
BANDAGE	AABDEGN	to cover wound with strip of cloth [v -D, -GING, -S]	
BANDIED	ABDDEIN	BANDY, to throw to and fro [v]	
BANDIES	ABDEINS	BANDY, to throw to and fro [v]	
BANKITS	ABIKNST	BANKIT, raised sidewalk [n]	
BARKIER	ABEIKRR	BARKY, covered with bark (tough outer covering of root or stem) [adj]	
BASALLY	AABLLSY	BASAL, pertaining to foundation [adv]	
BASILAR	AABILRS	basal (pertaining to foundation) [adj]	
BASKING	ABGIKNS	BASK, to lie in pleasant warmth [v]	
BASSETS	ABESSST	BASSET, to outcrop (to protrude above soil) [v]	
BASTERS	ABERSST	BASTER, one that bastes (to sew loosely together) [n]	
BASTING	ABGINST	BASTE, to sew loosely together [v]	
BATCHED	ABCDEHT	BATCH, to bring together [v]	
BATCHER	ABCEHRT	one that batches (to bring together) [n -S]	
BATCHES	ABCEHST	BATCH, to bring together [v]	
BATHYAL	AABHLTY	pertaining to deep water [adj]	
BAYSIDE	ABDEISY	shore of bay (inlet of sea) [n -S]	
		• • • • •	
BEACHED	ABCDEEH	BEACH, to drive ashore [v]	
BEACHES	ABCEEHS	BEACH, to drive ashore [v]	
BEBLOOD	BBDELOO	to cover with blood [v -ED, -ING, -S]	
BECHALK	ABCEHKL	to cover with chalk [v -ED, -ING, -S]	
BECRAWL	ABCELRW	to crawl over [v -ED, -ING, -S]	
BECROWD	BCDEORW	to crowd closely [v -ED, -ING, -S]	
BECRUST	BCERSTU	to cover with crust [v -ED, -ING, -S]	



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BEDAUBS
             ABBDESU
                          BEDAUB, to besmear (to smear over) [v]
BEDHEAD
             ABDDEEH
                          upright board at head of bed [n -S]
                          board at bedside [n -S]
BEDRAIL
             ABDEILR
                          to drape (to arrange in graceful folds) [v -D, -PING, -S]
BEDRAPE
             ABDEEPR
                          rock under soil [n -S]
BEDROCK
             BCDEKOR
                          side of bed [n -S]
             BDDEEIS
BEDSIDE
                          toward bed [adv]
BEDWARD
             ABDDERW
BEELINE
             BEEEILN
                          to go in straight direct course [v -D, -NING, -S]
                          BEETLE, to jut out [v]
BEETLED
             BDEEELT
                          BEETLE, to jut out [v]
BEETLES
             BEEELST
BEFRETS
             BEEFRST
                          BEFRET, to gnaw (to wear away by persistent biting) [v]
BEGIRDS
             BDEGIRS
                          BEGIRD, to surround (to extend completely around) [v]
BEGULFS
             BEFGLSU
                          BEGULF, to engulf [v]
                          BEHEAD, to cut off head of [v]
BEHEADS
             ABDEEHS
BEHINDS
             BDEHINS
                          BEHIND, buttocks (either of two rounded parts of rump) [n]
BEKNOTS
             BEKNOST
                          BEKNOT, to tie in knots [v]
BELEAPS
                          BELEAP, to leap upon [v]
             ABEELPS
BELEAPT
             ABDEEELP
                          BELEAP, to leap upon [v]
BELLIED
             BDEEILL
                          BELLY, to swell out [v]
                          BELLY, to swell out [v]
BELLIES
             BEEILLS
                          BELTER, one that belts (to fasten with belt (strap or band worn around waist)) [n]
BELTERS
             BEELRST
BELTING
             BEGILNT
                          BELT, to fasten with belt (strap or band worn around waist) [v]
BELTWAY
             ABELTWY
                          highway around urban area [n -S]
BENDIER
             BDEEINR
                          BENDY, flexible (capable of being bent) [adj]
                          under (in lower position than) [prep]
BENEATH
             ABEEHNT
BENTHAL
             ABEHLNT
                          benthic (pertaining to ocean depths) [adj]
BENTHIC
             BCEHINT
                          pertaining to ocean depths [adj]
                          organisms living in benthos (bottom of sea) [n -S]
BENTHON
             BEHNNOT
BENTHOS
             BEHNOST
                          bottom of sea [n -ES]
BERAKED
             ABDEEKR
                          BERAKE, to rake all over [v]
                          BERAKE, to rake all over [v]
BERAKES
             ABEEKRS
                          to deprive (to take something away from) [v -D, -EFT, -VING, -S]
BEREAVE
             ABEEERV
                          to surround (to extend completely around) [v -D, -GING, -S]
BESIEGE
             BEEEGIS
BESLIME
             BEEILMS
                          to cover with slime [v -D, -MING, -S]
BESMEAR
             ABEEMRS
                          to smear over [v -ED, -ING, -S]
BESNOWS
             BENOSSW
                          BESNOW, to cover with snow [v]
BESTREW
             BEERSTW
                          to scatter [v -ED, -N, -ING, -S]
BESTROW
             BEORSTW
                          to bestrew (to scatter) [v -ED, -N, -ING, -S]
BESTUDS
             BDESSTU
                          BESTUD, to dot (to cover with dots (tiny round marks)) [v]
                          to swarm all over [v -ED, -ING, -S]
BESWARM
             ABEMRSW
                          in space that separates [prep]
BETWEEN
             BEEENTW
                          between (in space that separates) [prep]
BETWIXT
             BEITTWX
                          to vomit all over [v -ED, -ING, -S]
BEVOMIT
             BEIMOTV
                          BEYOND, something that lies farther ahead [n]
BEYONDS
             BEDNOSY
BIGTIME
             BEGIIMT
                          pertaining to highest level [adj]
                          film with two molecular layers [n -S]
BILAYER
             ABEILRY
                          house having two levels [n -S]
BILEVEL
             BEEILLV
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BILLING	BGIILLN	relative position in which performer is listed [n -S]
BILLOWS	BILLOSW	BILLOW, to swell [v]
BILLOWY	BILLOWY	swelling; surging [adj]
BIMORPH	BHIMOPR	device consisting of two crystals cemented together [n -S]
BIOFILM	BFIILMO	thin layer of microorganisms [n -S]
BIRDDOG	BDDGIOR	to follow closely [v -GGED, -GGING, -S]
BIRLING	BGIILNR	BIRL, to rotate floating log [v]
BISNAGA	AABGINS	type of cactus (plant native to arid regions) [n -S]
BITTING	BGIINTT	
		BITT, to secure cable around post [v]
BIZNAGA	AABGINZ	bisnaga (type of cactus (plant native to arid regions)) [n -S]
BLANKET	ABEKLNT	to cover uniformly [v -ED, -ING, -S]
BLASTED	ABDELST	BLAST, to use explosive [v]
BLASTER	ABELRST	one that blasts (to use explosive) [n -S]
BLENDED	BDDEELN	BLEND, to mix smoothly and inseparably together [v]
BLENDER	BDEELNR	one that blends (to mix smoothly and inseparably together) [n -S]
BLISTER	BEILRST	skin swelling [v -ED, -ING, -S]
BLOUSED	BELOSSU	BLOUSE, to hang loosely [v]
BLOUSES	BDELOSU	BLOUSE, to hang loosely [v]
BLOWOFF	BFFLOOW	expelling of gas [n -S]
BLOWOUT	BLOOTUW	sudden rupture [n -S]
BLOWUPS	BLOPSUW	BLOWUP, explosion [n]
BLUFFER	BEFFLRU	BLUFF, having broad front [adj]
BLUFFLY	BFFLLUY	BLUFF, having broad front [adv]
BOATELS	ABELOST	BOATEL, waterside hotel [n]
BOBBERS	BBBEORS	BOBBER, one that bobs (to move up and down) [n]
BOBBING	BBBGINO	BOB, to move up and down [v]
BOGLAND	ABDGLNO	area of boggy land [n -S]
BOLIDES	BDEILOS	BOLIDE, exploding meteor [n]
BOMBARD	ABBDMOR	to bomb (to attack with bombs (explosive projectiles)) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
BOMBERS	BBEMORS	BOMBER, one that bombs (to attack with bombs (explosive projectiles)) [n]
BOMBING	BBGIMNO	attack with bombs [n -S] / BOMB, to attack with bombs (explosive projectiles) [v]
BOMBORA	ABBMOOR	sea area over ridge of rock [n -S]
BONDERS	BDENORS	BONDER, one that bonds (to join together) [n]
BONDING	BDGINNO	BOND, to join together [v]
BONEBED	BBDEENO	area containing dinosaur fossils [n -S]
BOONIES	BEINOOS	backwoods area [n BOONIES]
BORDERS	BDEORRS	BORDER, to put border (edge) on [v]
BORDURE	BDEORRU	border around shield [n -S]
BORINGS	BGINORS	BORING, inner cavity
BOSQUES	BEOQSSU	BOSQUE, bosk (small wooded area) [n]
BOTTOMS	BMOOSTT	BOTTOM, position at base of object [n]
BOULDER	BDELORU	to climb up large rocks [v -ED, -ING, -S]
BOUNCED	BCDENOU	BOUNCE, to spring back [v]
BOUNCER	BCENORU	one that bounces (to spring back) [n -S]
BOUNCES	BCENOSU	BOUNCE, to spring back [v]
BOUNDER	BDENORU	one that bounds (to tie or secure) [n -S]
BOWERED	BDEEORW	BOWER, to embower (to surround with foliage) [v]
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BOWINGS	BGINOSW	BOWING, technique of managing bow of stringed instrument [n]	
BOWLEGS	BEGLOSW	BOWLEG, outwardly curved leg [n]	
BOWLERS	BELORSW	BOWLER, one that bowls (to play at bowling) [n]	
BOWLING	BGILNOW	BOWL, to play at bowling [v] / game in which balls are rolled at objects [n -S]	
BOXHAUL	ABHLOUX	to veer ship around [v -ED, -ING, -S]	
BOXINGS	BGINOSX	BOXING, casing (protective outer covering) [n]	
BRAIDED	ABDDEIR	BRAID, to weave together [v]	
BRAIDER	ABDEIRR	one that braids (to weave together) [n -S]	
BRAILED	ABDEILR	BRAIL, to haul in sail [v]	
BRANNED	ABDENNR	BRAN, to soak in water mixed with bran (outer coat of cereals) [v]	
BRANNER	ABENNRR	one that brans (to soak in water mixed with bran (outer coat of cereals)) [n -S]	
BRAZERS	ABERRSZ	BRAZER, one that brazes (to solder together) [n]	
BRAZING	ABGINRZ	BRAZE, to solder together [v]	
BREADED	ABDDEER	BREAD, to cover with crumbs of bread (baked foodstuff made from flour) [v]	
BREADTH	ABDEHRT	width (extent from side to side) [n -S]	
BREAMED	ABDEEMR	BREAM, to clean ship's bottom [v]	
BREGMAS	ABEGMRS	BREGMA, junction point of skull [n]	
BRICOLE	BCEILOR	cushion shot in billiards [n -S]	
BRIDGED	BDDEGIR	BRIDGE, to connect [v]	
BRIDGES	BDEGIRS	BRIDGE, to connect (to join together) [v]	
BRIGADE	ABDEGIR	to group together [v -D, -DING, -S]	
BRIMFUL	BFILMRU	ready to overflow [adj]	
BRIMMED	BDEIMMR	BRIM, to fill to top [v]	
BRIMMER	BEIMMRR	brimming cup or glass [n -S]	
BRINGER	BEGINRR	one that brings (to take with oneself to place) [n -S]	
BRISANT	ABINRST	BRISANCE, shattering effect of explosive [adj]	
BRISTLY	BILRSTY	stiffly erect [adj]	
BROADER	ABDEORR	BROAD, wide (having great extent from side to side) [adj]	
BROADLY	ABDLORY	in broad (wide (having great extent from side to side)) manner [adv]	
BROUGHT	BGHORTU	BRING, to take with oneself to place [v]	
BUCKING	BCGIKNU	BUCK, to leap forward and upward suddenly [v]	
BUCKLED	BCDEKLU	BUCKLE, to bend under pressure [v]	
BUCKLES	BCEKLSU	BUCKLE, to bend under pressure [v]	
BULGIER	BEGILRU	BULGY, bulging (to swell out) [adj]	
BULGING	BGGILNU	BULGE, to swell out [v]	
BULLATE	ABELLTU	blistered in appearance [adj]	
BULLING	BGILLNU	BULL, to push ahead [v]	
BULLOUS	BLLOSUU	resembling bullae (large blister) [adj]	
BUMBLED	BBDELMU	BUMBLE, to bungle (to work, make, or do clumsily) [v]	
BUMBLER	BBDELMU	one that bumbles (to work, make, or do clumsily) [n -S]	
BUMBLES	BBELMSU	BUMBLE, to bungle (to work, make, or do clumsily) [v]	
BUMMERS	BEMMRSU	BUMMER, one that bums (to live idly) [n]	
BUMMING	BGIMMNU	BUM, to live idly [v]	
BUMPING	BGIMNPU	BUMP, to knock against [v]	
BUNCHED	BCDEHNU	BUNCH, to group together [v]	
BUNCHER	BCEHNRU	one that gathers things together [n -S]	
BUNCHES	BCEHNSU	BUNCH, to group together [v]	



	amoning bingee	
BUNDLED	BDDELNU	BUNDLE, to fasten group of objects together [v]
BUNDLER	BDELNRU	one that bundles (to fasten group of objects together) [n -S]
BUNDLES	BDELNSU	BUNDLE, to fasten group of objects together [v]
BUNGEES	BEEGNSU	BUNGEE, elasticized cord [n]
BUNGLED	BDEGLNU	BUNGLE, to work, make, or do clumsily [v]
BUNGLER	BEGLNRU	one that bungles (to work, make, or do clumsily) [n -S]
BUNGLES	BEGLNUS	BUNGLE, to work, make, or do clumsily [v]
BUOYANT	ABNOTUY	having buoyancy (tendency to float) [adj]
BURKHAS	ABHKRSU	BURKHA, burka (long loose outer garment worn by some Muslim women) [n]
BURRITO	BIORRTU	tortilla rolled around filling [n -S]
		<u> </u>
BURROWS	BORRSUW	BURROW, to dig hole or tunnel in ground [v]
BURTONS	BNORSTU	BURTON, hoisting tackle [n]
BURYING	BGINRUY	BURY, to put in ground and cover with earth [v]
BUSHIER	BEHIRSU	BUSHY, covered with bushes [adj]
BUSHILY	BHILSUY	in bushy (covered with bushes) manner [adv]
BUSHING	BGHINSU	BUSH, to cover with bushes [v]
BUSHLOT	BHLOSTU	woodlot (area restricted to growing of forest trees) [n -S]
BYROADS	ABDORSY	BYROAD, side road [n]
Birtorto	ABBONST	C 7s
CABOVER	ABCEORV	truck having driver's compartment over engine [n -S]
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
CACTOID	ACCDIOT	CACTUS, plant native to arid regions [adj]
CALLOUT	ACLLOTU	inset in printed article [n -S]
CALYCES	ACCELSY	CALYX, outer protective covering of flower [n]
CALYCLE	ACCELLY	outer calyx [n -S]
CALYXES	ACELSXY	CALYX, outer protective covering of flower [n]
CAMBIAL	AABCILM	pertaining to cambium (layer of plant tissue) [adj]
CAMBIUM	ABCIMMU	layer of plant tissue [n -IA, -S]
CAMPERS	ACEMPRS	CAMPER, one that camps (to live in open) [n]
CAMPING	ACGIMNP	act of living outdoors [n -S] / CAMP, to live in open [v]
CANDLED	ACDDELN	CANDLE, to examine eggs in front of light [v]
CANDLER	ACDELNR	one that candles (to examine eggs in front of light) [n -S]
		`
CANDLES	ACDELNS	CANDLE, to examine eggs in front of light [v]
CANTHAL	AACHLNT	CANTHUS, corner of eye [adj]
CANTHIC	ACCHINT	CANTHUS, corner of eye [adj]
CANTHUS	ACHNSTU	corner of eye [n -HI]
CANTLES	ACELNST	CANTLE, rear part of saddle [n]
CAPITAL	AACILPT	upper part of column [n -S]
CAPROCK	ACCKOPR	overlying rock layer [n -S]
CAPSIDS	ACDIPSS	CAPSID, outer shell of virus particle [n]
CAPSIZE	ACEIPSZ	to overturn (to turn over) [v -D, -ZING, -S]
CARAPAX	AAACPRX	carapace (hard, protective outer covering) [n -ES]
		• • • • •
CAROMED	ACDEMOR	CAROM, to collide with rebound [v]
CARPETS	ACEPRST	CARPET, to cover floor with heavy fabric [v]
CARRIED	ACDEIRR	CARRY, to convey from one place to another [v]
CARRIER	ACEIRRR	one that carries (to convey from one place to another) [n -S]
CARRIES	ACEIRRS	CARRY, to convey from one place to another [v]
CARROMS	ACMORRS	CARROM, carom (to collide with rebound) [v]



Doc	unienting bingos	about birection, Ecoation, Footion – Allswers the adestion. Where:
CASCADE	AACCDES	to fall like waterfall [v -D, -DING, -S]
CASINGS	ACGINSS	CASING, protective outer covering [n]
CASTING	ACGINST	CAST, to throw with force [v]
CASTOFF	ACFFOST	discarded person or thing [n -S]
CATCHER	ACCEHRT	one that catches (to capture after pursuit) [n -S]
CATCHES	ACCEHST	CATCH, to capture after pursuit [v]
CATHEAD	AACDEHT	beam projecting from ship's bow [n -S]
CATTING	ACGINTT	CAT, to hoist anchor to cathead [v]
CEASING	ACEGINS	CEASE, to stop (to discontinue progress or motion of) [v]
CEILING	CEGIILN	overhead lining of room [n -S]
CENTARE	ACEENRT	measure of land area [n -S]
CENTERS	CEENRST	CENTER, to place at center (midpoint) [v]
CENTRAL	ACELNRT	situated at, in, or near center [adj -ER, -EST]
CENTRED	CDEENRT	CENTRE, to center (to place at center (midpoint)) [v]
CENTRES	CEENRST	CENTRE, to center (to place at center (midpoint)) [v]
CENTRIC	CCEINRT	situated at center [adj]
CERATED	ACDEERT	covered with wax [adj]
CERUMEN	CEEMNRU	waxy secretion of ear [n -S]
CESSPIT	CEIPSST	cesspool (covered well or pit for sewage) [n -S]
CHANCEL	ACCEHLN	area around church altar [n -S]
CHANNEL	ACEHLNN	to direct along some desired course [v -ED, -LLED, -ING, -LLING, -S]
CHASERS	ACEHRSS	CHASER, one that chases (to pursue (to follow in order to overtake or capture)) [n]
CHASING	ACGHINS	CHASE, to pursue (to follow in order to overtake or capture) [v]
CHEDITE	CDEEHIT	explosive [n -S]
CHEESED	CDEEEHS	CHEESE, to stop (to discontinue progress or motion of) [v]
CHEESES	CEEEHSS	CHEESE, to stop (to discontinue progress or motion of) [v]
CHEVIED	CDEEHIV	CHEVY, to chase about [v]
CHEVIES	CEEHISV	CHEVY, to chase about [v]
CHROMED	CDEHMOR	CHROME, to plate with chromium [v]
		, ,
CHROMES	CEHMORS	CHROME, to plate with chromium [v]
CHUTING	CGHINTU	CHUTE, to convey by chute (vertical passage) [v]
CHYRONS	CHNORSY	CHYRON, type of digital graphic video overlay [n]
CINCHED	CCDEHIN	CINCH, to girth (to encircle (to form circle around)) [v]
CINCHES	CCEHINS	CINCH, to girth (to encircle (to form circle around)) [v]
CIRCLED	CCDEILR	CIRCLE, to move or revolve around [v]
CIRCLER	CCEILRR	one that circles (to move or revolve around) [n -S]
CIRCLES	CCEILRS	CIRCLE, to move or revolve around [v]
CIRCUIT	CCIIRTU	to move around [v -ED, -ING, -S]
CLAMBER	ABCELMR	to climb awkwardly [v -ED, -ING, -S]
CLIMATE	ACEILMT	weather conditions characteristic of area [n -S]
CLIMBED	BCDEILM	CLIMB, to ascend (to go or move upward) [v]
CLIMBER	BCEILMR	one that climbs (to ascend (to go or move upward)) [n -S]
CLITICS	CCIILST	CLITIC, word pronounced as part of neighboring word [n]
CLOAKED	ACDEKLO	CLOAK, to conceal [v]
CLOSELY	CELLOSY	CLOSE, near (situated within short distance) [adv]
CLOSEST	CELOSST	CLOSE, near (situated within short distance) [adj]
CLOSETS	CELOSST	CLOSET, to enclose in private room [v]
CLOSETS	CLLOSSI	SESSET, to choose in private room [v]



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CLOSEUP	CELOPSU	photograph taken at close range [n -S]
CLOUDED	CDDELOU	CLOUD, to cover with clouds (masses of visible vapor) [v]
CLOUGHS	CGHLOSU	CLOUGH, ravine (narrow, steep-sided valley) [n]
CLUMPET	CELMPTU	clumper (large floating chunk of ice) [n -S]
COAMING	ACGIMNO	raised border [n -S]
COASTAL	AACLOST	pertaining to or located near seashore [adj]
COASTED	ACDEOST	COAST, to slide down hill [v]
COATERS	ACEORST	COATER, one that coats (to cover with coat (outer garment)) [n]
COATING	ACGINOT	COAT, to cover with coat (outer garment) [v]
COBWEBS	BBCEOSW	COBWEB, to cover with cobwebs (spider webs) [v]
COCKING	CCGIKNO	COCK, to tilt to one side [v]
COCKNEY	CCEKNOY	resident of East End of London [n -S]
COCKUPS	CCKOPSU	COCKUP, turned-up part of something
COERECT	CCEEORT	to erect together [v -ED, -ING, -S]
COFFLED	CDEFFLO	COFFLE, to chain slaves together [v]
COFFLES	CEFFLOS	COFFLE, to chain slaves together [v]
COHERED	CDEEHOR	COHERE, to stick together [v]
COHERES	CEEHORS	COHERE, to stick together [v]
COINTER	CEINORT	to bury together [v-RRED, -RRING, -S]
COJOINS	CIJNOOS	COJOIN, to join together [v]
COLLARS	ACLLORS	COLLAR, to provide with collar (something worn around neck) [v]
COLLECT	CCELLOT	to bring together in group [v -ED, -ING, -S]
COLLETS	CELLOST	COLLET, to set gem in rim of ring [v]
COLLIDE	CDEILLO	to come together with violent impact [v -D, -DING, -S]
COLUMNS	CLMNOSU	COLUMN, vertical cylindrical support [n]
COMBINE	BCEIMNO	to blend (to mix smoothly and inseparably together) [v -D, -NING, -S]
COMINGS	CGIMNOS	COMING, arrival [n]
COMMIXT	CIMMOTX	COMMIX, to mix together [v]
COMPACT	ACCMOPT	closely and firmly united [adj -er, -est] / to pack closely together [v -ED, -ING, -S]
COMPASS	ACMOPSS	to go around [v -ED, -ING, -ES]
CONCAVE	ACCENOV	to make concave (curving inward) [v -D, -VING, -S]
CONDYLE	CDELNOY	protuberance on bone [n -S]
		flowing together of streams [n -es]
CONFLUX	CFLNOUX	
CONJOIN	CIJNNOO	to join together [v -ED, -ING, -S]
CONNECT	CCENNOT	to join together [v -ED, -ING, -S]
CONNING	CGINNNO	CONN, to direct steering of ship [v]
CONTOUR	CNOORTU	to make outline of [v -ED, -ING, -S]
CONVECT	CCENOTV	to transfer heat by process of circulation [v -ED, -ING, -S]
CONVENE	CEENNOV	to assemble (to come or bring together) [v -D, -NING, -S]
CONVENT	CENNOTV	to convene (to assemble (to come or bring together)) [v -ED, -ING, -S
CONVOKE	CEKNOOV	to cause to assemble [v -D, -KING, -S]
COOKOUT	CKOOOTU	meal eaten and prepared outdoors [n -S]
COPIHUE	CEHIOPU	climbing vine [n -S]
COPINGS	CGINOPS	COPING, top part of wall [n]
COPPERS	CEOPPRS	COPPER, to cover with copper (metallic element) [v]
COPULAE	ACELOPU	COPULA, something that links (to connect (to join together)) [n]
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
COPULAR	ACLOPRU	COPULA, something that links (to connect (to join together)) [adj]



Doc	intenting bingos	about DINESTION, LOCATION, 1 CONTON - Allswers the Question. Will
COPULAS	ACLOPSU	COPULA, something that links (to connect (to join together)) [n]
CORDAGE	ACDEGOR	amount of wood in area [n -S]
CORDITE	CDEIORT	explosive powder [n -S]
CORDONS	CDNOORS	CORDON, to form barrier around [v]
CORIUMS	CIMORSU	CORIUM, skin layer [n]
CORONAE	ACENOOR	CORONA, luminous circle around celestial body [n]
CORONAL	ACLNOOR	wreath worn on head [n -S]
CORONAS	ACNOORS	CORONA, luminous circle around celestial body [n]
CORONEL	CELNOOR	coronal (wreath worn on head) [n -S]
CORRADE	ACDEORR	to erode (to wear away by constant friction) [v -D, -DING, -S]
CORRODE	CDEOORR	to eat away gradually [v -D, -DING, -S]
COTEAUS	ACEOSTU	COTEAU, higher ground of region [n]
COTEAUX	ACEOTUX	COTEAU, higher ground of region [n]
COTTERS	CEORSTT	COTTER, pin or wedge used for fastening parts together [n]
COUNTRY	CNORTUY	territory of nation [n -RIES]
COVERED	CDEEORV	COVER, to place something over or upon [v]
COVERER	CEEORRV	one that covers (to place something over or upon) [n -S]
COVERTS	CEORSTV	COVERT, hiding place [n]
COWBELL	BCELLOW	bell around cow's neck [n -S]
COWERED	CDEEORW	COWER, to cringe (shrink in fear) [v]
COWLICK	CCIKLOW	lock of unruly hair [n -S]
COWLING	CGILNOW	COWL, to cover with hood [v]
COWTOWN	CNOOTWW	town or city in cattle-raising area [n -S]
CRAMMER	ACEMMRR	onme that crams (to fill or pack tightly) [n -S]
CRAMPON	ACMNOPR	device for raising heavy objects [n -S]
CRANING	ACGINNR	CRANE, to stretch out one's neck [v]
CRASHED	ACDEHRS	CRASH, to collide noisily [v]
CRASHER	ACEURGS	one that crashes (to collide noisily) [n -S]
CRASHES	ACEHRSS	CRASH, to collide noisily [v]
CRAVATS	AACRSTV	CRAVAT, necktie (strip of fabric worn around neck) [n]
CRAWLED	ACELDRW	CRAWL, to move with body at or near ground [v]
CRAWLER	ACELRRW	one that crawls (to move with body at or near ground) [n -S]
CRESTAL CRESTED	ACELRST	pertaining to crest (peak)
CREVICE	CDEERST CCEEIRV	CREST, to reach crest (peak) [v] cleft [n -S]
CRINGED	CDEGINR	CRINGE, to shrink in fear [v]
CRINGER	CEGINRR	one that cringes (to shrink in fear) [n -S]
CRISSAL	ACILRSS	CRISSUM, region of feathers on bird [adj]
CRISSUM	CIMRSSU	region of feathers on bird [n -SSA]
CROPPED	CDEOPPR	CROP, to cut off short [v]
CROPPER	CEOPPRR	one that crops (to cut off short) [n -S]
CROQUET	CEOQRTU	to drive ball away in certain game [v -ED, -ING, -S]
CROSSED	CDEORSS	CROSS, to intersect [v]
CROSSER	CEORRSS	one that crosses (to intersect) [n -S]
CROUPES	CEOPRSU	CROUPE, rump of certain animals [n]
CROWDED	CDDEORW	CROWD, to press into insufficient space [v]
CROWDER	CDEORRW	one that crowds (to press into insufficient space) [n -S]
SINDLIN	SELOTATO	one that drowns (to press into insumerent space) [ii o]



Doc	umenting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION - Answers the Question: Where?
CRUMMIE	CEIMMRU	cow with crooked horns [n -S]
CRUNODE	CDENORU	point at which curve crosses itself [n -S]
CRUPPER	CEPRRRU	rump of horse [n -S]
CRUSILY	CILRSUY	covered with crosslets [adj]
CRUSTED	CDERSTU	CRUST, to form crust (hardened outer surface) [v]
CUBBIES	BBCEISU	CUBBY, small, enclosed space [n]
CUIRASS	ACIRSSU	to cover with type of armor [v -ED, -ING, -ES]
CULMINA	ACILMNU	CULMEN, upper ridge of bird's beak [n]
CURTSEY	CERSTUY	to curtsy (to bow politely) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
CURVETS	CERSTUV	CURVET, to prance (to spring forward on hind legs) [v]
CUTAWAY	AACTUWY	type of coat [n -S]
CUTISES	CEISSTU	CUTIS, corium (skin layer) [n]
CYCLONE	CCELNOY	rotating system of winds [n -S]
D A CIVED C	4.00.51/0.0	D 7s
DACKERS	ACDEKRS	DACKER, to waver (to move back and forth) [v]
DADOING	ADDGINO	DADO, to set into groove [v]
DAFFING	ADFFGIN	DAFF, to thrust aside [v]
DAIKERS	ADEIKRS	DAIKER, to dacker (to waver (to move back and forth)) [v]
DANGLED	ADDEGLN	DANGLE, to hang loosely [v]
DANGLER	ADEGLNR	one that dangles (to hang loosely) [n -S]
DANGLES	ADEGLNS	DANGLE, to hang loosely [v]
DAYPACK	AACDKPY	bag carrying things that is strapped on one's back [n -S]
DAYSIDE	ADDEISY	sun side of planet or moon [n -S]
DAYSTAR	AADRSTY	planet visible in east just before sunrise [n -S]
DEADMAN	AADDEMN	anchor for securing rope in mountain climbing [n -S]
DEASHED	ADDEEHS	DEASH, to remove ash from [v]
DEASHES	ADEEHSS	DEASH, to remove ash from [v]
DEBRIDE	BDDEEIR	to remove dead tissue surgically [v -D, -DING, -S]
DECAMPS	ACDEMPS	DECAMP, to depart from camping ground [v]
DECIARE	ACDEEIR	metric unit of area [n -S]
DECKERS	CDEEKRS	DECKER, something having specified number of levels, floors, or layers [n]
DECURVE	CDEERUV	to curve downward [v -D, -VING, -S]
DEDUCTS	CDDESTU	DEDUCT, to subtract (to take away) [v]
DEEPENS	DEEENPS	DEEPEN, to make deep (extending far down from surface) [v]
DEEPEST	DEEEPST	DEEP, extending far down from surface [adj]
DEFLECT	CDEEFLT	to turn aside [v -ED, -ING, -S]
DEHISCE	CDEEHIS	to split open [v -D, -CING, -S]
DEICTIC	CCDEIIT	word or phrase that specifies identity or location [n -S]
DEIGNED	DDEEGIN	DEIGN, to lower oneself to do [v]
DEJECTS	CDEEJST	DEJECT, to depress [v]
DEKEING	DEEGIKN	DEKE, to fake opponent out of position (as in hockey) [v]
DELEADS	ADDEELS	DELEAD, to remove lead from [v]
DELEAVE	ADEEELV	to separate copies of [v -D, -VING, -S]
DELETED	DDEEELT	DELETE, to remove [v]
DELETES	DEEELST	DELETE, to remove [v]
DELIMIT	DEIILMT	to mark boundaries of [v -ED, -ING, -S]
DELUGED	DDEEGLU	DELUGE, to flood (to inundate (to overwhelm with water)) [v]



Documenting bingos about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION - Answers the Question: WHERE?			
DELUGES	DEEGLSU	DELUGE, to flood (to inundate (to overwhelm with water)) [v]	
DEMINER	DEEIMNR	one that removes mines (explosive devices) [n -S]	
DEMOUNT	DEMNOTU	to remove from mounting [v -ED, -ING, -S]	
DENSELY	DEELNSY	DENSE, compact (closely and firmly united) [adv]	
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
DENSEST	DEENSST	DENSE, compact (closely and firmly united) [adj]	
DENSIFY	DEFINSY	to make denser (compact (closely and firmly united)) [v -FIED, -ING, -FIES]	
DENSITY	DEINSTY	state of being dense (compact (closely and firmly united)) [n -TIES]	
DENTARY	ADENRTY	lower jaw in mammals [n -RIES]	
DENTING	DEGINNT	DENT, to make depression in [v]	
DEORBIT	BDEIORT	to come out of orbit [v -ED, -ING, -S]	
DEPARTS	ADEPRST	DEPART, to go away [v]	
DEPLANE	ADEELNP	to get off airplane [v -D, -NING, -S]	
DEPLOYS	DELOPSY	DEPLOY, to position troops for battle [v]	
DEPORTS	DEOPRST	DEPORT, to expel from country [v]	
DEPOSIT	DEIOPST	to place (to set in particular position) [v -ED, -ING, -S]	
DEPRIVE	DEEIPRV	to take something away from [v -D, -VING, -S]	
DERAILS	ADEILRS	DERAIL, to run off rails of track [v]	
DERANGE	ADEEGNR	to disorder [v -D, -GING, -S]	
DERRICK	CDEIKRR	hoisting apparatus [n -S]	
DERVISH	DEHIRSV	member of Muslim religious order [n -ES]	
DESCEND	CDDEENS	to come or go down [v -ED, -ING, -S]	
DESCENT	CDEENST	act of descending (to come or go down) [n -S]	
DESERTS	DEERSST	DESERT, to abandon [v]	
DESKTOP	DEKOPST	top of desk [n -S]	
DESORBS	BDEORSS	,	
		DESORB, to remove by reverse of absorption [v]	
DETOURS	DEORSTU	DETOUR, to take indirect route [v]	
DETRACT	ACDERTT	to take away [v -ED, -ING, -S]	
DETRAIN	ADEINRT	to get off train [v -ED, -ING, -S]	
DETRUDE	DDEERTU	to thrust out [v -D, -DING, -S]	
DEVIATE	ADEEITV	to turn aside from course or norm [v -D, -TING, -S]	
DEVIOUS	DEIOSUV	indirect (not direct (straightforward) [adj]	
DEVOLVE	DEELOVV	to transfer from one person to another [v -D, -VING, -S]	
DEWFALL	ADEFLLW	formation of dew [n -S]	
DEXTRAL	ADELRTX	right-handed person [n -S]	
DIALECT	ACDEILT	regional variety of language [n -S]	
DIALYSE	ADEILSY	to dialyze (to subject to dialysis (separation of substances in solution by diffusion through membrane) [v -D, -SING, -S]	
DIALYZE	ADEILYZ		
		to subject to dialysis (separation of substances in solution by diffusion through membrane [v -D, -ZING, -S]	
DIAPIRS	ADIIPRS	DIAPIR, bend in layer of rock [n]	
DICKEYS	CDEIKSY	DICKEY, blouse front [n]	
DICKIES	CDEIIKS	DICKIE, dickey (blouse front) [n] / DICKY, dickey (blouse front) [n]	
DIGGERS	DEGGIRS	DIGGER, one that digs (to break up, turn over, or remove earth) [n]	
DIGGING	DGGGIIN	DIG, to break up, turn over, or remove earth [v]	
DIGRESS	DEGIRSS	to stray from main topic [v -ED, -ING, -ES]	
DILATED	ADDEILT	DILATE, to make wider or larger [v]	
DILATER	ADEILRT	dilator (one that dilates (to make wider or larger)) [n -S]	
DILATES	ADEILST	DILATE, to make wider or larger [v]	
DILATOR	ADILORT	one that dilates (to make wider or larger) [n -S]	
21011011	, IDILOIT	one that and to make made of largery [ii o]	



Doc	amenting bingos	about Direction, Location, I Conton - Answers the Question. Where:
DINGING	DGGIINN	DING, to ring (to form ring (circular band) around) [v]
DIORAMA	AADIMOR	three-dimensional exhibit [n -S]
DIPPERS	DEIPPRS	DIPPER, one that dips (to immerse briefly) [n]
DIPPING	DGIINPP	DIP, to immerse briefly [v]
DISCARD	ACDDIRS	to throw away [v -ED, -ING, -S]
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
DISJECT	CDEIJST	to disperse [v -ED, -ING, -S]
DISJOIN	DIIJNOS	to separate [v -ED, -ING, -S]
DISMAST	ADIMSST	to remove mast of [v -ED, -ING, -S]
DISMISS	DIIMSSS	to permit or cause to leave [v -ED, -ING, -ES]
DISPART	ADIPRST	to separate [v -ED, -ING, -S]
DISPELS	DEILPSS	DISPEL, to drive off in various directions [v]
DISPOSE	DEIOPSS	to put in place [v -D, -SING, -S]
DISROOT	DIOORST	to uproot [v -ED, -ING, -S]
DISTANT	ADINSTT	far off or apart [adj]
DISTEND	DDEINST	to swell [v -ED, -ING, -S]
DISTENT	DEINSTT	distended (to distend (to swell)) [adj]
DIVERGE	DEEGIRV	to move in different directions from common point [v -D, -GING, -S]
		•
DIVERTS	DEIRSTV	DIVERT, to turn aside [v]
DIVIDED	DDDEIIV	DIVIDE, to separate into parts, areas, or groups [v]
DIVIDER	DDEIIRV	one that divides (to separate into parts, areas, or groups) [n -S]
DIVIDES	DDEIISV	DIVIDE, to separate into parts, areas, or groups [v]
DIVULSE	DEILSUV	to tear away [v -D, -SING, -S]
DIVVIED	DDEIIVV	DIVVY, to divide (to separate into parts, areas, or groups) [v]
DIVVIES	DEIISVV	DIVVY, to divide (to separate into parts, areas, or groups) [v]
DODGEMS	DDEGMOS	DODGEM, amusement park ride [n -S]
DODGERS	DDEGORS	DODGER, one that dodges (to evade) [n]
DODGERY	DDEGORY	evasion [n -RIES]
DODGIER	DDEGIOR	DODGY, evasive [adj]
DODGING	DDGGINO	DODGE, to evade [v]
DOFFERS		,
	DEFFORS	DOFFER, to take off [n]
DOFFING	DFFGINO	DOFF, to take off [v]
DOGEARS	ADEGORS	DOGEAR, to turn down corner of page [v]
DOGGING	DGGGINO	DOG, to follow like dog [v]
DOGLEGS	DEGGLOS	DOGLEG, move along bent course [v]
DOGVANE	ADEGNOV	small vane (device for showing direction of wind) [n -S]
DOILIED	DDEIILO	covered in doily [adj]
DOMAINS	ADIMNOS	DOMAIN, area of control [n]
DONNING	DGINNNO	DON, to put on [v]
DOORMAT	ADMOORT	mat placed in front of door [n -S]
DOORWAY	ADOORWY	entranceway to room or building [n -S]
DORSALS	ADLORSS	DORSAL, dorsally located anatomical part [n]
DORSELS	DELORSS	DORSEL, dossal (ornamental cloth hung behind altar) [n]
DORSERS	DEORRSS	DORSER, dosser (basket carried on back) [n]
DOSSALS	ADLOSSS	DOSSAL, ornamental cloth hung behind altar [n]
DOSSELS	DELOSSS	DOSSEL, dossal (ornamental cloth hung behind altar) [n]
DOSSERS	DEORSSS	DOSSER, basket carried on back [n]
DOTTERS	DEORSTT	DOTTER, one that dots (to cover with dots (tiny round marks)) [n]



DOTTING DOUSERS DOUSING	DGINOTT DEORSSU DGINOSU	DOT, to cover with dots (tiny round marks) [v] DOUSER, one that douses (to plunge into water) [n] DOUSE, to plunge into water [v]
DOWNBOW	BDNOOWW	type of stroke in playing bowed instrument [n -S]
DOWNING	DGINNOW	DOWN, to cause to fall [v]
DRAGGED	ADDEGGR	DRAG, to pull along ground [v]
DRAGGER	ADEGGRR	one that drags (to pull along ground) [n -S]
DRIFTED	DDEFIRT	DRIFT, to move along in current [v]
DRIFTER	DDEFIRRT	one that drifts (to move along in current) [n -S]
DRIVERS	DEIRRSV	DRIVER, one that drives (to urge or propel forward) [n]
DRIVING	DGIINRV	DRIVE, to urge or propel forward [v]
DROOPED	DDEOOPR	DROOP, to hang downward [v]
DROPPED	DDEOPPR	DROP, to fall in drops (globules) [v]
DRYLAND	ADDLNRY	arid region [n -S]
DRYWALL	ADLLRWY	to cover wall with plasterboard [v -ED, -ING, -S]
DUCKERS	CDEKRSU	DUCKER, one that ducks (to lower quickly) [n]
DUCKING	CDGIKNU	DUCK, to lower quickly [v]
DUMPERS	DEMPRSU	DUMPER, one that dumps (to let fall heavily) [n]
DUMPING	DGIMNPU	DUMP, to let fall heavily [v]
DUNKING	DGIKNNU	DUNK, act of dipping something in liquid [v]
DUNNITE	DEINNTU	explosive [n -S]
DUPPING	DGINPPU	DUP, to open [v]
DWINING	DGIINNW	DWINE, to pine or waste away [v]
		E 7s
EARFLAP	AAEFLPR	part of cap designed to cover ears [n -S]
EARLAPS	AAELPRS	EARLAP, earflap (part of cap designed to cover ears) [n]
EARTHED	ADEEHRT	EARTH, to cover with earth (soil) [v]
EASTERN	AEENRST	being to, toward, or in east [adj]
EASTERS	AEERSST	EASTER, wind or storm from east [n]
EASTING	AEGINST	movement toward east [n -S]
ECDYSIS	CDEISSY	shedding of outer layer of skin [n -SES, -ES]
ECOZONE	CEENOOZ	regional ecosystem [n -S]
ECUMENE EDDYING	CEEEMNU DDEGINY	inhabited area [n -S] EDDY to move against main surrent [v]
EDGINGS	DEGGINS	EDDY, to move against main current [v] EDGING, something that forms or serves as edge [n]
EDUCTOR	CDEORTU	one that educes (to draw forth or bring out) [n -S]
EFFULGE	EEFFGLU	to shine forth [v -D, -GING, -S]
EFFUSED	DEEFFSU	EFFUSE, to pour forth [v]
EFFUSES	EEFFSSU	EFFUSE, to pour forth [v]
EJECTED	CDEEEJT	EJECT, to throw out forcibly [v]
EJECTOR	CEEJORT	one that ejects (to throw out forcibly) [n -S]
ELAPSED	ADEELPS	ELAPSE, to pass away [v]
ELAPSES	AEELPSS	ELAPSE, to pass away [v]
ELFLOCK	CEFKLLO	lock of tangled hair [n -S]
ELICITS	CEIILST	ELICIT, to educe (to draw out) [v]
ELOIGNS	EGILNOS	ELOIGN, to remove to distant place [v]
ELOINED	DEEILNO	ELOIN, eloign (to remove to distant place) [v]



200.	unioning bingee	
ELOINER	EEILNOR	one that eloins (eloign (to remove to distant place) [n -S]
ELOPERS	EELOPRS	ELOPER, one that elopes (to run off secretly to be married) [n]
ELOPING	EGILNOP	ELOPE, to run off secretly to be married [v]
		·
ELUDERS	DEELRSU	ELUDER. one that eludes (to evade) [n]
ELUDING	DEGILNU	ELUDE, to evade [v]
ELUSION	EILNOSU	act of eluding (to evade) [adj]
ELUSIVE	EEILSUV	tending to elude (to evade) [adj]
ELUSORY	ELORSUY	elusive (tending to elude (to evade)) [adj]
		`
EMANANT	AAEMNNT	issuing from source [adj]
EMANATE	AAEEMNT	to send forth [v -D, -TING, -S]
EMBOWED	BDEEMOW	EMBOW, to arch [v]
EMBOWER	BEEMORW	to surround with foliage [v -ED, -ING, -S]
EMERGED	DEEEGMR	EMERGE, to come out [v]
EMERGES	EEEGMRS	EMERGE, to come out [v]
EMIGRES	EEGIMRS	EMIGRE, emigrant (one that emigrates (to leave one country or region to settle in another)) [n]
EMITTED	DEEIMTT	EMIT, to send forth [v]
EMITTER	EEIMRTT	one that emits (to send forth) [n -S]
EMPLACE	ACEELMP	to position (to put in particular location) [v -D, -CING, -S]
ENAMELS	AEELMNS	ENAMEL, to cover with hard, glossy surface [v]
ENCRUST	CENRSTU	to cover with crust [v -ED, -ING, -S]
ENDARCH	ACDEHNR	formed from center outward [adj]
ENDLONG	DEGLNNO	lengthwise [adv]
ENDMOST	DEMNOST	farthest (far) [adj]
ENDNOTE	DEENNOT	note placed at end of text [n -S]
ENDORSE	DEENORS	to sign back of negotiable document [v -D, -SING, -S]
ENDWAYS	ADENSWY	endwise (lengthwise) [adv]
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ENDWISE	DEEINSW	lengthwise [adv]
ENFACED	ACDEEFN	ENFACE, to write on front of [v]
ENFACES	ACEEFNS	ENFACE, to write on front of [v]
ENFOLDS	DEFLNOS	ENFOLD, to envelop (to cover completely) [v]
ENFRAME	AEEFMNR	to frame (to construct by putting together various parts) [v -D, -MING, -S]
ENGIRDS	DEGINRS	ENGIRD, to gird (to surround (to extend completely around)) [v]
ENGLISH	EGHILNS	
		to cause billiard ball to spin around its vertical axis [v -ED, -ING, -ES]
ENGULFS	EFGLNSU	ENGULF, to surround completely [v]
ENHALOS	AEHLNOS	ENHALO, to surround with halo [v]
ENISLED	DEEILNS	ENISLE, to isolate [v]
ENISLES	EEILNSS	ENISLE, to isolate [v]
ENSKIED	DEEIKNS	ENSKY, to raise to skies [v]
ENSKIES	EEIKNSS	ENSKY, to raise to skies [v]
		·
ENSNARL	AELNNRS	to tangle (to bring together in intricate confusion) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
ENSUITE	EEINSTU	room (as bathroom) adjoining another room [n -S]
ENTASIS	AAEINST	slight convexity in column [n -SES]
ENTERED	DEEENRT	ENTER, to come or go into [v]
ENTERER	EEENRRT	one that enters (to come or go into) [n -S]
ENTOPIC	CEINOPT	situated in normal place [adj]
ENTRANT	AENNRTT	one that enter (to come or go into) [n -S]
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
ENTWINE	EEINNTW	to twine around [v -D, -NING, -S]



Doc	amenting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION - Answers the Question: Where?
ENTWIST	EINSTTW	to twist together [v -ED, -ING, -S]
ENVELOP	EELNOPV	to cover completely [v -ED, -ING, -S]
ENVIRON	EINNORV	to encircle (to form circle around) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
ENWHEEL	EEEHLNW	to encircle (to form circle around) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
ENWINDS	DEINNSW	ENWIND, to wind around [v]
ENWOMBS	BDENOSW	ENWOMB, to enclose as if in womb [v]
ENWOUND	DENNOUW	ENWIND, to wind around [v]
ENWRAPS	AENPRSW	ENWRAP, to envelop (to cover completely) [v]
EPEIRIC	CEEIIPR	pertaining to vertical movement of earth's crust [adj]
EPIBOLY	BEILOPY	growth of one part around another [n -LIES]
EPICARP	ACEIPPR	outer layer of pericarp [n -S]
EPIDERM	DEEIMPR	outer layer of skin [n -S]
EPIGENE	EEEGINP	occurring near surface of earth [adj]
EPINAOS	AEINOPS	rear vestibule [n -OI]
EPITOPE	EEIOPPT	region on surface of antigen [n -S]
EQUINOX	EINOQUX	point on celestial sphere [n -ES]
ERECTLY	CEELRTY	in upright manner [adv]
ERODING	DEGINOR	ERODE, to wear away by constant friction [v]
EROSION	EINOORS	act of eroding (to wear away by constant friction) [n -S]
EROSIVE	EEIORSV	causing erosion (act of eroding (to wear away by constant friction)) [adj]
ERRANTS	AENRRST	ERRANT, wanderer [n]
ESCAPED	ACDEEPS	ESCAPE, to get away [v]
ESCAPER	ACEEPRS	one that escapes (to get away) [n -S]
ESCAPES	ACEEPSS	ESCAPE, to get away [v]
ESCHEWS	CEEHSSW	ESCHEW, to avoid (to keep away from) [v]
ESCORTS	CEORSST	ESCORT, to accompany [v]
ESPIALS	AEILPSS	ESPIAL, act of espying (to catch sight of) [n -S]
ESPYING	EGINPSY	ESPY, to catch sight of [v]
ESQUIRE	EEIQRSU	to escort [v -S, -RING, -S]
ESTRAYS	AERSSTY	ESTRAY, to stray (to wander from proper area or course) [v]
EUSTACY	ACESTUY	worldwide change in sea level [n -CIES]
EUSTASY	AESSTUY	eustacy (worldwide change in sea level) [n -SIES]
EVACUEE	ACEEEUV	one that is evacuated (to remove from dangerous area) [n -S]
EVADERS	ADEERSV	EVADER, one that evades (to escape or avoid by cleverness or deceit) [n]
EVADING	ADEGINV	EVADE, to escape or avoid by cleverness or deceit [v]
EVANISH	AEHINSV	to vanish [v -ED, -ING, -ES]
EVASION	AEINOSV	act of evading (to escape or avoid by cleverness or deceit) [n]
EVASIVE	AEEISVV	tending to evade (to escape or avoid by cleverness or deceit) [adj]
EVERTED	DEEERTV	EVERT, to turn outward or inside out [v]
EVERTOR	EEORRTV	muscle that turns part outward [n -S]
EVITING	EGIINTV	EVITE, to avoid (to keep away from) [v]
EVULSED	DEELSUV	EVULSE, to extract forcibly [v]
EVULSES	EELSSUV	EVULSE, to extract forcibly [v]
EXCIPLE	CEEILPX	rim around hymenium of various lichens [n -S]
EXEDRAE	ADEEERX	EXEDRA, curved outdoor bench [n]
EXEDRAS	ADEERSX	EXEDRA, curved outdoor bench [n]
EXERGUE	EEEGRUX	space on coin [n -S]
LALINOUL	LLLUNUX	space on com [ii o]



Documenting bingos about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION – Answers the Question: WHERE?			
EXHEDRA	ADEEHRX	exedra (curved outdoor bench) [n -E]	
EXHUMED	DEEHMUX	EXHUME, to dig out of earth [v]	
EXHUMER	EEHMRUX	one that exhumes (to dig out of earth) [n -S]	
EXHUMES	EEHMSUX	EXHUME, to dig out of earth [v]	
EXITING	EGIINTX	EXIT, to go out [v]	
EXOCARP	ACEOPRX	epicarp (outer layer of pericarp) [n -S]	
EXODERM	DEEMORX	ectoderm (outermost germ layer of embryo) [n -S]	
EXOTICS	CEIOSTX	EXOTIC, something from another part of world [n]	
EXOTISM	EIMOSTX	exotic (something from another part of world) [n -S]	
EXPANSE	AEENPSX	wide, continuous area [n -S]	
EXPLODE	DEELOPX	to blow up [v -D, DING, -S	
EXPORTS	EOPRSTX	EXPORT, to send to other countries for commercial purposes [v]	
EXPOSAL	AELOPSX	exposure (act of exposing (to lay open to view) [n -S]	
EXPOSED	DEEOPSX	EXPOSE, to lay open to view) [v]	
EXPOSER	EEOPRSX	one that exposes (to lay open to view) [n -S]	
EXPOSES	EEOPSSX	EXPOSE, to lay open to view) [v]	
EXSERTS	EERSSTX	EXSERT, to thrust out [v]	
EXTENTS	EENSTTX	EXTENT, range over which something extends [n]	
EXTREME	EEEMRTX	highest degree [n -S]	
EXTROPY	EOPRTXY	prediction that human intelligence will enable life to expand throughout universe [n -PIES]	
EXTRUDE	DEERTUX	to force , thrust, or push out [v -D, -DING, -S]	
EXUDATE	ADEETUX	exuded substance [n -S]	
EXUDING	DEGINUX	EXUDE, to ooze forth [v]	
EXURBAN	ABENRUX	EXURB, residential area lying beyond suburbs of city [adj]	
EXURBIA	ABEIRUX	exurb (residential area lying beyond suburbs of city) [n -S]	
EYEBEAM	ABEEEMY	glance	
EYEBROW	BEEORWY	ridge over eye [n -S]	
EYELASH	AEEHLSY	hair growing in edge of eyelid [n -ES]	
EYELIDS	DEEILSY	EYELID, lid of skin that can be closed over eyeball [n]	
EYESHOT	EEHOSTY	range of vision [n -S]	
EYEWEAR	AEEERWY	device worn on or over eyes [n EYEWEAR]	
EYEWINK	EEIKNWY	wink of eye [n -S]	
		F 7s	
FACADES	AACDEFS	FACADE, front of building [n]	
FACETED	ACDEEFT	FACET, to cut small plane surfaces on [v]	
FAGGOTS	AFGGOST	FAGGOT, to fagot (to bind together into bundle) [v]	
FAGOTED	ADEFGOT	FAGOT, to bind together into bundle [v]	
FAGOTER	AEFGORT	one that fagots (to bind together into bundle) [n -S]	
FALLERS	AEFLLRS	FALLER, one that falls (to descend under force of gravity) [n]	
FALLING	AFGILLN	FALL, to descend upon force of gravity [v]	
FALLOUT	AFLLOTU	radioactive debris resulting from nuclear explosion [n -S]	
FANNERS	AEFNNRS	FANNER, one that fans (to cool or refresh with fan (device for putting air into motion)) [n]	
FANNING	AFGINNN	FAN, to cool or refresh with fan (device for putting air into motion) [v]	
FANWISE	AEFINSW	spread out like open fan [adj]	
FARAWAY	AAAFRWY	distant (far off or apart) [adj]	
FARSIDE	ADEFIRS	farther side [n -S]	
FARTHER	AEFHRRT	FAR [adj] / FAR, at or to great distance [adv]	



Documenting bingos about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION – Answers the Question: WHERE?			
FAVELAS	AAEFLSV	FAVELA, slum area [n]	
FAVELLA	AAEFLLV	favela (slum area) [n -S]	
FEATHER	AEEFHRT	to cover with feathers (horny structures that form principal covering of birds) [v -ED, -ING, -S]	
FEINTED	DEEFINT	FEINT, to make deceptive movement [v]	
FELLERS	EEFLLRS	FELLER, one that fells (to cause to fall) [n]	
FELLING	EFGILLN	FELL, FALL, to descend under force of gravity [v]	
FENDERS	DEEFNRS	FENDER, metal guard over wheel of motor vehicle [n]	
FETCHED	CDEEFHT	FETCH, to go after and bring back [v]	
FETCHER	CEEFHRT	one that fetches (to go after and bring back) [n -S]	
FETCHES	CEEFHST	FETCH, to go after and bring back [v]	
FETTERS	EEFRSTT	FETTER, to shackle (to confine with metal fastenings placed around wrists or ankles) [v]	
FETTING	EFGINTT	FET, to fetch (to go after and bring back) [v]	
FETTLED	DEEFLTT	FETTLE, to cover hearth with fettling (material to protect it) [n -S]	
FETTLER	EEFLRTT	one that fettles, (to cover hearth with fettling (material to protect it)) [n -S]	
FETTLES	EEFLSTT	FETTLE, to cover hearth with fettling (material to protect it) [n -S]	
FILMIER	EFIILMR	FILMY, resembling or covered with film; hazy [adj]	
FILMILY	FIILLMY	in filmy (resembling or covered with film; hazy) manner [adv]	
FINDERS	DEFINRS	FINDER, one that finds (to come upon after search) [n]	
FINDING	DFGIINN	something that is found [n -S] / FIND, to come upon after a search [v]	
FINIALS	AFIILNS	FINIAL, crowning ornament [n]	
FISHWAY	AFHISWY	device for enabling fish to pass around dam [n -S]	
FIXATED	ADEFITX	FIXATE, to make stable or stationary [v]	
FIXATES	AEFISTX	FIXATE, to make stable or stationary [v]	
FLAILED	ADEFILL	FLAIL, to swing freely [v]	
FLANKED	ADEFKLN	FLANK, to be located at side of [v]	
FLANKEN	AEFKLNN	beef cut from sides that is boiled with vegetables [n FLANKEN]	
FLANKER	AEFKLNR	one that flanks (to be located at side of) [n -S]	
FLANNEL	AEFLLNN	to cover with flannel (soft fabric) [v -ED, -LLED, -ING, -LLING, -S]	
FLAPPED	ADEFLPP	FLAP, to wave up and down [v]	
FLAPPER	AEFLPPR	one that flaps (to wave up and down) [n -S]	
FLATLET	AEFLLTT	type of apartment [n -S]	
FLAUTAS	AAFLSTU	FLAUTA, tortilla rolled around filling and fried [n]	
FLEEING	EEFGILN	FLEE, to run away [v]	
FLEHMEN	EEFHLMN	to inhale with mouth open and upper lip curled [v -ED, -ING, -S]	
FLEMISH	EFHILMS	to coil rope in certain manner [v -ED, -ING, -S]	
FLESHED	DEEFHLS	FLESH, to plunge into flesh (soft body tissue) [v]	
FLESHES	EEFHLSS	FLESH, to plunge into flesh (soft body tissue) [v]	
FLEXILE	EEFILLX	flexible (capable of being bent) [adj]	
FLEXING	EFGILNX	FLEX, to bend [v]	
FLEXION	EFILNOX	flection (act of bending (to curve) [n -S]	
FLEXORS	EFLORSX	FLEXOR, muscle that serves to bend bodily part [n]nn	
FLEXURE	EEFLRUX	act of bending [n -S]	
FLICKER	CEFIKLR	to move waveringly [v -ED, -ING, -S]	
FLITTER	EFILRTT	to flutter (to wave rapidly and irregularly) [v -ED, -ING, -S]	
FLOATED	ADEFLOT	FLOAT, to rest or remain on surface of liquid [v]	
FLOATER	AEFLORT	one that floats (to rest or remain on surface of liquid) [n -S]	
FLOCKED	CDEFKLO	FLOCK, to gather or move in crowd [v]	
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Doc u	menting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION – Answers the Question: WHERE?
FLOODED	DDEFLOO	FLOOD, to inundate (to overwhelm with water) [v]
FLOODER	DEFLOOR	one that floods (to inundate (to overwhelm with water)) [n -S]
FLOORED	DEFLOOR	FLOOR, to provide with floor (level base of room) [v]
FLOORER	EFLOORR	one that floors (to provide with floor (level base of room)) [n -S]
FLOPPED	DEFLOPP	FLOP, to fall heavily and noisily [v]
FLOPPER	EFLOPPR	one that flops (to fall heavily and noisily) [n -S]
FLOTAGE	AEFGLOT	act of floating (to rest or remain on surface of liquid) [n -S]
FLOUNCY	CFLNOUY	flouncing (to move in exaggerated motions) [adj]
FLOURED	DEFLORU	FLOUR, to cover with flour (finely ground meal of grain) [v]
FLUMPED	DEFLMPU	FLUMP, to fall heavily [v]
FLUTING	FGILNTU	series of parallel grooves [n -S]
FLYABLE	ABEFLLY	suitable for flying [adj]
FLYAWAY	AAFLWYY	one that is elusive [n -S]
FLYBELT	BEFLLTY	area infested with tsetse flies [n -S]
FLYINGS	FGILNSY	FLYING, operation of aircraft [n]
FLYLEAF	AEFFLLY	blank leaf at beginning or end of book [n -AVES]
FLYOFFS	FFFLOSY	FLYOFF, competitive testing of model aircraft [n]
FLYOVER	EFLORVY	flight of aircraft over specific location [n -S]
FLYPAST	AFLPSTY	
		flyby (flight of aircraft close to specified place) [n -S] FLYWAY, established air route of migratory birds [n]
FLYWAYS	AFLSWYY	,
FOAMILY	AEFIMOR	FOAMY, covered with foam [adj]
FOAMILY	AFILMOY	in foamy (covered with foam) manner [adv]
FOCALLY	ACFLLOY	with regard to focus [adv]
FOCUSER	CEFORSU	one that focuses (to bring to focus (point at which rays converge or from which they diverge) [n -S]
FOCUSES	CEFOSSU	FOCUS, point at which rays converge or from which they diverge [n]
FOGBOWS	BFGOOSW	FOGBOW, nebulous arc of light sometimes seen in fog [n -S]
FOGDOGS	DFGGOOS	FOGDOG, fogbow (nebulous arc of light sometimes seen in fog) [n -S
FOGGERS	EFGGORS	FOGGER, one that fogs (to cover with fog (condensed water vapor near earth's surface)) [n]
FOGGING	FGGGINO	covering with fog [n -S] / FOG, to cover with fog (condensed water vapor near earth's surface) [v]
FOLDERS	DEFLORS	FOLDER, one that folds (to lay one part over another part of) [n]
FOLDING	DFGILNO	FOLD, to lay one part over another part of [v]
FOLDOUT	DFLOOTU	gatefold (folded insert in book or magazine) [n -S]
FOLDUPS	DFLOPSU	FOLDUP, object that folds up [n]
FOLIUMS	FILMOSU	FOLIUM, thin layer [n]
FOLLOWS	FLLOOSW	FOLLOW, to come or go after [v]
FORDING	DFGINOR	FORD, to cross by wading [v]
FOREBYE	BEEFORY	forby (near by) [prep]
FOREGUT	EFGORTU	front part of embryonic alimentary canal [n -S]
FOREIGN	EFGINOR	situated outside place or country [adj]
FORELEG	EEFGLOR	one of front legs of animal [n -S]
FORERUN	EFNORRU	to run in advance of [v -RAN, -NNING, -S]
FORESTS	EFORSST	FOREST, to convert into forest (densely wooded area) [v]
FORETOP	EFOOPRT	platform at head of ship's foremast [n -S]
FORNENT	EFNNORT	near to [prep]
FORWARD	ADFORRW	to help onward [v -ED, -ING, -S]; being at point in advance [adj -ER, -EST]
FOUNDED	DDEFNOU	FOUND, FIND, to come upon after search [v]
FOXHOLE	EFHLOOX	small pit used for cover in battle area [n -S]



Docu	menting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION - Answers the Question: Where?
FOXINGS	FGINOSX	FOXING, piece of material used to cover upper portion of shoe [n]
FRAMERS	AEFMRRS	FRAMER, one that frames (to construct by putting together various parts) [n]
FRAMING	AFGIMNR	FRAME, to construct by putting together various parts [v]
FRESHET	EEFHRST	sudden overflow of stream [n -S]
FROCKED	CDEFKOR	FROCK, to clothe in long, loose outer garment [v]
FRONTED	DEFNORT	FRONT, to provide with front (forward part) [v]
FRONTER	EFNORRT	FRONT, pertaining to or situated at forward part of surface [adj]
FRONTES	EFNORST	FRONS, upper anterior portion of insect's head [n]
FROSTED	DEFORST	FROST, to cover with frost (deposit of minute ice crystals) [v]
FRYABLE	ABEFLRY	FRY, to cook over direct heat in hot fat or oil [adj]
FUGLING	FGGILNU	FUGLE, to lead [v]
FULMINE	EFILMNU	explode loudly [v -D, -NING, -S]
FUNKERS	EFKNRSU	FUNKER, one that funks (to shrink back in fear) [n]
FUNKING	FGIKNNU	FUNK, to shrink back in fear [v]
FURLERS	EFLRRSU	FURLER, one that furls (to roll up) [n -S]
FURLING	FGILNRU	FURL, to roll up [v]
FURRIER	EFIRRRU	FURRY, covered with fur [adj]
FURRILY	FILRRUY	in furry (covered with fur) manner [adv]
FURRING	FGINRRU	FUR, to cover with fur (dressed animal pelt) [v]
FURTHER	EFHRRTU	to help forward [v -ED, -ING, -S] / FAR, at or to great distance [adv]
FUSIONS	FINOSSU	FUSION, act of melting together [n]
		G 7s
GADDERS	ADDEGRS	GADDER, one that gads (to roam about restlessly) [n]
GALILEE	AEEGILL	type of porch (covered structure at entrance to building) [n -S]
GALLERY	AEGLLRY	to provide with long covered area [v -RIED, -ING, -RIES]
GALOSHE	AEGHLOS	galosh (overshoe (protective outer shoe)) [n -S]
GALOSHE	AEGHLOS	galosh (overshoe (protective outer shoe)) [n -S]
GAMBADE	AABDEGM	gambado (leap made by horse) [n -S]
GAMBADO	AABDGMO	leap made by horse [n -ES, -S]
GAMBOLS	ABGLMOS	GAMBOL, to leap about playfully [v]
GANTLET	AEGLNTT	to overlap railroad tracks [v -ED, -ING, -S]
GAPPIER	AEGIPPR	GAPPY, having openings (vacant or unobstructed space) [adj]
GARDANT	AADGNRT	turned directly toward observer used of heraldic animal [adj]
GARRETS	AEGRRST	GARRET, attic (story or room directly below roof of house) [n]
GATHERS	AEGHRST	GATHER, to bring together into one place or group [v]
GATINGS	AGGINST	GATING, process of opening and closing channel [n]
GAUFFER	AEFFGRU	to goffer (to press ridges or pleats into [v -ED, -ING, -S]
GAWKIER	AEGIKRW	GAWKY, awkward [adj]
GAWKIES	AEGIKSW	GAWKY, awkward person [n]
GAWKISH	AGHIKSW	gawky, awkward [adj]
GELCOAT	ACEGLOT	surface layer of polyester resin [n -S]
GELIDLY	DEGILLY	GELID, icy (covered with ice) [adv]
GELLIES	EEGILLS	GELLY, gelignite (high explosive) [n]
GERBILS	BEGILRS	GERBIL, burrowing rodent [n]
GESTURE	EEGRSTU	to express by bodily motion [v -D, -RING, -S]
GETABLE	ABEEGLT	GET, to obtain or acquire [adj]
GETAWAY	AAEGTWY	escape [n -S]



GETTING	EGGINTT	GET, to obtain or acquire [v]
GILDERS	DEGILRS	GILDER, one that gilds (to cover with thin layer of gold) [n]
GILDING	DGGIILN	GILD, to cover with thin layer of gold [v]
GIMMALS	AGILMMS	GIMMAL, pair of interlocking rings [n]
GINGIVA	AGGIINV	fleshy tissue that surrounds teeth [n -E]
GIPSIED	DEGIIPS	GIPSY, gypsy (to live like gypsy (wanderer) [v]
GIRDERS	DEGIRRS	GIRDER, horizontal support [n]
GIRDING	DGGIINR	GIRD, to surround (to extend completely around) [v]
GIRNING	GGIINNR	GIRN, to snarl [v]
GIRTHED	DEGHIRT	GIRTH, to encircle (to form circle around) [v]
GIRTING	GGIINRT	GIRT, GIRD, to surround (to extend completely around) [v]
GITTING	GGIINTT	GIT, get (to obtain or acquire) [v]
GLACEED	ACDEEGL	GLACE, to cover with icing [v]
GLADIER	ADEGILR	GLADY, having glades (open space in forest) [adj]
GLANDES	ADEGLNS	GLANS, tip of penis or clitoris [n]
GLASSED	ADEGLSS	GLASS, to encase in glass (transparent substance) [v]
GLAZIER	AEGILRZ	GLAZY, covered with smooth, glossy coating [adj]
GLAZILY	AGILLYZ	GLAZY, covered with smooth, glossy coating [adv]
GLEETED	DEEEGLT	GLEET, to discharge mucus from urethra [v]
GLEYING	EGGILNY	development of gley (clay soil layer) [n -S]
GLOPPED	DEGLOPP	GLOP, to cover with glop (messy mass or mixture) [v]
GNARLED	ADEGLNR	GNARL, to twist into state of deformity [v]
GNASHED	ADEGHNS	GNASH, to grind teeth together [v]
GNASHES	AEGHNSS	GNASH, to grind teeth together [v]
GNAWERS	AEGNRSW	GNAWER, one that gnaws (to wear away by persistent biting) [n]
GNAWING	AGGINNW	GNAW, to wear away by persistent biting [v]
GODWARD	ADDGORW	toward GOD [adv -S]
GOITERS	EGIORST	GOITER, enlargement of thyroid gland [n]
GOITRED	DEGIORT	GOITRE, goiter (enlargement of thyroid gland) [adj]
		GOITRE, goiter (enlargement of thyroid gland) [n]
GOLIARD	EGIORST	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
GOLIARD	ADGILOR	wandering student [n -S]
GOLOSHE	EGHLOOS	galosh (overshoe (protective outer shoe)) [n -S]
GOPHERS	EGHOPRS	GOPHER, burrowing rodent [n]
GOUGERS	EGGORSU	GOUGER, one that gouges (to cut or scoop out) [n]
GOUGING	GGGINOU	GOUGE, to cut or scoop out [v]
GOWNING	GGINNOW	GOWN, to dress in gown (long, loose outer garment) [v]
GRABBLE	ABBEGLR	to grope (to feel about with hands) [v -D, -LING, -S]
GRABENS	ABBEGNR	depression in earth's crust [n]
GRASSED	ADEGRSS	GRASS, to cover with grass (herbaceous plants) [v]
GRASSES	AEGRSSS	GRASS, to cover with grass (herbaceous plants) [v]
GRATINE	AEGINRT	covered with crust [adj]
GRAVITY	AGIRTVY	force of attraction toward earth's center [n -TIES]
GRENADE	ADEEGNR	explosive device [n -S]
GRIDING	DGGIINR	GRIDE, to scrape harshly [v]
GRIMACE	ACEGIMR	to contort facial features [v -D, -CING, -S]
GRITTED	DEGIRTT	GRIT, to press teeth together [v]
GRITTER	EGIRRTT	one that grits (to press teeth together) [n -S]
OKTITEK	FOUNTI	one that girts (to press teeth together) [II -5]



CDOINED	DECINOD	CDOIN to build with interesting such a 5.1
GROINED	DEGINOR	GROIN, to build with intersecting arches [v]
GROOVER	EGOORRV	one that grooves (to form groove (long, narrow depression)) [n -S]
GROPERS	EGOPRRS	GROPER, one that gropes (to feel about with hands) [n]
GROPING	GGINOPR	GROPE, to feel about with hands [v]
GROVELS	EGLORSV	GROVEL, to crawl in abject manner [v]
GROYNES	EGNORSY	structure built to keep shore from erosion [n]
GRUBBED	BBDEGRU	GRUB, to dig (to break up, turn over, or remove earth) [v]
GRUBBER	BBEGRRU	one that grubs (to dig (to break up, turn over, or remove earth)) [n -S]
GUIDERS	DEGIRSU	GUIDER. one that guides (to show way to) [n]
GUIDING	DGGIINU	GUIDE, to show way to [v]
GULFING	FGGILNU	GULF, to swallow up [v]
GUMLINE	EGILMNU	edge of gums meeting teeth [n -S]
GUMWEED	DEEGMUW	plant covered with gummy substance [n -S]
GUNWALE	AEGLNUW	upper edge of ship's side [n -S]
GURGING	GGGINRU	GURGE, to swirl (to move with whirling motion) [v]
GUSHERS	EGHRSSU	GUSHER, gushing (to flow forth forcefully) oil well [n]
GUSHING	GGHINSU	GUSH, to flow forth forcefully [v]
GYPSIED	DEGIPSY	GYPSY, to live like gypsy (wanderer) [v]
GYPSIES	EGIPSSY	GYPSY, to live like gypsy (wanderer) [v]
GYRATED	ADEGRTY	GYRATE, to revolve or rotate [v]
GYRATES	AEGRSTY	GYRATE, to revolve or rotate [v]
GYRATOR	AGORRTY	one that gyrates (to revolve or rotate) [n -S]
		H 7s
HAIRIER	AEHIIRR	HAIRY, covered with hair [adj]
HAIRILY	AHIILRY	in hairy (covered with hair) manner [adv]
HALFWAY	AAFHLWY	being in middle [adj]
HALITUS	AHILSTU	exhalation [n -ES]
HALTING	AGHILNT	HALT, to stop (to discontinue progress or motion of) [v]
HALVING	AGHILNV	act of fitting timbers together by cutting out half thickness of each [n -S]
HAMMOCK	ACHKMMO	hanging cot [n -S]
HAMSTER	AEHMRST	burrowing rodent [n -S]
HANDING	ADGHINN	HAND, to present with hand [v]
HANGERS	AEGHNRS	HANGER, one that hangs (to attach from above only) [n]
HANGING	AGGHINN	execution by strangling with suspended noose [n -S]
HANGING	AGGHINN	HANG, to attach from above only [v]
HARDPAN	AADHNPR	layer of hard subsoil [n -S]
HARELIP	AEHILPR	deformity in upper lip [n -S]
HARROWS	AHORRSW	HARROW, to break up and level soil [v]
HASHTAG	AAGHHST	word or phrase preceded by symbol # that categorizes accompanying text [n -S]
HATCHEL	ACEHHLT	to separate flax fibers with comb [v -ED, -LLED, -ING, -LLING, -S]
HAULAGE	AAEGHLU	act of hauling (to pull with force) [n -S]
HAULERS	AEHLRSU	HAULER, one that hauls (to pull with force) [n]
HAULIER	AEHILRU	hauler (one that hauls (to pull with force)) [n -S]
HAULOUT	AHLOTUU	action of hauling boat out of water [n -S]
HAYLOFT	AFHLOTY	loft for hay storage [n -S]
HAYMOWS	AHMOSWY	HAYMOW, hayloft (loft for storage of hay) [n]
HEADPIN	ADEHINP	bowling pin [n -S]



Doc u	Doc umenting bingos about DIRECTION , LOCATION , POSITION – Answers the Question: WHERE?			
HEADWAY	AADEHWY	forward movement [n -S]		
HEARTHS	AEHHRST	HEARTH, floor of fireplace [n]		
HEAVERS	AEEHRSV	HEAVER, one that heaves (to lift forcefully) [n]		
HEAVING	AEGHINV	HEAVE, to lift forcefully [v]		
HECTARE	ACEEHRT	unit of area [n -S]		
HEDGERS	DEEGHRS	HEDGER, one that hedges (to surround with hedge (dense row of shrubs)) [n]		
HEDGING	DEGGHIN	HEDGE, to surround with hedge (dense row of shrubs) [v]		
HEELING	EEGHILN	act of inclining laterally [n -S]		
HEEZING	EEGHINZ	HEEZE, to hoist [v]		
HEFTERS	EEFHRST	HEFTER, one that hefts (to lift up) [n]		
HEFTING	EFGHINT	HEFT, to lift up [v]		
HEGIRAS	AEGHIRS	HEGIRA, exodus (movement away) [n]		
HEIGHTH	EGHHHIT	height (highest point) [n -S]		
HEIGHTS	EGHHIST	HEIGHT, highest point [n]		
HEJIRAS	AEHIJRS	HEJIRA, hegira (exodus (movement away)) [n]		
HEKTARE	AEEHKRT	hectare (unit of area) [n -S]		
HEMLINE	EEHILMN	bottom edge of garment [n -S]		
HEMMERS	EEHMMRS	HEMMER, one that hems (to provide with edge) [n]		
HEMMING	EGHIMMN	HEM, to provide with edge [v]		
HERDERS	DEEHRRS	HERDER, one that herds (to bring together in herd (group of animals)) [n]		
HERDING	DEGHINR	HERD, to bring together in herd (group of animals) [v]		
HERNIAE	AEEHINR	HERNIA, protrusion of organ through its surrounding wall [n]		
HERNIAL	AEHILNR	HERNIA, protrusion of organ through its surrounding wall [adj]		
HERNIAS	AEHINRS	HERNIA, protrusion of organ through its surrounding wall [n]		
HEXAPLA	AAEHLPX	edition in which six texts are set in parallel columns [n -S]		
HIDABLE	ABDEHIL	able to be hidden [adj]		
HIGHEST	EGHHIST	HIGH, reaching far upward [adj]		
HIGHTHS	GHHHIST	HIGHTH, height (highest point) [n]		
HIGHTOP	GHHIOPT	sports shoe extending over ankle [n -S]		
HIGHWAY	AGHHIWY	main road [n -S]		
HIJRAHS	AHHIJRS	HIJRAH, hegira (exodus (movement away)) [n]		
HILLERS	EHILLRS	HILLER, one that hills (to form into hill (rounded elevation)) [n]		
HILLIER	EHIILLR	HILLY, abounding in hills (rounded elevation) [adj]		
HILLING	GHIILLN	HILL, to form into hill (rounded elevation) [v]		
HILLTOP	HILLOPT	top of hill [n -S]		
HINDGUT	DGHINTU	rear part of alimentary canal [n -S]		
HIPLINE	EHIILNP	distance around hips [n -S]		
HIRSUTE	EHIRSTU	hairy (covered with hair) [adj]		
HISTING	GHIINST	HIST, to hoist [v]		
HOARDED	ADDEHOR	HOARD, to gather and store away [v]		
HOARDER	ADEHORR	one that hoards (to gather and store away) [n -S]		
HOBBITS	BBHIOST	HOBBIT, fictitious creature that lives underground [n]		
HOGBACK	ABCGHKO	sharp ridge [n -S]		
HOGTIED	DEGHIOT	HOGTIE, to tie together legs of [v]		
HOGTIES	EGHIOST	HOGTIE, to tie together legs of [v]		
HOICKED	CDEHIKO	HOICK, to change directions abruptly [v]		
HOISING	GHIINOS	HOISE, to hoist (to haul up by some mechanical means) [v]		
DNITCIOLL	GUIIINOS	HOLDE, to hold (to had up by some mechanical means) [V]		



200	annonting bingee	
HOISTED	DEHIOST	HOIST, to haul up by some mechanical means [v]
HOISTER	EHIORST	one that hoists (to haul up by some mechanical means) [n -S]
HOLKING	GHIKLNO	HOLK, to howk (to dig (to break up, turn over, or remove earth)) [v]
HOMEBOY	BEHMOOY	boy or man from one's neighborhood [n -S]
		,
HOMMOCK	CHKMMOO	ridge in ice field [n -S]
HONGIED	DEGHINO	HONGI, to greet another by pressing noses together [v]
HONGIES	EGHINOS	HONGI, to greet another by pressing noses together [v]
HOODING	DGHINOO	HOOD, to furnish with hood (covering for head) [v]
HOPPERS	EHOPPRS	HOPPER, one that hops (to move by jumping on one foot) [n]
HOPPING	GHINOPP	HOP, to move by jumping on one foot [v]
HORRENT	EHNORRT	
		bristling; standing erect [adj]
HORSTES	EHORSST	HORSTE, horst (portion of earth's crust) [n]
HOTCHED	CDEHHOT	HOTCH, to wiggle (to move with short, quick movements from side to side) [v]
HOTCHES	CEHHOST	HOTCH, to wiggle (to move with short, quick movements from side to side) [v]
HOTSPOT	HOOPSTT	area known for violence or unrest [n -S]
HOVERED	DEEHORV	HOVER, to hang suspended in air [v]
HOVERER	EEHORRV	something that hovers (to hang suspended in air) [n -S]
HOWKING	GHIKNOW	HOWK, to dig (to break up, turn over, or remove earth) [v]
HUBLESS	BEHLSSU	lacking hub (center of wheel) [adj]
HUDDLED	DDDEHLU	HUDDLE, to crowd together [v]
HUDDLER	DDEHLRU	one that huddles (to crowd together) [n -S]
HUDDLES	DDEHLSU	HUDDLE, to crowd together [v]
HUNCHED	CDEHHNU	HUNCH, to arch forward [v]
HUNCHES	CEHHNSU	HUNCH, to arch forward [v]
HUNKERS	EHKNRSU	HUNKER, to squat (to bend one's knees and sit on one's heels) [v]
HURDLED	DDEHLRU	HURDLE, to jump over [v]
HURDLER	DEHLRRU	
		one that hurdles (to jump over) [n -S]
HURDLES	DEHLRSU	HURDLE, to jump over [v]
HUSKERS	EHKRSSU	HUSKER, one that husks (to remove husk (outer covering) from) [n]
HUSKIES	EHIKSSU	HUSKY, dog of arctic region [n]
HUSKING	GHIKNSU	HUSK, to remove husk (outer covering) from [v]
HUTCHED	CDEHHTU	HUTCH, to store away [v]
HUTCHES	CEHHSTU	HUTCH, to store away [v]
HYMENIA	AEHIMNY	HYMENIUM, layer in certain fungi [n]
		I 7s
ICECAPS	ACCEIPS	ICECAP, covering of ice and snow [n]
ICINESS	CEIINSS	state of being icy (covered with ice) [n -ES]
IMBOWER	BEIMORW	to embower (to surround with foliage) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
IMMIXED	DEIIMMX	IMMIX, to mix in [v]
IMMIXES	EIIMMSX	IMMIX, to mix in [v]
IMPACTS	ACIMPST	IMPACT, to pack firmly together [v]
IMPINGE	EGIIMNP	to collide (to come together with violent impact) [v -D, -GING, -S]
IMPLODE	DEILMOP	to collapse inward [v -D, -DING, -S]
INARMED	ADEIMNR	INARM, to encircle with arms [v]
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
INBOUND	BDINNOU	to put basketball in play from out of bounds [v -ED, -ING, -S]
INBURST	BINRSTU	act of bursting inward [n -S]
INCEPTS	CEINPST	INCEPT, to take in [v]



Doc	amenting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION - Answers the Question: WHERE?
INCISED	CDEIINS	INCISE, to cut into [v]
INCISES	CEIINSS	INCISE, to cut into [v]
INCLINE	CEIILNN	to slant (to deviate from horizontal or vertical) [v -D, -NING, -S]
INCRUST	CINRSTU	to encrust (to cover with crust) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
		*
INCURVE	CEINRUV	to curve inward [v -D, -VING, -S]
INDIGEN	DEGIINN	indigene (native (original inhabitant of area)) [n -S]
INDOORS	DINOORS	in or into house [adv]
INDORSE	DEINORS	to endorse (to sign back of negotiable document) [v -D, -SING, -S]
INDRAFT	ADFINRT	inward flow or current [n -S]
INDRAWN	ADINNRW	drawn in [adj]
INDWELL	DEILLNW	to live within [v -ELT, -ING, -S]
INDWELT	DEILNTW	INDWELL, to live within [v]
INEARTH	AEHINRT	to bury (to put in ground and cover with earth) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
INFALLS	AFILLNS	INFALL, movement under influence of gravity toward celestial object [n]
INFARCT	ACFINRT	area of dead or dying tissue [n -S]
INFAUNA	AAFINNU	fauna living on soft sea floor [n -E, -S]
INFERNO	EFINNOR	place that resembles or suggests hell [n -S]
INFESTS	EFINSST	INFEST, to overrun in large numbers [v]
INFIELD	DEFIILN	part of baseball field [n -S]
INFIXED	DEFIINX	INFIX, to implant (to set securely) [v]
INFIXES	EFIINSX	INFIX, to implant (to set securely) [v]
INFLECT	CEFILNT	to bend (to curve (to deviate from straightness)) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
INFLOWS	FILNOSW	INFLOW, act of flowing in [n]
INFOLDS	DFILNOS	INFOLD, to fold inward [v]
INFUSED	DEFINSU	INFUSE, to permeate with something [v]
INFUSER	EFINRSU	one that infuses (to permeate with something) [n -S]
INFUSES	EFINSSU	INFUSE, to permeate with something [v]
INGOING		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	GGIINNO	entering [adj]
INGRESS	EGINRSS	act of entering (to come or go into) [n -ES]
INGROWN	GINNORW	grown into flesh [adj]
INGULFS	FGILNSU	INGULF, to engulf (to surround completely) [v]
INHAULS	AHILNSU	INHAUL, line for bringing in sail [n]
INHIBIT	BHIIINT	to restrain or hold back [v -ED, -ING, -S]
INHUMED	DEHIMNU	INHUME, to bury (to put in ground and cover with earth) [v]
INHUMER	EHIMNRU	one that inhumes (to bury (to put in ground and cover with earth)) [n -S]
INHUMES	EHIMNSU	INHUME, to bury (to put in ground and cover with earth) [v]
INJECTS	CEIJNST	INJECT, to force fluid into [v]
INLANDS	ADILNNS	INLAND, interior of region [n]
INLAYER	AEILNRY	one that inlays (to set into surface) [n -S]
	GIILNNY	, ,
INLYING		located farther in [adj]
INNARDS	ADINNRS	internal organs [n INNARDS]
INNERLY	EILNNRY	inwardly (on inside) [adv]
INPOURS	INOPRSU	INPOUR, to pour in [v]
INROADS	ADINORS	INROAD, hostile invasion [n]
INSCAPE	ACEINPS	inner essential quality of something [n -S]
INSEAMS	AEIMNSS	INSEAM, inner seam [n]
INSERTS	EINRSST	INSERT, to put in [v]
-		



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INSHORE	EHINORS	near shore [adj]
INSIDES	DEIINSS	INSIDE, something that lies within [n]
INSIGHT	GHIINST	perception of inner nature of things [n -S]
INSOLES	EILNOSS	INSOLE, inner sole of boot or shoe [n]
INSTALL	AILLNST	to place in position for use [v -ED, -ING, -S]
INSTALS	AILNSST	INSTAL, to install (to place in position for use) [v]
INSULAE	AEILNSU	INSULA, region of brain [n]
INSWEPT	EINPSTW	narrowed in front [adj]
INTAKES	AEIKNST	INTAKE, act of taking in [n]
INTIMAE	AEIIMNT	INTIMA, innermost layer of organ [n]
INTIMAL	AIILMNT	INTIMA, innermost layer of organ [adj]
INTIMAS	AIIMNST	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		INTIMA, innermost layer of organ [n]
INTINES	EIINNST	INTINE, inner wall of spore [n]
INTORTS	INORSTT	INTORT, to twist inward [v]
INTRANT	AINNRTT	entrant (one that enters (to come or go into)) [n]
INTRUDE	DEINRTU	to thrust or force oneself in [v -D, -DING, -S]
INTURNS	INNRSTU	INTURN, turning inward [n]
INTWINE	EIINNTW	to entwine (to twine around) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
INTWIST	IINSTTW	to entwise (to twist together) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
		· /- / -
INVERSE	EEINRSV	to reverse (to turn or move in opposite direction) [v -D, -SING, -S]
INVERTS	EINRSTV	INVERT, to turn upside down [v]
INWALLS	AILLNSW	INWALL, to surround with a wall [v]
INWARDS	ADINRSW	inward (toward inside) [adv]
INWEAVE	AEEINVW	to weave together [v -D, -WOVE, WOVEN, -VING, -S]
INWINDS	DIINNSW	INWIND, to enwind (to wind around) [v]
INWOUND	DINNOUW	INWIND, to enwind (to wind around) [v]
INWRAPS	AINPRSW	INWRAP, to enwrap (to envelop (to cover completely)) [v]
IRRUPTS	IPRRSTU	IRRUPT, to rush in forcibly [v]
ISLANDS	ADILNSS	ISLAND, to make into island (land area entirely surrounded by water) [v]
ISOLATE	AEILOST	to set apart from others [v -D, -TING, -S]
ISSUANT	AINSSTU	coming forth [adj]
ISSUERS	EIRSSSU	ISSUER, one that issues (to come forth) [n]
ISSUING	GIINSSU	ISSUE, to come forth [v]
IVYLIKE	EIIKLVY	IVY, climbing vine [adj]
IVILIKE	LIIKLVI	J 7s
1A CIVED C	ACEIVAC	
JACKERS	ACEJKRS	JACKER, one that jacks (to raise with type of lever) [n]
JACKING	ACGIJKN	JACK, to raise with type of lever [v]
JAMBING	ABGIJMN	JAMB, to jam (to force together tightly) [v]
JAMMERS	AEJMMRS	JAMMER, one that jams (to force together tightly) [n]
JAMMING	AGIJMMN	JAM, to force together tightly [v]
JASMINE	AEIJMNS	climbing shrub [n -S]
JASMINS	AIJMNSS	JASMIN, jasmine (climbing shrub) [n]
JAUNCED	ACDEJNU	JAUNCE, to prance (to spring forward on hind legs) [v]
JAUNCES	ACEJNSU	JAUNCE, to prance (to spring forward on hind legs) [v]
JERKERS	EEJKRRS	JERKER, one that jerks (to move with sharp, sudden motion) [n]
JERKIER	EEIJKRR	JERKY, characterized by jerking movements [adj]
JERKILY	EIJKLRY	JERKY, characterized by jerking movements [adv]
		·



Doc	arrienting birigos	about birection, Location, 1 oction – Allsweis the adestion. Where:
JERKING	EGIJKNR	JERK, to move with sharp, sudden motion [v]
JESSING	EGIJNSS	JESS, to fasten straps around legs of hawk [v] / JESSE, to jess [v]
JETFOIL	EFIJLOT	jet-powered hydrofoil (boat with winglike structures for lifting hull above water) [n -S]
JETPACK	ACEJKPT	backpack with jets to transport wearer [n -S]
JETSAMS	AEJMSST	JETSAM, goods cast overboard [n]
JETSOMS	EJMOSST	JETSOM, jetsam (goods cast overboard) [n]
JETTIED	DEEIJTT	JETTY, to jut (to protrude (to extend beyond main portion)) [v]
JETTIES	EEIJSTT	JETTY, to jut (to protrude (to extend beyond main portion)) [v]
JETTING	EGIJNTT	JET, to spurt forth in stream [v]
JIBBING	BBGIIJN	JIBB, to shift from side to side while sailing [v]
JIGGERS	EGGIJRS	JIGGER, to jerk up and down [v]
JOINING	GIIJNNO	juncture (act of joining) [n -S] / JOIN, to unite (to bring together so as to form whole) [v]
JOINTED	DEIJNOT	JOINT, to fit together by means of junction [v]
JOINTER	EIJNORT	one that joints (to fit together by means of junction) [n -S]
JOINTLY	IJLNOTY	together (into union or relationship) [adv]
JOISTED	DEIJOST	JOIST, to support with horizontal beams [v]
JOLTIER	EIJLORT	JOLTY, marked by jolting motion [adj]
JOLTILY	IJLLOTY	JOLTY, marked by jolting motion [adv]
JOUNCED	CDEJNOU	JOUNCE, to move roughly up and down [v]
JOUNCES	CEJNOSU	JOUNCE, to move roughly up and down [v]
JUBBAHS	ABBHJSU	JUBBAH, loose outer garment [n]
JUBHAHS	ABHHJSU	JUBHAH, jubbah (loose outer garment) [n]
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
JUDDERS	DDEJRSU	JUDDER, to vibrate (to move back and forth rapidly) [v]
JUMARED	ADEJMRU	JUMAR, to climb with ropes using type of clamp [v]
JUMPERS	EJMPRSU	JUMPER, one that jumps (to spring off ground) [n]
JUMPING	GIJMNPU	act of one that jumps [n -S] / JUMP, to spring off ground [v]
JUMPOFF	FFJMOPU	starting point [n -S]
JUNGLED	DEGJLNU	JUNGLE, land covered with dense tropical vegetation [adj]
JUNGLES	EGJLNSU	JUNGLE, land covered with dense tropical vegetation [n]
JUTTIES	EIJSTTU	JUTTY, to jut (to protrude (to extend beyond main portion)) [v]
JUTTING	GIJNTTU	JUT, to protrude (to extend beyond main portion) [v]
		K 7s
KARSTIC	ACIKRST	KARST, limestone region [adj]
KEBLAHS	ABEHKLS	KEBLAH, kiblah (direction toward which Muslims face while praying) [n]
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
KEELING	EEGIKLN	KEEL, to capsize (to overturn (to turn over)) [v]
KEPPING	EGIKNPP	KEP, to catch (to capture after pursuit) [v]
KERNELS	EEKLNRS	KERNEL, to envelop as kernel (inner part of nut) [v]
KIBLAHS	ABHIKLS	KIBLAH, direction toward which Muslims face while praying [n]
KINGDOM	DGIKMNO	area ruled by king [n -S]
KINGLET	EGIKLNT	king who rules over small area [n -S]
KITBAGS	ABGIKST	KITBAG, knapsack (bag carried on back) [n]
KLUDGED	DDEGKLU	KLUDGE, to put together from ill-fitting components [v]
KLUDGES	DEGKLSU	KLUDGE, to put together from ill-fitting components [v]
KLUDGEY	DEGKLUY	kludgy (involving or put together with ill-fitting components) [adj -GIER, -GIEST]
KLUDGLT		
	GGIKLNU	KLUGE, to kludge (to put together from ill-fitting components) [v]
KNEECAP	ACEEKNP	to maim by shooting in kneecap (bone at front of knee) [v -PPED, -PPING, -S]
KNEELED	DEEEKLN	KNEEL, to rest on knees [v]



Documenting bingos about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION – Answers the Question: WHERE?		
KNEELER	EEEKLNR	one that kneels (to rest on knees) [n -S]
KURGANS	AGKNRSU	KURGAN, mound of earth over grave [n]
		L 7s
LACUNAE	AACELNU	LACUNA, empty space or missing part [n]
LACUNAL	AACLLNU	LACUNA, empty space or missing part [adj]
LACUNAS	AACLNSU	LACUNA, empty space or missing part [n]
LACUNES	ACELNSU	LACUNE, lacuna (empty space or missing part) [n]
LADLING	ADGILLN	LADLE, to lift out with ladle (type of spoon) [v]
LAGGARD	AADGGLR	one that lags (to stay or fall behind) [n -S]
LAGGERS	AEGGLRS	LAGGER, laggard (one that lags (to stay or fall behind)) [n]
LAGGING	AGGGILN	LAG, to stay or fall behind [v]
LALLAND	AADLLLN	lowland (area of land lying lower than adjacent country) [n -S]
LALLANS	AALLLNS	LALLAN, lowland (area of land lying lower than adjacent country) [n]
LAMBENT	ABELMNT	flickering lightly and gently over surface [adj]
LAMINAE	AAEILMN	LAMINA, thin plate, scale, or layer [n]
LAMINAR	AAILMNR	LAMINA, thin plate, scale, or layer [adj]
LAMINAS	AAILMNS	LAMINA, thin plate, scale, or layer [adj] LAMINA, thin plate, scale, or layer [n]
LANATED	AADELNT	lanate (covered with wool) [adj]
LANCHED	ACDEHLN	LANCH, to haul boat over ice [v]
LANCHES	ACEHLNS	LANCH, to haul boat over ice [v]
LAPPING	AGILNPP	LAP, to fold over or around something [v]
LAPTOPS	ALOPPST	LAPTOP, small computer for use on one's lap [n]
LATERAD	AADELRT	toward side [adv]
LATERAL	AAELLRT	
		to execute type of pass in football [v -ED, -LLED, -ING, -LLING, -S]
LATHERS	AEHLRST	LATHER, to cover with lather (light foam) [v]
LATHERY	AEHLRTY	covered with lather [adj]
LATHING	AGHILNT	LATH, to cover with laths (thin strips of wood) [v]
LAUWINE	AEILNUW	avalanche [n -S]
LAWINES	AEILNSW	LAWINE, lauwine (avalanche) [n]
LAWNING	AGILNNW	LAWN, to cover land with ornamental grass [v]
LAYAWAY	AAALWYY	item that has been reserved with down payment [n -S]
LAYERED	ADEELRY	LAYER, to form layer (single thickness, coating, or covering) [v]
LEADING	ADEGILN	covering or border of lead [n -S] / LEAD, to cover with lead (heavy metallic element) [v]
LEAFIER	AEEFILR	LEAFY, covered with leaves [adj]
LEAGUER	AEEGLRU	to besiege (to surround (to extend completely around)) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
LEANERS	AEELNRS	LEANER, one that leans (to deviate from vertical position) [n]
LEANING	AEGILNN	LEAN, to deviate from vertical position [v]
LEAPERS	AEELPRS	LEAPER, one that leaps (to spring off ground) [n]
LEAPING	AEGILNP	LEAP, to spring off ground [v]
LEATHER	AEEHLRT	to cover with leather (dressed or tanned hide of animal) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
LEAVERS	AEELRSV	LEAVER, one that leaves (to go away from) [n]
LEAVIER	AEEILRV	LEAVY, leafy (covered with leaves) [adj]
LEAVING	AEGILNV	LEAVE, to go away from [v]
LEERING	EEGILNR	LEER, to look with sideways glance [v]
LEEWARD	ADEELRW	direction toward which wind is blowing [n -S]
LEEWAYS	AEELSWY	LEEWAY, lateral drift of ship [n]
LEFTEST	EEFLSTT	LEFT, pertaining to side of body to north when one faces east [adj]



Doc	umenting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION - Answers the Question: Where?
LEGROOM	EGLMOOR	space in which to extend legs [n -S]
LEVATOR	AELORTV	muscle that raises organ or part [n -ES or -S]
LEVELED	DEEELLV	LEVEL, to make even [v]
LEVELER	EEELLRV	one that levels (to make even) [n -S]
LEWISES	EEILSSW	LEWIS, hoisting device [n]
LIBRATE	ABEILRT	
		to move from side to side [v -D, -TING, -S]
LICHENS	CEHILNS	LICHEN, to cover with lichens (flowerless plants) [v]
LICKERS	CEIKLRS	LICKER, one that licks (to pass tongue over surface of) [n]
LICKING	CGIIKLN	LICK, to pass tongue over surface of [v]
LIFTERS	EFILRST	LIFTER, one that lifts (to move to higher position) [n]
LIFTOFF	FFFILOT	vertical takeoff of rocket [n -S]
LIMINAL	AIILLMN	pertaining to limen (sensory threshold) [adj]
LIMITES	EIILMST	LIMES, fortified boundary [n]
LINGIER	EGIILNR	LINGY, covered with heaths [adj]
LINHAYS	AHILNSY	LINHAY, linny (row of rooms across back of house) [n]
LININGS	GIILNNS	LINING, inner layer [n]
LINKAGE	AEGIKLN	act of linking (to connect (to join together)) [n -S]
LINKERS	EIKLNRS	LINKER, one that links (to connect (to join together)) [n]
LINKING	GIIKLNN	LINK, to connect (to join together) [v]
LINKUPS	IKLNPSU	LINKUP, something that serves as linking device [n]
LINNEYS	EILNNSY	LINNEY, linny (row of rooms across back of house) [n]
LINNIES	EIILNNS	LINNY, row of rooms across back of house [n]
LINTELS	EILLNST	LINTEL, horizontal supporting beam [n]
LINTIER	EIILNRT	LINTY, covered with lint [adj]
LINTOLS	ILLNOST	LINTOL, lintel (horizontal supporting beam) [n]
LIPPING	GIILNPP	LIP, to touch with lips (folds of flesh around mouth) [v]
LISSOME	EILMOSS	lithe (bending easily) [adj]
LITHELY	EHILLTY	LITHE, bending easily [adv]
LITHEST	EHILSTT	LITHE (bending easily) [adj]
LITORAL	AILLORT	pertaining to coastal region [adj]
LITTERY	EILRTTY	covered with rubbish [adj]
LOAMING	AGILMNO	LOAM, to cover with loam (type of soil) [v]
LOBBERS	BBELORS	LOBBER, one that lobs (to throw or hit in high arc) [n]
LOBBING	BBGILNO	LOB, to throw or hit in high arc [v]
LOCALLY	ACELLOS	LOCALE, locality (area or neighborhood) [n]
LOCALLY	ACLLLOY	in particular area [adv]
LOCATED	ACDELOT	LOCATE, to determine position of [v]
LOCATER	ACELORT	one that locates (to determine position of) [n -S]
LOCATES	ACELOST	LOCATE, to determine position of [v]
LOCATOR	ACLOORT	locater (one that locates (to determine position of)) [n -S]
LOFTERS	EFLORST	LOFTER, type of golf club [n]
LOFTIER	EFILORT	LOFTY, extending high in air [adj]
LOFTILY	FILLOTY	in lofty (extending high in air) manner [adv]
LOLLOPY	LLLOOPY	characterized by bobbing motion [adj]
LOOPERS	ELOOPRS	LOOPER, one that loops (to form loops (circular or oval openings)) [n]
LOOPIER	EILOOPR	LOOPY, full of loops [adj]
LOOPILY	ILLOOPY	LOOPY, full of loops [adv]
2001121	ILLOOII	2001 1, Tull of Toops [uuv]



Documenting bingos about birterior, Location, I contion - Answers the question. Wilette:			
LOOPING	GILNOOP	LOOP, to form loops (circular or oval openings) [v]	
LORNEST	ELNORST	LORN, abandoned [adj]	
LOUPING	GILNOPU	LOUP, to leap (to spring off ground) [v]	
LOUTING	GILNOTU	LOUT, to bow in respect [v]	
LOWBALL	ABLLLOW	to give customer deceptively low price [v -ED, -ING, -S]	
LOWBORN	BLNOORW	of humble birth [adj]	
LOWBOYS	BLOOSWY	LOWBOY, low chest of drawers [n]	
LOWBRED	BDELORW	lowborn (of humble birth) [adj]	
LOWBROW	BLOORWW	uncultivated person [n -S]	
LOWBUSH	BHLOSUW	bush with sweet blueberries [n -ES]	
LOWDOWN	DLNOOWW	whole truth [n -S]	
LOWERED	DEELORW	LOWER, to appear dark and threatening [v]	
LOWINGS	GILNOSW	LOWING, sound characteristic of cattle [n]	
LOWLAND	ADLLNOW	area of land lying lower than adjacent country [n -S]	
LOWLIER	EILLORW	LOWLY, low in position or rank [adj]	
LOWLIFE	EFILLOW	despicable person [n -S, -IVES]	
		LOWLY, low in position or rank [adv]	
LOWLILY	ILLLOWY		
LOWNESS	ELNOSSW	state of being low (having relatively little upward extension) [n -ES]	
LOWPASS	ALOPSSW	being type of filter [adj]	
LUMBAGO	ABGLMOU	pain in lower back [n -S]	
LUMBARS	ABLMRSU	LUMBAR, anatomical part situated near loins [n]	
LUMENAL	AELLMNU	LUMEN, inner passage of tubular organ [adj]	
LUMINAL	AILLMNU	LUMEN, inner passage of tubular organ [adj]	
LUMPENS	ELMNPSU	LUMPEN, uprooted individual [n]	
LUNGERS	EGLNRSU	LUNGER, one that lunges (to make forceful forward movement) [n]	
LUNGING	GGILNNU	LUNGE, to make forceful forward movement [v]	
LUNTING	GILNNTU	LUNT, to emit smoke [v]	
LURCHED	CDEHLRU	LURCH, to sway abruptly [v]	
LURCHES	CEHLRSU	LURCH, to sway abruptly [v]	
LUXATED	ADELTUX	LUXATE, to put out of joint [v]	
LUXATES	AELSTUX	LUXATE, to put out of joint [v]	
LYDDITE	DDEILTY	explosive [n -S]	
		M 7s	
MACRONS	ACMNORS	MACRON, symbol placed over vowel to show that it has long sound [n]	
MAGLEVS	AEGLMSV	MAGLEV, train using magnets to move above tracks [n]	
MAIDANS	AADIMNS	MAIDAN, open space in or near town [n]	
MAMILLA	AAILLMM	mammilla (nipple (protuberance on breast)) [n -E]	
MANHOLE	AEHLMNO	hole providing entrance to underground or enclosed structure [n -S]	
MANHUNT	AHMNNTU	intensive search for person [n -S]	
MANTLED	ADELMNT	MANTLE, to cloak (to conceal (to keep from sight or discovery)) [v]	
MANTLES	AELMNST	MANTLE, to cloak (to conceal (to keep from sight or discovery)) [v]	
MANWARD	AADMNRW	toward man [adv]	
MAPLESS	AELMPSS	lacking map [adj]	
MAPLIKE	AEIKLMP	resembling map [adj]	
MAPPERS	AEMPPRS	MAPPER, one that maps (to delineate on map (representation of region)) [n]	
MAPPING	AGIMNPP	MAP, to delineate on map (representation of region) $[v]$ / mathematical correspondence $[n-S]$	
MAREMMA	AAEMMMR	marshy coastal region [n -MME]	



Doc	imenting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION – Answers the Question: WHERE?
MARINAS	AAIMNRS	MARINA, docking area for small boats [n]
MAROONS	AMNOORS	MAROON, to abandon in isolated place [v]
MARQUEE	AEEMQRU	rooflike structure projecting over entrance [n -S]
MASCONS	ACMNOSS	MASCON, concentration of dense mass beneath moon's surface [n]
MASKING	AGIKMNS	MASK, to cover with mask (covering used to disguise face) [v]
MASTOID	ADIMOST	rear portion of temporal bone [n -S]
MAZIEST	AEIMSTZ	MAZY, full of confusing turns and passages [adj]
MEDIANS	ADEIMNS	MEDIAN, central part [n]
MEDINAS	ADEIMNS	MEDINA, native quarter of North African city [n]
MEDIUMS	DEIMMSU	MEDIUM, surrounding environment in which something functions and thrives [n]
MEGATON	AEGMNOT	unit of explosive force [n -S]
MELDING	DEGILMN	MELD, to blend (to mix smoothly and inseparably together) [v]
MELLING	EGILLMN	MELL, to mix (to put together into one mass) [v]
MERGING	EGGIMNR	
		act of combining (to blend (to mix smoothly and inseparably together)) [n -S] / MERGE, to combine [v]
MESALLY	AELLMSY	medially (in central manner) [adv]
MESHING	EGHIMNS	act of fitting together [n -S] / MESH, to entangle (to tangle (to bring together in intricate confusion)) [v]
METALED	ADEELMT	METAL, to cover with metal (any of various ductile, fusible, and lustrous substances) [v]
METOPAE	AEEMOPT	METOPE, space between two triglyphs [n]
METOPES	EEMOPST	METOPE, space between two triglyphs [n]
METOPIC	CEIMOPT	pertaining to forehead (part of face above eyes) [adj]
METUMPS	EMMPSTU	METUMP, tumpline (strap for supporting load on back) [n]
MIDAIRS	ADIIMRS	MIDAIR, region in middle of air [n]
MIDDLED	DDDEILM	MIDDLE, to place in middle (area or point equidistant from extremes or limits) [v]
MIDDLER	DDEILMR	student in intermediate grade [n -S]
MIDDLES	DDEILMS	MIDDLE, to place in middle (area or point equidistant from extremes or limits) [v]
MIDGUTS	DGIMSTU	MIDGUT, middle part of embryonic digestive tract [n]
MIDLEGS	DEGILMS	MIDLEG, middle of leg [n]
MIDLINE	DEIILMN	median line [n -S]
MIDMOST	DIMMOST	part exactly in middle [n -S]
MIDSOLE	DEILMOS	middle layer of sole of shoe [n -S]
MIDTOWN	DIMNOTW	central part of city [n -S]
MIDWAYS	ADIMSWY	MIDWAY, avenue at fair or carnival for concessions and amusements [n]
MIGRANT	AGIMNRT	one that migrates (to move from one region to another) [n -S]
MIGRATE	AEGIMRT	to move from one region to another [v -D, -TING, -S]
MILIARY	AIILMRY	made up of many small projections [adj]
MILLINE	EIILLMN	unit of advertising space [n -S]
MINGLED	DEGILMN	MINGLE, to mix together [v]
MINGLER	EGILMNR	one that mingles (to mix together) [n -S]
MINGLES	EGILMNS	MINGLE, to mix together [v]
MINIMAL	AIILMMN	element of mathematical set that precedes all others [n -S]
MIRRORS	IMORRRS	MIRROR, to reflect image of [v]
MISAIMS	AIIMMSS	MISAIM, to aim badly [v]
MISFOLD	DFILMOS	to fold wrongly [v -ED, -ING, -S]
MISJOIN	IIJMNOS	to join improperly [v -ED, -ING, -S]
MISLAIN	AIILMNS	MISLIE, to lie in wrong position [v]
MISLAYS	AILMSSY	MISLAY, MISLIE, to lie in wrong position [v]
MISPART	AIMPRST	to part badly [v -ED, -ING, -S]



Doc	arrieriting bingos	about DINESTICN, LOGATION, I COITION - Allowers the adestion. WILKE:
MISSETS	EIMSSST	MISSET, to set (to put in particular position) incorrectly [v]
MIXABLE	ABEILMX	MIX, to put together into one mass [adj]
MIXEDLY	DEILMXY	MIX, to put together into one mass [adv]
MIXIBLE	BEIILMX	MIX, to put together into one mass [adj]
MOATING	AGIMNOT	MOAT, to surround with moat (water-filled trench) [v]
MOBBERS	BBEMORS	MOBBER, one that mobs (to crowd about) [n]
MOBBING	BBGIMNO	MOB, to crowd about [v]
MOBBISH	BBHIMOS	characteristic of mob (disorderly crowd of people) [adj]
MOBBISM	BBIMMOS	mobbish conduct [n -S]
MOGGING	GGGIMNO	MOG, to move away [v]
MOGULED	DEGLMOU	provided with bumps of hard snow [adj]
MOHAWKS	AHKMOSW	MOHAWK, hairstyle marked by stiff ridge of long hair from front to back [n]
MOLTERS	ELMORST	MOLTER, one that molts (to cast off outer covering) [n]
MOLTING	GILMNOT	MOLT, to cast off outer covering [v]
MONTANE	AEMNNOT	lower vegetation belt of mountain [n -S]
MOONSET	EMNOOST	setting of moon below horizon [n -S]
	EGMNORS	<u> </u>
MORGENS		MORGEN, Dutch unit of land area [n]
MOSSIER	EIMORSS	MOSSY, covered with moss [adj]
MOSSING	GIMNOSS	MOSS, to cover with moss (growth of small, leafy-stemmed plants) [v]
MOTILES	EILMOST	MOTILE, one whose mental imagery consists chiefly of inner feelings of action [n]
MOUILLE	EILLMOU	pronounced with front of tongue against palate [adj]
MOULINS	ILMNOSU	MOULIN, vertical cavity in glacier [n]
MOULTED	DELMOTU	MOULT, to molt (to cast off outer covering) [v]
MOULTER	ELMORTU	molter (one that molts (to cast off outer covering)) [n -S]
MOUSING	GIMNOSU	wrapping around shank end of hook [n -S]
MOUTHED	DEHMOTU	MOUTH, to put into mouth [v]
MUDBANK	ABDKMNU	sloping area of mud alongside body of water [n -S]
MUDCAPS	ACDMPSU	MUDCAP, to cover explosive with mud before detonating [v]
MUDDIER	DDEIMRU	MUDDY, covered or filled with mud [adj]
		·
MUDDILY	DDILMUY	in muddy (covered or filled with mud) manner [adv]
MUDDING	DDGIMNU	MUD, to cover with mud (soft, wet earth) [v]
MUDFLAP	ADFLMPU	flap hung behind rear wheel of vehicle to prevent splashing [n -S]
MUDFLAT	ADFLMTU	level tract alternately covered and left bare by tide [n -S]
MULLION	ILLMNOU	to provide with vertical dividing strips [v -ED, -ING, -S]
MUONIUM	IMMNOUU	electron and positive muon bound together [n -S]
MUSHERS	EHMRSSU	MUSHER, one that mushes (to travel over snow with dog sled) [n]
MUSHING	GHIMNSU	advancing across snow by dogsled [n -S] / MUSH, to travel over snow with dog sled [v]
		N 7s
NADIRAL	AADILNR	NADIR, point on celestial sphere [adj]
NATIVES	AEINSTV	NATIVE, original inhabitant of area [n]
NAVAIDS	AADINSV	NAVAID, navigational device [n]
NEAREST	AEENRST	NEAR, situated within short distance [adj]
NEARING	AEGINNR	NEAR, to approach (to come near or nearer to) [v]
NEARISH	AEHINRS	NEAR, situated within short distance [adj]
NECKING	CEGIKNN	small molding near top of column [n -S]
NECKLET	CEEKLNT	close-fitting ornament worn around neck [n -S]
NECKTIE	CEEIKNT	strip of fabric worn around neck [n -S]



Doc	amenting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION - Answers the Question: WHERE?
NESTLED	DEELNST	NESTLE, to lie snugly [v]
NESTLER	EELNRST	one that nestles (to lie snugly) [n -S]
NESTLES	EELNSST	NESTLE, to lie snugly [v]
NETWORK	EKNORTW	to cover with or as if with crossing lines [v -ED, -ING, -S]
NICHING	CGHIINN	NICHE, to place in receding space or hollow [v]
NICKING	CGIIKNN	NICK, to make shallow cut in [v]
NIGHEST	EGHINST	NIGH, near (situated within short distance) [adj]
NIGHING	GGHIINN	NIGH, to approach (to come near or nearer to) [v]
NIPPLED	DEILNPP	NIPPLE, protuberance on breast [adj]
NIPPLES	EILNPPS	NIPPLE, protuberance on breast [n]
NODDERS	DDENORS	NODDER, one that nods (to briefly lower head forward) [n]
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
NODDING	DDGINNO	NOD, to briefly lower head forward [v]
NODDLED	DDDELNO	NODDLE, to nod frequently [v]
NODDLES	DDELNOS	NODDLE, to nod frequently [v]
NOGGING	GGGINNO	type of masonry (structure built of stone or brick) [n -S] / NOG, to fill in space in wall with bricks [v]
NOMADIC	ACDIMNO	NOMAD, wanderer (one that wanders (to move about with no destination or purpose)) [adj]
NONCORE	CENNOOR	not being in or relating to central part [adj]
NONHOME	EHMNNOO	not taking place in home [adj]
NONOILY	ILNNOOY	not oily (covered or soaked with oil) [adj]
NONSKID	DIKNNOS	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		designed to inhibit skidding [adj]
NONSLIP	ILNNOPS	designed to prevent slipping [adj]
NOPLACE	ACELNOP	not in or at any place [adv]
NORLAND	ADLNNOR	region in north [n -S]
NORTENA	AENNORT	style of folk music on northern Mexico and Texas [n -S]
NORTENO	ENNOORT	inhabitant of northern Mexico [n -S]
NORTHER	EHNORRT	wind or storm from north [n -S]
NOTCHED	CDEHNOT	NOTCH, to make angular cut in [v]
NOTCHER	CEHNORT	one that notches (to make angular cut in) [n -S]
NOTCHES	CEHNOST	NOTCH, to make angular cut in [v]
NOWHERE	EEHNORW	nonexistent place [n -S]
NOZZLES	ELNOSZZ	NOZZLE, projecting spout [n]
NUBBERS	BBENRSU	NUBBER, weakly hit baseball that was not bunted [n]
NUCHALS	ACHLNSU	NUCHAL, anatomical part lying in region of nape [n]
NUMNAHS	AHMNNSU	NUMNAH, pad placed under saddle [n]
NUNATAK	AAKNNTU	mountain peak completely surrounded by glacial ice [n -S]
NUTATED	ADENTTU	NUTATE, to exhibit nutation (oscillatory movement of axis of rotating body) [v]
NUTATES	AENSTTU	NUTATE, to exhibit nutation (oscillatory movement of axis of rotating body) [v]
NUZZLED	DELNUZZ	NUZZLE, to push with nose [v]
NUZZLER	ELNRUZZ	one that nuzzles (to push with nose) [n -S]
NUZZLES	ELNSUZZ	NUZZLE, to push with nose [v]
NOZZEES	LLINGUZZ	0 7s
OPCONIC	PCCINOO	
OBCONIC	BCCINOO	conical with apex below [adj]
OBLIQUE	BEILOQU	to slant (to deviate from horizontal or vertical) [v -D,-UING, -S]
OBLONGS	BGLNOOS	OBLONG, something that is oblong (elongated) [n]
OBOVATE	ABEOOTV	ovate with narrow end at base [adj]
OBOVOID	BDIOOOV	ovoid with narrow end at base [adj]
OBTRUDE	BDEORTU	to thrust forward [v -D, -DING, -S]
		- · · · -



Docu	menting bingos	about Direction, Location, Position – Answers the Question: Where?
OBVERSE	BEEORSV	side of coin bearing main design [n -S]
OBVERTS	BEORSTV	OBVERT, to turn so as to show different surface [v]
OCCIPUT	CCIOPTU	back part of skull [n -PITA, -S]
OFFCAST	ACFFOST	castoff (discarded person or thing) [n -S]
OFFCUTS	CFFOSTU	OFFCUT, something that is cut off [n]
OFFLOAD	ADFFLOO	to unload (to remove load or cargo from) [v -ED, -ING, -S
OFFRAMP		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
_	AFFMOPR	road leading off expressway [n -S]
OFFSIDE	DEFFIOS	improper football play [n -S]
OILCAMP	ACILMOP	living area for workers at oil well [n -S]
OILIEST	EIILOST	OILY, covered or soaked with oil [adj]
OMELETS	EELMOST	OMELET, dish of beaten eggs cooked and folded around filling [n]
OMITTED	DEIMOTT	OMIT, to leave out [v]
OMITTER	EIMORTT	one that omits (to leave out) [n -S]
ONSHORE	EHNOORS	toward shore [adv]
ONWARDS	ADNORSW	onward (toward point ahead or in front) [adv]
OPENERS	EENOPRS	OPENER, one that opens (to cause to become open) [n]
OPENEST	EENOPST	OPEN, affording unobstructed access, passage, or view [adj]
OPENING	EGINNOP	OPEN, to cause to become open [v] / vacant or unobstructed space [n -S]
ORBITED	BDEIORT	ORBIT, to move or revolve around [v]
ORBITER	BEIORRT	one that orbits (to move or revolve around) [n -S]
ORCHARD	ACDHORR	area for cultivation of fruit trees [n -S]
ORFRAYS	AFORRSY	ORFRAY, orphrey (ornamental band or border) [n]
ORIENTS	EINORST	ORIENT, to adjust in relation to something else [v]
ORPHREY	EHOPRRY	ornamental band or border [n -S]
OTOCYST	COOSTTY	organ of balance in many invertebrates [n -S]
OTOLITH	HILOOTT	hard mass that forms in inner ear [n -S]
OUSTERS	EORSSTU	OUSTER, act of ousting (to expel or remove from position or place) [n]
OUSTING	GINOSTU	OUST, to expel or remove from position or place [v]
OUTBACK	ABCKOTU	isolated rural country [n -S]
OUTCROP	COOPRTU	to protrude above soil [v -PPED, -PPING, -S]
OUTDROP	DOOPRTU	to surpass in dropping [v -PPED, -PPING, -S]
OUTFIND	DFINOTU	to surpass in finding [v -FOUND, -ING, -S]
OUTGOES	EGOOSTU	OUTGO, to go beyond [v]
OUTGONE	EGNOOTU	OUTGO, to go beyond [v]
OUTGUSH	GHOSTUU	to surpass in gushing [v -ED, -ING, -S]
OUTINGS	GINOSTU	OUTING, short pleasure trip [n]
OUTJUMP	JMOPTUU	to surpass in jumping [v -ED, -ING, -S]
OUTJUTS	JOSTTUU	OUTJUT, to stick out [v]
OUTLAID	ADILOTU	OUTLAY, OUTLIE, to lie beyond [v]
OUTLAIN	AILNOTU	OUTLIE, to lie beyond [v]
OUTLAND	ADLNOTU	foreign land [n -S]
		•
OUTLAYS	ALOSTUY	OUTLAY, OUTLIE, to lie beyond [v]
OUTLEAP	AELOPTU	to surpass in leaping [v -ED, -T, -ING, -S]
OUTLETS	ELOSTTU	OUTLET, passage for escape or discharge [n]
OUTLIER	EILORTU	outlying area or portion [n -S]
OUTLIES	EILOSTU	OUTLIE, to lie beyond [v]
OUTMOST	MOOSTTU	farthest out [adj]



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OUTPASS	AOPSSTU	to excel in passing football [v -ED, -ING, -ES]
OUTPORT	OOPRTTU	port of export or departure [n -S]
OUTPOST	OOPSTTU	body of troops stationed at distance from main body [n -S]
OUTPULL	LLOPTUU	to attract larger audience or following than [v -ED, -ING, -S]
OUTPUSH	HOPSTUU	to surpass in pushing [v -ED, -ING, -ES]
OUTROCK	CKOORTU	to surpass in rocking [v -ED, -ING, -S]
OUTROLL	LLOORTU	to roll out [v -ED, -ING, -S]
OUTROOT	OOORTTU	to pull up by roots [v -ED, -ING, -S]
OUTSEEN	EENOSTU	OUTSEE, to see beyond [v]
OUTSEES	EEOSSTU	OUTSEE, to see beyond [v]
OUTSERT	EORSTTU	folded sheet placed around folded section of printed matter [n -S]
OUTSIDE	DEIOSTU	outer side, surface, or part [n -S]
OUTSITS	IOSSTTU	OUTSIT, to remain sitting or in session longer than [v]
OUTSOAR	AOORSTU	to soar beyond [v -ED, -ING, -S]
OUTSOLE	ELOOSTU	outer sole of boot or shoe [n -S]
OUTSTEP	EOPSTTU	to step beyond [v -PPED, -PPING, -S]
OUTTAKE	AEKOTTU	passage outwards [n -S]
	ADORTUW	
OUTWARD		toward outside [adv]
OUTWENT	ENOTTUW	OUTGO, to go beyond [v]
OUTWITH	HIOTTUW	beyond limits of [prep]
OVERALL	AELLORV	loose outer garment [n -S]
OVERBED	BDEEORV	spanning bed [adj]
OVERDOG	DEGOORV	one that is dominant or victorious [n -S]
OVERFAR	AEFORRV	too great in distance, extent, or degree [adj]
OVERFLY	EFLORVY	to fly over [v -N, -LEW, -ING, -IES]
OVERING	EGINORV	OVER, to leap above and to other side of [v]
OVERLAY	AELORVY	OVERLIE, to lie over [v] / to lay over [v -AIN, -ING, -S]
OVERLIE	EEILORV	to lie over [v -LAY, LAIN, -ING, -S]
OVERRUN	ENORRUV	to spread or swarm over [v -RAN, -NNING, -S]
		•
OVERSEA	AEEORSV	overseas (beyond or across sea) [adv]
OVERSEE	EEEORSV	to watch over and direct [v -SAW, SEEN, -ING, -S]
OVERSET	EEORSTV	to turn or tip over [v OVERSET, -TTING, -S]
OVERSEW	EEORSVW	to overhand (to sew with short, vertical stitches) [v -ED, -N, -ING, -S]
OVERTOP	EOOPRTV	to rise above top of [v -PPED, -PPING, -S]
		P 7s
PALATES	AAELPST	PALATE, roof of mouth [n]
PALEATE	AAEELPT	covered with scales [adj]
PALETOT	AELOPTT	loose overcoat [n -S]
PALMING	AGILMNP	PALM, to touch with palm (inner surface) of hand [v]
PANTILE	AEILNPT	roofing tile [n -S]
PAPERED	ADEEPPR	PAPER, to cover or wrap with paper (thin sheet of material made of cellulose pulp) [v]
PAPERER	AEEPPRR	one that papers (to cover or wrap with paper (thin sheet of material made of cellulose pulp)) [n -S]
PAPILLA	AAILLPP	nipple-like projection [n -E]
PAPULAE	AAELPPU	PAPULA, papule (pimple (inflamed swelling of skin)) [n]
PAPULAR	AALPPRU	PAPULE, pimple (inflamed swelling of skin) [adj]
PAPULAS	AALPPSU	PAPULA, papule (pimple (inflamed swelling of skin)) [n]
PAPULES	AELPPSU	PAPULE, pimple (inflamed swelling of skin) [n]



Documenting bingos about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION – Answers the Question: WHERE?		
PARAPHS	AAHPPRS	PARAPH, flourish at end of signature [n]
PARGETS	AEGPRST	PARGET, to cover with plaster [v]
PARGING	AGGINPR	PARGE, to parget (to cover with plaster) [v]
PARKADE	AADEKPR	multilevel structure for parking vehicles [n -S]
PARKERS	AEKPRRS	PARKER, one that parks (to leave vehicle in location for time) [n]
PARKING	AGIKNPR	area in which vehicles may be left [n -S]
PARKOUR	AKOPRRU	sport of traversing environmental obstacles by running, climbing, or leaping [n -S]
PAROTIC	ACIOPRT	situated near ear [adj]
PARRIED	ADEIPRR	PARRY, to ward off blow [v]
PARRIER	AEIPRRR	one that parries (to ward off blow) [n -S]
PARRIES	AEIPRRS	PARRY, to ward off blow [v]
PARTING	AGINPRT	division or separation [n -S] / PART, to divide or break into separate pieces [v]
PARTWAY	AAPRTWY	to some extent [adv]
PARVISE	AEIPRSV	parvis (enclosed area in front of church) [n -S]
PASSADE	AADEPSS	turn of horse backward or forward on same ground [n -S]
PASSADO	AADOPSS	forward thrust in fencing [n -S or -ES]
PASSAGE	AAEGPSS	to make voyage [v -D, -GING, -S]
PASSANT	AANPSST	walking with farther forepaw raised used of heraldic animal [adj]
PASSERS	AEPRSSS	PASSER, one that passes (to go by) [n]
PASSING	AGINPSS	PASS, to go by [v]
PASTURE	AEPRSTU	to put in pasture (grazing area) [v -D, -RING, -S]
PATELLA	AAELLPT	flat movable bone at front of knee [n -E, -S]
PATINED	ADEINPT	PATINE, to cover with patina [v]
PATINES	AEINPST	PATINE, to cover with patina [v]
PATROLS	ALOPRST	PATROL, to pass through area for purposes of observation or security [v]
PAUNCHY	ACHNPUY	having protruding belly [adj -HIER, -HIEST]
PAVIORS	AIOPRSV	PAVIOR, paver (one that paves (to cover with material that forms firm, level surface)) [n]
PAVIOUR	AIOPRUV	paver (one that paves (to cover with material that forms firm, level surface)) [n -S]
PEBBLED	BBDEELP	PEBBLE, to cover with pebbles (small, rounded stones) [v]
PEBBLES	BBEELPS	PEBBLE, to cover with pebbles (small, rounded stones) [v]
PEELERS	EEELPRS	PEELER, one that peels (to strip off outer covering of) [n]
PEELING	EEGILNP	PEEL, to strip off outer covering of [v]
PELISSE	EEILPSS	long outer garment [n -S]
PELORUS	ELOPRSU	navigational instrument [n -ES]
PENDANT	ADENNPT	hanging ornament [n -S]
PENDENT	DEENNPT	pendant (hanging ornament) [n -S]
PEPLUMS	ELMPPSU	PEPLUM, short section attached to waistline of garment [n]
PEPTIZE	EEIPPTZ	to increase colloidal dispersion of [v -D, -ING, -S]
PERCHED	CDEEHPR	PERCH, to sit or rest on elevated place [v]
PERCHER	CEEHPRR	one that perches (to sit or rest on elevated place) [n -S]
PERCHES	CEEHPRS	PERCH, to sit or rest on elevated place [v]
PERFUSE	EEFPRSU	to spread over or through something [v -D, -SING, -S]
PERIGEE	EEEGIPR	point in orbit of celestial body which is nearest to earth [n -S]
PERINEA	AEEINPR	PERINEUM, region of body at lower end of trunk [n]
PERRONS	ENOPRRS	PERRON, outdoor stairway [n]
PERUKED	DEEKPRU	PERUKE, wig [adj]
PERUKES	EEKPRSU	PERUKE, wig [n]



Documenting bingos about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION – Answers the Question: WHERE?			
PERVADE	ADEEPRV	to spread through every part of [v -D, -DING, -S]	
PERVERT	EEPRRTV	to turn away from right course of action [v -ED, -ING, -S]	
PESADES	ADEEPSS	PESADE, position of horse when rearing [n]	
PETARDS	ADEPRST	PETARD, explosive device [n]	
PEYOTES	EEOPSTY	PEYOTE, cactus (plant native to arid regions) [n]	
PEYOTLS	ELOPSTY	PEYOTL, peyote (cactus (plant native to arid regions)) [n]	
PHELLEM	EEHLLMP	layer of plant cells [n -S]	
PICARAS	AACIPRS	PICARA, female picaro (vagabond) [n]	
PICAROS	ACIOPRS	PICARO, vagabond [n]	
PICKETS	CEIKPST	PICKET, to stand outside of some location, as business, to publicize one's grievances against it [v]	
PICNICS	CCIINPS	PICNIC, to go on picnic (outdoor excursion with food) [v]	
PIECING	CEGIINP	material to be sewn together [n -S] / PIECE, to join into whole [v]	
PIERCED	CDEEIPR	PIERCE, to cut or pass into or through [v]	
PIERCER	CEEIPRR	one that pierces (to cut or pass into or through) [n -S]	
PIERCES	CEEIPRS	PIERCE, to cut or pass into or through [v]	
PIGBOAT	ABGIOPT	submarine [n -S]	
PILEOUS	EILOPSU	pilose (covered with hair) [adj]	
PILLARS	AILLPRS	PILLAR, to provide with vertical building supports [v]	
PILOTED	DEILOPT	PILOT, to control course of [v]	
PINBALL	ABILLNP	to move abruptly from one place to another [v -ED, -ING, -S]	
PINCHED	CDEHINP	PINCH, to squeeze between two edges or surfaces [v]	
PINCHER	CEHINPR	one that pinches (to squeeze between two edges or surfaces) [n -S]	
PINCHES	CEHINPS	PINCH, to squeeze between two edges or surfaces [v]	
PINHEAD	ADEHINP	head of pin [n -S]	
PINIEST	EIINPST	PINEY, piny (suggestive of or covered with pine trees) [adj] / PINY [adj]	
PINKEYS	EIKNPSY	PINKEY, ship with narrow overhanging stern [n]	
PINTLES	EILNPST	PINTLE, pin on which something turns [n]	
PIPPING	GIINPPP	PIP, to break through shell of egg [v]	
PITCHED	CDEHIPT	PITCH, to throw (to propel through air with movement of arm) [v]	
PITCHES	CEHIPST	PITCH, to throw (to propel through air with movement of arm) [v]	
PITFALL	AFILLPT	hidden danger or difficulty [n -S]	
PITHEAD	ADEHIPT	mine entrance [n -S]	
PITTING	GIINPTT	arrangement of cavities or depressions [n -S] / PIT, to mark with cavities or depressions [v]	
PIVOTAL	AILOPTV	critically important [adj]	
PIVOTED	DEIOPTV	PIVOT, to turn on shaft or rod [v]	
PLACERS	ACELPRS	PLACER, one that places (to set in particular position) [n]	
PLACING	ACGILNP	PLACE, to set in particular position [v]	
PLAITED	ADEILPT	PLAIT, to braid (to weave together) [v]	
PLAITER	AEILPRT	one that plaits (to braid (to weave together)) [n -S]	
PLANETS	AELNPST	PLANET, celestial body [n]	
PLANKED	ADEKLNP	PLANK, to cover with planks (long, flat pieces of lumber) [v]	
PLASHED	ADEHLPS	PLASH, to weave together [v]	
PLASHER	AEHLPRS	one that plashes (to weave together) [n -S]	
PLASHES	AEHLPSS	PLASH, to weave together [v]	
PLASTER	AELPRST	to cover with plaster (mixture of lime, sand, and water) [v -ED, -ING, -S]	
PLATEAU	AAELPTU	level stretch of elevated land [n -S, -X]	
DI ATEDO	ALLDDCT	DIATED and that plates (to east with this layer of pastal) [m]	

PLATER, one that plates (to coat with thin layer of metal) [n]

PLATERS

AELPRST



Doc u	menting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION – Answers the Question: WHERE?
PLATING	AGILNPT	thin layer of metal [n -S] / PLATE, to coat with thin layer of metal [v]
PLATTED	ADELPTT	PLAT, to plait (to braid (to weave together)) [v]
PLAYSET	AELPSTY	outdoor apparatus having equipment for children's activities [n -S]
PLEATED	ADEELPT	PLEAT, to fold in even manner [v]
PLENISM	EILMNPS	doctrine that space is fully occupied by matter [n -S]
PLENUMS	ELMNPSU	PLENUM, space considered as fully occupied by matter [n]
PLIABLE	ABEILLP	easily bent [adj]
PLIABLY	ABILLPY	PLIABLE, easily bent [adv]
PLIANCY	ACILNPY	quality of being pliant (easily bent) [n -CIES]
PLINTHS	HILNPST	PLINTH, stone or slab upon which column or pedestal rests [n]
PLONKED	DEKLNOP	PLONK, to plunk (to fall or drop heavily) [v]
PLOPPED	DELOPPP	PLOP, to drop or fall heavily [v]
PLOYING	GILNOPY	PLOY, to move from line into column [v]
PLUCKED	CDEKLPU	PLUCK, to pull out or off [v]
PLUCKER	CEKLPRU	one that plucks (to pull out or off) [n -S]
PLUMIER	EILMPRU	PLUMY, covered with feathers [adj]
PLUMING	GILMNPU	PLUME, to cover with feathers [v]
PLUMMET	ELMMPTU	to drop straight down [v -ED, -ING, -S]
PLUNGED	DEGLNPU	PLUNGE, to throw or thrust suddenly or forcibly into something [v]
PLUNGER	EGLNPRU	one that plunges (to throw or thrust suddenly or forcibly into something) [n -S]
PLUNGES	EGLNPSU	PLUNGE, to throw or thrust suddenly or forcibly into something [v]
PLUNKED	DEKLNPU	PLUNK, to fall or drop heavily [v]
PLUNKER	EKLNPRU	one that plunks (to fall or drop heavily) [n -S]
POCKIER	CEIKOPR	POCKY, covered with pocks [adj]
POCKILY	CIKLOPY	POCKY, covered with pocks [adv]
POCKING	CGIKNOP	POCK, to mark with pocks (pustules caused by eruptive disease) [v]
POGOING	GGINOOP	POGO, to jump up and down as if on pogo stick [v]
POINTED	DEINOPT	POINT, to indicate direction with finger [v]
POINTER	EINOPRT	one that points (to indicate direction with finger) [n -S]
POISING	GIINOPS	POISE, to hold in state of equilibrium [v]
POLLARD	ADLLOPR	to cut top branches of tree back to trunk [v -ED, -ING, -S]
POLYNYA	ALNOPYY	area of open water surrounded by sea ice [n -S, -YI]
POOCHED	CDEHOOP	POOCH, to bulge (to swell out) [v]
POOCHES	CEHOOPS	POOCH, to bulge (to swell out) [v]
POPOUTS	OOPPSTU	POPOUT, type of out in baseball [n]
POPOVER	EOOPPRV	very light egg muffin [n -S]
POPPIED	DEIOPPP	covered with poppies [adj]
PORCHED	CDEHOPR	PORCH, covered structure at entrance to building [adj]
PORCHES	CEHOPRS	PORCH, covered structure at entrance to building [n]
PORRECT	CEOPRRT	extended forward [adj]
PORTICO	CIOOPRT	type of porch (covered structure at entrance to building) [n -ES, -S]
PORTING	GINOPRT	PORT, to shift to left side [v]
POSABLE	ABELOPS	POSE, to assume fixed position [adj]
POSTEEN	EENOPST	Afghan outer garment [n -S]
POSTFIX	FIOPSTX	to affix at end of something [v -ED, -ING, -ES]
POSTINS	INOPSST	POSTIN, posteen (Afghan outer garment) [n]

to assume particular position [v -D, -RING, -S]

POSTURE

EOPRSTU



2000	amoning bingee	
POTLINE	EILNOPT	row of electrolytic cells [n -S]
POTPIES	EIOPPST	POTPIE, deep-dish pie containing meat and vegetables [n]
POTSHOT	HOOPSTT	to shoot randomly at [v POTSHOT, -TTING, -S]
POUTERS	EOPRSTU	POUTER, one that pouts (to protrude lips in ill humor) [n]
POUTFUL	FLOPTUU	pouty (tending to pout) (to protrude lips in ill humor) [adj]
POUTIER	EIOPRTU	POUTY, tending to pout (to protrude lips in ill humor) [adj]
POUTING	GINOPTU	POUT, to protrude lips in ill humor [v]
PRANCED	ACDENPR	PRANCE, to spring forward on hind legs [v]
PRANCER	ACENPRR	one that prances (to spring forward on hind legs) [n -S]
PRANCES	ACENPRS	PRANCE, to spring forward on hind legs [v]
PRANGED	ADEGNPR	PRANG, to cause to crash [v]
PREANAL	AAELNPR	situated in front of anus [adj]
PRECAST	ACEPRST	to cast before placing into position [v PRECAST, -ING, -S]
PRECESS		
	CEEPRSS	to rotate with complex motion [v -ED, -ING, -ES]
PREDIVE	DEEIPRV	preceding dive [adj]
PREORAL	AELOPRR	situated in front of mouth [adj]
PREPOSE	EEOPPRS	to place something in front of another [v -D, -SING, -S]
PRESENT	EENPRST	to bring into presence of someone [v -ED, -ING, -S
PRESETS	EEPRSST	PRESET, to set beforehand [v]
PRESORT	EOPRRST	to sort beforehand [v -ED, -ING, -S]
PRESSED	DEEPRSS	PRESS, to act upon with steady force [v]
PRESSER	EEPRRSS	one that presses (to act upon with steady force) [n -S]
PRESSES	EEPRSSS	PRESS, to act upon with steady force [v]
PRICKED	CDEIKPR	
		PRICK, to puncture slightly [v]
PRICKER	CEIKPRR	one that pricks (to puncture slightly) [n -S]
PRICKLE	CEIKLPR	to prick (to puncture slightly) [v -D, -LING, -S]
PRIMINE	EIIMNPR	outer covering of ovule [n -S]
PRISING	GIINPRS	PRISE, to raise or force with lever [v]
PROCEED	CDEEOPR	to go forward or onward [v -ED, -ING, -S]
PROFUSE	EFOPRSU	pouring forth generously [adj]
PROJECT	CEJOPRT	to extend outward [v -ED, -ING, -S]
PROLATE	AELOPRT	extended lengthwise [adj]
PRONATE	AENOPRT	to turn palm downward or backward [v -D, -TING, -S]
PRONELY	ELNOPRY	PRONE, lying with front or face downward [adv]
	ENOPRST	
PRONEST		PRONE, lying with front or face downward [adj]
PROPELS	ELOPPRS	PROPEL, to cause to move forward or onward [v]
PROPPED	DEOPPPR	PROP, to keep from falling [v]
PROSOMA	AMOOPRS	anterior region of body of some invertebrates [n -S, -TA]
PROTEND	DENOPRT	to extend (to stretch out to full length) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
PRUNING	GINNPRU	PRUNE, to cut off branches or parts from [v]
PTERYLA	AELPRTY	feathered area on skin of bird [n -E]
PUGAREE	AEEGPRU	pugree (cloth band wrapped around hat) [n -S]
PUGGREE	EEGGPRU	pugree (cloth band wrapped around hat) [n -S]
PUGREES	EEGPRSU	PUGREE, cloth band wrapped around hat [n]
PULLERS	ELLPRSU	PULLER, one that pulls (to exert force in order to cause motion toward force) [n]
PULLEYS	ELLPSUY	PULLEY, to hoist with pulley (device used for lifting weight) [v]
PULLING	GILLNPU	PULL, to exert force in order to cause motion toward force [v]



Doca	menting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, I COTTION - Allowers the adesiron. WHERE:
PULLOUT	LLOPTUU	withdrawal [n -S]
PULLUPS	LLPPSUU	PULLUP, act of raising oneself while hanging by hands [n]
PULPITS	ILPPSTU	PULPIT, platform in church [n]
PURFLED	DEFLPRU	PURFLE, to decorate border of [v]
PURFLER	EFLPRRU	one that purfles (to decorate border of) [n -S]
PURFLES	EFLPRSU	PURFLE, to decorate border of [v]
PURLIEU	EILPRUU	outlying or neighboring area [n -S, -X]
PURLINE	EILNPRU	purlin (horizontal supporting timber) [n -S]
PURLINS	ILNPRSU	PURLIN, horizontal supporting timber [n]
PURSUED	DEPRSUU	PURSUE, to follow in order to overtake or capture [v]
PURSUER	EPRRSUU	one that pursues (to follow in order to overtake or capture) [n -S]
PURSUES	EPRSSUU	PURSUE, to follow in order to overtake or capture [v]
PURSUIT	IPRSTUU	act of pursuing (to follow in order to overtake or capture) [n -S]
PUSHERS	EHPRSSU	PUSHER, one that pushes (to exert force in order to cause motion away from force) [n]
PUSHFUL	FHLPSUU	pushy (offensively aggressive) [adj]
PUSHIER	EHIPRSU	PUSHY, offensively aggressive [adj]
PUSHILY		. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
PUSHING	HILPSUY	in pushy (offensively aggressive) manner [adv]
	GHINPSU HINPPSU	PUSH, to exert force in order to cause motion away from force [v]
PUSHPIN		large-headed pin [n -S]
PUSHROD	DHOPRSU	rod for operating valves in engine [n -S]
PUSHUPS	HPPSSUU	PUSHUP, type of exercise [n]
PUSTULE	ELPSTUU	small elevation of skin containing pus [n -S]
PUTLOCK	CKLOPTU	putlog (horizontal supporting timber) [n -S]
PUTLOGS	GLOPSTU	PUTLOG, horizontal supporting timber [n]
PUTTEES	EEPSTTU	PUTTEE, strip of cloth wound around leg [n]
PUTTIES	EIPSTTU	PUTTIE, puttee (strip of cloth wound around leg) [n]
		Q 7s
QUADDED	ADDDEQU	QUAD, to space out by means of quadrats [v]
QUADRAT	AADQRTU	piece of type metal used for filling spaces [n -S]
QUAKERS	AEKQRSU	QUAKER, one that quakes (to shake or vibrate) [n]
QUAKIER	AEIKQRU	QUAKY, tending to quake [adj]
QUAKILY	AIKLQUY	QUAKY, tending to quake [adv]
QUAKING	AGIKNQU	QUAKE, to shake or vibrate [v]
QUAVERS	AEQRSUV	QUAVER, to quiver (to shake with slight but rapid motion) [v]
QUEUERS	EEQRSUU	QUEUER, one that queues (to line up) [n]
QUEUING	EGINQUU	QUEUE, to line up [v]
QUIFFED	DEFFIQU	QUIFF, lock of hair at front of head [adj]
QUILLED	DEILLQU	QUILL, to press small ridges in [v]
QUILTED	DEILQTU	QUILT, to stitch together with padding in between [v]
QUILTER	EILQRTU	one that quilts (to stitch together with padding in between) [n -S]
QUINTES	EINQSTU	QUINTE, position in fencing [n]
QUINTES	EINQSTU	QUINTE, position in fencing [n]
QUIRKED	DEIKQRU	QUIRK, to twist (to combine by winding together) [v]
QUITTOR	IOQRTTU	inflammation of animal's hoof [n -S]
QUIVERS	EIQRSUV	QUIVER, to shake with slight but rapid motion [v]
QUOITED	DEIOQTU	QUOIT, to play throwing game similar to ringtoss [v]



Documenting bingos about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION – Answers the Question: WHERE?		
RABBLED	ABBDELR	RABBLE, to mob (to crowd about) [v]
RABBLER	ABBELRR	iron bar used in puddling [n -S]
RABBLES	ABBELRS	RABBLE, to mob (to crowd about) [v]
RADDLED	ADDDELR	RADDLE, to weave together [v]
RADDLES	ADDELRS	RADDLE, to weave together [v]
RADIALS	AADILRS	RADIAL, part diverging from center [n]
RADIATE	AADEIRT	to emit rays [v -D, -TING, -S]
RAFTING	AFGINRT	sport of traveling down river on raft [n -S] / RAFT, to transport on raft (type of buoyant structure) [v]
RAGGLES	AEGGLRS	RAGGLE, groove cut in masonry [n]
RAGLANS	AAGLNRS	RAGLAN, type of overcoat (warm coat worn over indoor clothing) [n]
RAGTIME	AEGIMRT	style of American dance music [n -S]
RAILBED	ABDEILR	layer of stone or gravel on which railroad is laid [n -S]
RAINING	AGIINNR	RAIN, to fall like rain (drops of water condensed from clouds) [v]
RAISERS	AEIRRSS	RAISER, one that raises (to move to higher position) [n]
RALLIED	ADEILLR	RALLY, to call together for common purpose [v]
RALLIER	AEILLRR	one that rallies (to call together for common purpose) [n -S]
RALLIES	AEILLRS	RALLY, to call together for common purpose [v]
RALPHED	ADEHLPR	RALPH, to vomit (to eject contents of stomach through mouth) [v]
RAMBLED	ABDELMR	RAMBLE, to wander (to move about with no destination or purpose) [v]
RAMBLER	ABELMRR	one that rambles (to wander (to move about with no destination or purpose)) [n -S]
RAMBLES	ABELMRS	RAMBLE, to wander (to move about with no destination or purpose) [v]
RAMMERS	AEMMRRS	RAMMER, one that rams (to strike with great force) [n]
RAMMING	AGIMMNR	RAM, to strike with great force [v]
RAMPAGE	AAEGMPR	to move about wildly or violently [v -D, -GING, -S]
RAMPIKE	AEIKMPR	standing dead tree [n -S]
RAMPING	AGIMNPR	RAMP, to rise or stand on hind legs [v]
RAMPOLE	AELMOPR	rampike (standing dead tree) [n -S]
RANDOMS	ADMNORS	RANDOM, haphazard course [n]
RANGING	AGGINNR	RANGE, to place in particular order [v]
RANKING	AGIKNNR	listing of ranked individuals [n -S] / RANK, to determine relative position of [v]
RANPIKE	AEIKNPR	rampike (standing dead tree) [n -S]
RAPPELS	AELPPRS	RAPPEL, to descend from steep height by means of rope [v]
RAPPERS	AEPPRRS	RAPPER, one that raps (to strike sharply) [n]
RAPPING	AGINPPR	RAP, to strike sharply [v]
RASTERS	AERRSST	RASTER, area reproducing images on picture tube of television set [n]
RATCHES	ACEHRST	RATCH, mechanism that allows motion in one direction only [n]
RAVIEST	AEIRSTV	RAVEY, characteristic of rave (all-night dance party with fast electronic music) [adj]
REALIGN	AEGILNR	to align again [v -ED, -ING, -S]
REAMERS	AEEMRRS	REAMER, tool used to enlarge holes [n]
REAMING	AEGIMNR	REAM, to enlarge with reamer [v]
REARERS	AEERRRS	REARER, one that rears (to lift upright) [n]
REARING	AEGINRR	act of animal standing on its rear limbs [n -S] / REAR, to lift upright [v]
REBOUND	BDENORU	to spring back [v -ED, -ING, -S]
RECARRY	ACERRRY	CARRY, to convey from one place to another [v -RIED, -ING, -RIES]
RECASTS	ACERSST	RECAST, CAST, to throw with force [v]
RECEDED	CDDEEER	RECEDE, to move back or away [v]
DECEDEC	CDEEDC	DECEDE to move book on purple by

RECEDE, to move back or away [v]

RECEDES

CDEEERS



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RECLINE
             CEEILNR
                          to lean or lie back [v -D, -NING, -S]
RECOILS
             CEILORS
                          RECOIL, to draw back in fear or disgust [v]
                          to cross again [v -ED, -ING, -ES]
RECROSS
             CEORRSS
RECTRIX
             CEIRRTX
                          feather of bird's tail [n -ICES]
                          to curve backward or downward [v -D, -VING, -S]
RECURVE
             CEERRUV
                          DRIVE, to urge or propel forward [v -ROVE, -N, -VING, -S]
REDRIVE
             DEEIRRV
                          REEFER, one that reefs (to reduce area of sail) [n]
REEFERS
             EEEFRRS
REEFING
             EEFGINR
                          REEF, to reduce area of sail [v]
                          REEL, to wind on type of rotary device [v] / sustained noise [n -S]
REELING
             EEGILNR
                          REEMIT, to emit again [v]
REEMITS
             EEIMRST
REENTER
             EEENRRT
                          to enter again [v -ED, -ING, -S]
REENTRY
             EENRRTY
                          new or second entry [n -RIES]
REERECT
             CEEERRT
                          to erect again [v -ED, -ING, -S]
                          REEVE, to fasten by passing through or around something [v]
REEVING
             EEGINRV
REEXPEL
             EEELPRX
                          to expel again [v -ED, -ING, -S]
                          REFACE, to repair outer surface of [v]
REFACES
             ACEEFRS
                          REFALL, to fall again [v]
REFALLS
             AEFLLRS
REFINDS
             DEFINRS
                          REFIND, to find again [v]
REFLECT
             CEEFLRT
                          to turn or throw back from surface [v -ED, -ING, -S]
                          REFLY, to fly again [v]
REFLIES
             EEFILRS
                          to float again [v -ED, -ING, -S]
REFLOAT
             AEFLORT
REFLOWN
             EFLNORW
                          REFLY, to fly again [v]
REFLOWS
             EFLORSW
                          REFLOW, to flow again [v]
REFOLDS
             DEFLORS
                          REFOLD, to fold again [v]
REFOUND
                          REFIND, to find again [v] / to found again [v -ED, -ING, -S]
             DEFNORU
REFRAIN
             AEFINRR
                          to keep oneself back [v -ED, -ING, -S]
                          FRONT, pertaining to or situated at forward part of surface [v -ED, -ING, -S]
REFRONT
             EFNORRT
REGIONS
             EGINORS
                          REGION, administrative area or division [n]
REGRESS
             EEGRRSS
                          to go back [v -ED, -ING, -S]
REGRETS
             EEGRRST
                          REGRET, to look back upon with sorrow or remorse [v]
                          to group again [v -ED, -ING, -S]
REGROUP
             EGOPRRU
                          mass that forms beneath slag in furnace [n -LI, -ES]
REGULUS
             EGLRSUU
                          REHANG, to hang again [v]
REHANGS
             AEGHNRS
                          to inter again [v -RRED, -RRING, -S]
REINTER
             EEINRRT
REJOINS
             EIJNORS
                          REJOIN, to join again [v]
RELAYED
                          RELAY, to lay again [v]
             ADEELRY
RELEVES
                          RELEVE, raising onto toe in ballet [n]
             EEELRSV
                          projection of figures or forms from flat background [n -S]
RELIEVO
             EEILORV
REMAINS
             AEIMNRS
                          REMAIN, to continue in same state [v]
                          REMAND, to send back [v]
REMANDS
             ADEMNRS
REMATED
             ADEEMRT
                          REMATE, to mate again [v]
                          REMATE, to mate again [v]
REMATES
             AEEMRST
                          REMEET, to meet again [v]
REMEETS
             EEEMRST
                          to merge again [v -D, -GING, -S]
REMERGE
             EEEGMRR
REMIXED
             DEEIMRX
                          REMIX, to mix again [v]
             EEIMRRX
                          one that remixes (as recording) [n -S]
REMIXER
                          REMIX, to mix again [v]
REMIXES
             EEIMRSX
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2000	anionang bangoo	
REMOTER	EEMORRT	REMOTE, situated far away [adj]
REMOTES	EEMORST	REMOTE, broadcast originating outside studio [n]
REMOUNT	EMNORTU	to mount again [v -ED, -ING, -S]
REMOVAL	AELMORV	act of removing (to take or move away) [n -S]
REMOVED	DEEMORV	REMOVE, to take or move away [v]
		•
REMOVER	EEMORRV	one that removes (to take or move away) [n -S]
REMOVES	EEMORSV	REMOVE, to take or move away [v]
RENDING	DEGINNR	REND, to tear apart forcibly [v]
REOPENS	EENOPRS	REOPEN, to open again [v]
REORDER	DEEORRR	to order again [v -ED, -ING, -S]
REPLACE	ACEELPR	to take place of [v -D, -CING, -S]
REPLOTS	ELOPRST	REPLOT, to plot again [v]
REPOINT	EINOPRT	to point again [v -ED, -ING, -S]
REPOSAL	AELOPRS	act of reposing (to lie at rest) [n -S]
REPOSED	DEEOPRS	REPOSE, to lie at rest [v]
		·
REPOSER	EEOPRRS	one that reposes (to lie at rest) [n -S]
REPOSES	EEOPRSS	REPOSE, to lie at rest [v]
REPOSIT	EIOPRST	to put away [v -ED, -ING, -S]
REPRISE	EEIPRRS	to take back by force [v -D, -SING, -S]
REPROBE	BEEOPRR	to probe again [v -D, -BING, -S]
REPTANT	AENPRTT	creeping or crawling [adj]
REPULSE	EELPRSU	to drive back [v -D, -SING, -S]
RERAISE	AEEIRRS	to raise again [v -D, -SING, -S]
REREDOS	DEEORRS	ornamental screen behind altar [n -ES]
RERISEN	EEINRRS	RERISE, RISE, to move upward [v]
RERISES	EEIRRSS	RERISE, RISE, to move upward [v]
		·
REROUTE	EEORRTU	to route again [v -D, -TING, -S]
RESENDS	DEENRSS	RESEND, SEND, to scend (to rise upward, as ship on wave) [v]
RESILED	DEEILRS	RESILE, to spring back [v]
RESILES	EEILRSS	RESILE, to spring back [v]
RESITED	DEEIRST	RESITE, to site again [v]
RESITES	EEIRSST	RESITE, to site again [v]
RESKINS	EIKNRSS	RESKIN, to replace outermost layer of aircraft or motor vehicle [v]
RESPACE	ACEEPRS	SPACE, to set some distance apart [v -ED, -ING, -ES]
RESTACK	ACEKRST	to stack again [v -ED, -ING, -S]
RETABLE	ABEELRT	raised shelf above altar [n -S]
RETABLO	ABELORT	retable (raised shelf above altar) [n -S]
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
RETIRED	DEEIRRT	RETIRE, to go away or withdraw [v]
RETIRER	EEIRRRT	one that retires (to go away or withdraw) [n -S]
RETIRES	EEIRRST	RETIRE, to go away or withdraw [v]
RETRACE	ACEERRT	to go back over [v -D, -CING, -S]
RETRACT	ACERRTT	to take back [v -ED, -ING, -S]
RETREAT	AEERRTT	to go back or backward [v -ED, -ING, -S]
RETURNS	ENRRSTU	RETURN, to come or go back [v]
RETWIST	EIRSTTW	to twist again [v -ED, -ING, -S]
REVEALS	AEELRSV	REVEAL, to make known [v]
REVERSE	EEERRSV	to turn or move in opposite direction [v -D, -SING, -S]
NLVLKSE	LLLKKSV	to turn or move in opposite unection [v -D, -SING, -S]



Doc	umenting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION - Answers the Question: Where?
REVERSO	EEORRSV	verso (left-hand page of book) [n -S]
REVISIT	EIIRSTV	to visit again [v -ED, -ING, -S]
REVOLVE	EELORVV	to turn about axis [v -D, -VING, -S]
REWEAVE	AEEERVW	to weave again [v -ED, -WOVE, -WOVEN, -ING, -S]
REWIDEN	DEEINRW	to widen again [v -ED, -ING, -S]
REWINDS	DEINRSW	REWIND, to wind again [v]
REWOUND	DENORUW	REWIND, to wind again [v]
REWOVEN	EENORVW	REWEAVE, to weave again [v]
REWRAPS	AEPRRSW	REWRAP, to wrap again [v]
REWRAPT	AEPRRTW	REWRAP, to wrap again [v]
REZEROS	EEORRSZ	REZERO, to reset (gauge) back to zero [v]
RICKING	CGIIKNR	RICK, to pile hay in stacks [v]
RIDABLE	ABDEILR	capable of being ridden [adj]
RIDDERS	DDEIRRS	RIDDER, one that rids (to free from something objectionable) [n]
RIDDING	DDGIINR	RID, to free from something objectionable [v]
RIDGELS	DEGILRS	RIDGEL, ridgling (male animal with undescended testicles) [n]
RIDGIER	DEGIIRR	RIDGY, having ridges [adj]
RIDGILS	DGIILRS	RIDGIL, ridgling (male animal with undescended testicles) [n]
RILIEVO	EIILORV	relievo (projection of figures or forms from flat background) [n -VI]
RILLING	GIILLNR	RILL, to flow like rill (small brook) [v]
RIMFIRE	EFIIMRR	cartridge having primer set in rim of shell [n -S]
RIMIEST	EIIMRST	RIMY, frosty (covered with frost) [adj]
RIMLAND	ADILMNR	outlying area [n -S]
RIMLESS	EILMRSS	having no rim [adj]
RIMMING	GIIMMNR	RIM, to provide with rim (outer edge) [v]
RIMSHOT	HIMORST	sound made by drumstick striking rim and head of drum [n -S]
RINGENT	EGINNRT	having open liplike parts [adj]
		RINGER, one that rings (to form ring (circular band) around) [n]
RINGERS	EGINRRS	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
RINGING	GGIINNR	RING, to form ring (circular band) around [v]
RINNING	GIINNNR	RIN, to run or melt [v]
RIPPLED	DEILPPR	RIPPLE, to form ripples (small waves) [v]
RIPPLER	EILPPRR	toothed tool for cleaning flax fiber [n -S]
RIPPLES	EILPPRS	RIPPLE, to form ripples (small waves) [v]
RIPPLET	EILPPRT	small ripple [n -S]
RIPSAWN	AINPRSW	RIPSAW, to saw wood by cutting with grain [v]
RIPSAWS	AIPRSSW	RIPSAW, to saw wood by cutting with grain [v]
RIPSTOP	IOPPRST	fabric woven so that small tears do not spread [n -S]
RIPTIDE	DEIIPRT	tide that opposes other tides [n -S]
RIVAGES	AEGIRSV	RIVAGE, coast, shore, or bank [n]
RIVIERA	AEIIRRV	coastal resort area [n -S]
ROACHED	ACDEHOR	ROACH, to cause to arch [v]
		·
ROACHES	ACEHORS	ROACH, to cause to arch [v]
ROAMERS	AEMORRS	ROAMER, one that roams (to move about without purpose or plan) [n]
ROAMING	AGIMNOR	use of cell phone outside its local area [n -S]
ROCKIER	CEIKORR	ROCKY, unsteady (firm in position) [adj]
ROCKILY	CIKLORY	in rocky (unsteady (not steady (firm in position))) manner [adv]
ROCKING	CGIKNOR	ROCK, to move back and forth [v]



Doc	amenting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION - Answers the Question: Where?
ROILIER	EIILORR	ROILY, muddy (covered or filled with mud) [adj]
ROLLING	GILLNOR	act of one that rolls [n -S] / ROLL, to move along by repeatedly turning over [v]
ROLLTOP	LLOOPRT	having flexible, sliding cover [adj]
ROOFERS	EFOORRS	ROOFER, one that builds or repairs roofs [n]
ROOFING	FGINOOR	material for roof [n -S] / ROOF, to provide with roof (external upper covering of building) [v]
ROOFTOP	FOOOPRT	roof (external upper covering of building) [n -S]
ROOMFUL	FLMOORU	as much as room can hold [n -S, -MSFUL]
ROOMIER	EIMOORR	ROOMY, spacious (vast or ample in extent) [adj]
ROOMILY	ILMOORY	ROOMY, spacious (vast or ample in extent) [adv]
ROOMING	GIMNOOR	ROOM, to occupy room (walled space within building) [v]
ROOTLED	DELOORT	ROOTLE, to dig in ground as with snout [v]
ROOTLES	ELOORST	ROOTLE, to dig in ground as with snout [v]
ROSACEA	AACEORS	chronic inflammation of parts of face [n -S]
ROTATED	ADEORTT	ROTATE, to turn about axis [v]
ROTATES	AEORSTT	ROTATE, to turn about axis [v]
ROTATOR	AOORRTT	one that rotates (to turn about axis) [n -ES or -S]
ROUNDUP	DNOPRUU	driving together of cattle scattered over range [n -S]
ROUTING	GINORTU	ROUTE, to send on particular course [v]
ROWELED	DEELORW	ROWEL, to prick with spiked wheel in order to urge forward [v]
RUBBERS	BBERRSU	RUBBER, to stretch one's neck in looking at something [v]
RUDDERS	DDERRSU	RUDDER, vertical blade used to direct course of vessel [n]
RUMAKIS	AIKMRSU	RUMAKI, chicken liver wrapped together with water chestnuts in bacon slice [n]
RUNAWAY	AANRUWY	one that runs away [n -S]
RUNBACK	ABCKNRU	type of run in football [n -S]
RUNOUTS	NORSTUU	RUNOUT, end of film strip [n]
RUNOVER	ENORRUV	matter for publication that exceeds allotted space [n -S]
RURALLY	ALLRRUY	in rural (pertaining to country (territory of nation)) manner [adv]
RUSTICS	CIRSSTU	RUSTIC, one who lives in country [n]
RUSTIER	EIRRSTU	RUSTY, covered with rust [adj]
RUSTILY	ILRSTUY	in rusty (covered with rust) manner [adv]
RUTTIER	EIRRTTU	RUTTY, marked by ruts [adj]
RUTTILY	ILRTTUY	in rutty (marked by ruts) manner [adv]
RUTTING	GINRTTU	RUT, to make ruts (grooves) in [v]
ROTTING	GINKITO	S 7s
SABKHAS	AABHKSS	SABKHA, coastal, flat, periodically flooded area in northern Africa [n]
SACRALS	AACLRSS	SACRAL, vertebra or nerve situated near sacrum [n]
		•
SAGGIER	AEGGIRS	SAGGY, characterized by sagging (to bend or sink downward from weight or pressure) [adj]
SAGGING	AGGGINS	SAG, to bend or sink downward from weight or pressure [v]
SALAAMS	AAALMSS	SALAAM, to greet with low bow [v]
SALCHOW	ACHLOSW	figure-skating jump [n -S]
SALIENT	AEILNST	part of fortification projecting closest to enemy [n -S]
SALLIED	ADEILLS	SALLY, to rush out suddenly [v]
SALLIER	AEILLRS	one that sallies (to rush out suddenly) [n -S]
SALLIES	AEILLSS	SALLY, to rush out suddenly [v]
SANDBAG	AABDGNS	to surround with bags of sand (loose granular rock material) [v -GGED, -GGING, -S]
SANDIER	ADEINRS	SANDY, containing or covered with sand [adj]
SAPWOOD	ADOOPSW	newly formed outer wood of tree [n -S]



Doc	umenting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION - Answers the Question: Where?
SARONGS	AGNORSS	SARONG, outer garment worn in Pacific islands [n]
SASHAYS	AAHSSSY	SASHAY, to flounce (to move with exaggerated motions) [v]
SCABBED	ABBCDES	SCAB, to become covered with scab (crust that forms over healing wound) [v]
SCALADE	AACDELS	act of scaling walls of fortification [n -S]
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
SCALADO	AACDLOS	scalade (act of scaling walls of fortification) [n -S]
SCALERS	ACELRSS	SCALER, one that scales (to climb up or over) [n]
SCALING	ACGILNS	SCALE, to climb up or over [v]
SCALPED	ACDELPS	SCALP, to remove upper part from [v]
SCALPER	ACELPRS	one that scalps (to remove upper part from) [n -S]
SCAMPER	ACEMPRS	to run playfully about [v -ED, -ING, -S]
SCAPING	ACGINPS	SCAPE, to escape (to get away) [v]
SCARFED	ACDEFRS	SCARF, to cover with scarf [v]
SCARIFY	ACFIRSY	to make superficial cuts in [v -FIED, -ING, -FIES]
SCARPER	ACEPRRS	to flee (to run away) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
SCARTED	ACDERST	SCART, to scratch (to make thin, shallow cut or mark on) [v]
SCATTED	ACDESTT	SCAT, to leave hastily [v]
SCATTER	ACERSTT	to go or send in various directions [v -ED, -ING, -S]
SCENDED	CDDEENS	SCEND, to rise upward, as ship on wave [v]
SCHISTS	CHISSST	SCHIST, rock that readily splits into parallel layers [n]
SCIATIC	ACCIIST	nerve, vein, or artery situated near hip [n -S]
SCLERAE	ACEELRS	SCLERA, white, fibrous outer coat of eyeball [n]
SCLERAL	ACELLRS	SCLERA, white, fibrous outer coat of eyeball [adj]
SCLERAS	ACELRSS	the state of the s
		SCLERA, white, fibrous outer coat of eyeball [n]
SCOOTCH	CCHOOST	to scooch (to slide with short movements) [v -ED, -ING, -ES]
SCRAPED	ACDEPRS	SCRAPE, to rub so as to remove outer layer [v]
SCRAPER	ACEPRRS	one that scrapes (to rub so as to remove outer layer) [n -S]
SCRAPES	ACEPRSS	SCRAPE, to rub so as to remove outer layer [v]
SCROOCH	CCHOORS	to crouch (to stoop (to bend body forward and down)) [v -ED, -ING, -ES]
SCROUGE	CEGORSU	to crowd (to press into insufficient space) [v -D, GING, -S]
SCRUFFS	CFFRSSU	SCRUFF, back of neck [n]
SEABEDS	ABDEESS	SEABED, seafloor (bottom of sea) [n]
SEAGIRT	AEGIRST	surrounded by sea [adj]
SEAMERS	AEEMRSS	SEAMER, one that seams (to join with seam (line formed by sewing two pieces of fabric together)) [n]
SEAMING	AEGIMNS	SEAM, to join with seam (line formed by sewing two pieces of fabric together) [v]
SEASICK	ACEIKSS	affected with nausea caused by motion of vessel at sea [adj]
SEASIDE	ADEEISS	seashore (land bordering on sea) [n -S]
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
SEAWARD	AADERSW	direction toward open sea [n -S]
SEAWAYS	AAESSWY	SEAWAY, headway made by ship [n]
SECTION	CEINOST	to divide into sections (distinct parts) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
SEEMING	EEGIMNS	outward appearance [n -S]
SEESAWS	AEESSSW	SEESAW, to move up and down or back and forth [v]
SEGMENT	EEGMNST	to divide into sections [v -ED, -ING, -S]
SEINERS	EEINRSS	SEINER, one that seines (to catch fish with large, vertically hanging net) [n]
SEINING	EGIINNS	act of catching fish with seine [n -S] / SEINE, to catch fish with large, vertically hanging net [v]
SEJEANT	AEEJNST	sejant (represented in sitting position used of heraldic animal) [adj]
SENDERS	DEENRSS	SENDER, one that sends (to scend (to rise upward, as ship on wave)) [n]
SENDING	DEGINNS	SEND, to scend (to rise upward, as ship on wave) [v]
SCHDING	PEOTIMO	Selection (to lise appeara, as simple on wave) [v]



Doc	imenting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION – Answers the Question: WHERE?
SENNETS	EENNSST	SENNET, call sounded on trumpet signaling entrance or exit of actors [n]
SEQUELS	EELQSSU	SEQUEL, something that follows and serves as continuation [n]
SEQUENT	EENQSTU	something that follows (to come or go after) [n -S]
SERAPHS	AEHPRSS	SERAPH, winged celestial being [n]
SERIATE	AEEIRST	to put into series [v -D, -TING, -S]
SERRATE	AEERRST	to furnish with toothlike projections [v -D, T, -ING, -S]
SERRIED	DEEIRRS	SERRY, to crowd together [v]
SERRIES	EEIRRSS	SERRY, to crowd together [v]
SESSILE	EEILSSS	permanently attached [adj]
SETOFFS	EFFOSST	SETOFF, something that offsets something else [n]
SETTING	EGINSTT	
		SET, to put in particular position [v]
SETTLED	DEELSTT	SETTLE, to place in desired state or order [v]
SETTLER	EELRSTT	one that settles (to place in desired state or order) [n -S]
SETTLES	EELSSTT	SETTLE, to place in desired state or order [v]
SEXTANT	AENSTTX	instrument for measuring angular distances [n -S]
SEXTILE	EEILSTX	position of two celestial bodies when they are sixty degrees apart [n -S]
SHACKLE	ACEHKLS	to confine with metal fastenings placed around wrists or ankles [v -ED, -ING, -S]
SHADOOF	ADFHOOS	device used in Egypt for raising water for irrigation [n -S]
SHADUFS	ADFHSSU	SHADUF, shadoof (device used in Egypt for raising water for irrigation) [n]
SHALLOW	AHLLOSW	having little depth [adj -ER, -EST]]
SHANKED	ADEHKNS	SHANK, to hit sharply to right, as golf ball [v]
SHAPERS	AEHPRSS	SHAPER, one that shapes (to give shape (outward form) to) [n]
SHAPING	AGHINPS	SHAPE, to give shape (outward form) to [v]
SHAULED	ADEHLSU	SHAUL, to shoal (to become shallow) [v]
SHAVERS	AEHRSSV	SHAVER, one that shaves (to sever hair close to roots) [n]
SHAVING	AGHINSV	SHAVE, to sever hair close to roots [v] / something shaved off [n -S]
SHEDDER	DDEEHRS	one that casts off something [n -S]
SHEERED	DEEEHRS	SHEER, to swerve (to turn aside suddenly from straight course) [v]
SHEETED	DEEEHST	SHEET, to cover with sheet (thin, rectangular piece of material) [v]
SHEETER	EEEHRST	one that sheets (to cover with sheet (thin, rectangular piece of material)) [n -S]
SHELLAC	ACEHLLS	to cover with thin varnish [v -CKED, -CKING, -S]
SHELLED	DEEHLLS	SHELL, to divest of shell (hard outer covering) [v]
SHELLER	EEHLLRS	one that shells (to divest of shell (hard outer covering)) [n -S]
SHEUCHS	CEHHSSU	SHEUCH, sheugh (ditch) [n]
SHEUGHS	EGHHSSU	SHEUGH, ditch [n]
SHIFTED	DEFHIST	SHIFT, to move from one position to another [v]
SHIFTER	EFHIRST	one that shifts (to move from one position to another) [n -S]
SHIMMED	DEHIMMS	SHIM, to fill out or level by inserting thin wedge [v]
SHINGLE	EGHILNS	to cover with shingles (thin, oblong pieces of building material [v -D, -LING, -S]
SHINGLY	GHILNSY	covered with small, loose stones [adj]
SHINNED		SHIN, to climb by gripping and pulling alternately with hands and legs [v]
	DEHINNS	
SHIPLAP	AHILPPS	to clad vertical surface using rabbeted wood [v -PPED, -PPINGS]
SHIRRED	DEHIRRS	SHOAL to become shallow [v]
SHOALED	ADEHLOS	SHOAL, to become shallow [v]
SHOALER	AEHLORS	SHOAL, shallow (having little depth) [adj]
SHOGGED	DEGGHOS	SHOG, to move along [v]
SHOOING	GHINOOS	SHOO, to drive away [v]



Doc	imenting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION – Answers the Question: WHERE?
SHORTER	EHORRST	SHORT, having little length [adj]
SHOVERS	EHORSSV	SHOVER, one that shoves (to push roughly) [n]
SHRINKS	HIKNRSS	SHRINK, to contract or draw back [v]
SHRIVEL	EHILRSV	to contract into wrinkles [v -ED, -LLED, -ING, -LLING, -S]
SHRUBBY	BBHRSUY	covered with shrubs [adj -BBIER, -BBIEST]
SHUNNED	DEHNNSU	SHUN, to avoid (to keep away from) [v]
SHUNNER	EHNNRSU	one that shuns (to avoid (to keep away from)) [n -S]
SHUNTED	DEHNSTU	SHUNT, to turn aside [v]
SHUNTER	EHNRSTU	one that shunts (to turn aside) [n -S]
SHUTING	GHINSTU	SHUTE, to chute (to convey by chute (vertical passage)) [v]
SHUTTLE	EHLSTTU	to move or travel back and forth [v -D, -LING, -S]
SIDEARM	ADEIMRS	
		to pitch ball at or below shoulder level [v -ED, -ING, -S]
SIDEBAR	ABDEIRS	short news story accompanying major story [n -S]
SIDECAR	ACDEIRS	passenger car attached to motorcycle [n -S]
SIDEMAN	ADEIMNS	member of jazz band [n -MEN]
SIDEWAY	ADEISWY	sideways (toward or from one side) [adv]
SIDLERS	DEILRSS	SIDLER, one that sidles (to move sideways) [n]
SIDLING	DGIILNS	SIDLE, to move sideways [v]
SILKING	GIIKLNS	SILK, to cover with silk (soft, lustrous fabric) [v]
SILVERS	EILRSSV	SILVER, to cover with silver (metallic element) [v]
SINKAGE	AEGIKNS	act, process, or degree of sinking [n -S]
SINKERS	EIKNRSS	SINKER, one that sinks (to move to lower level) [n]
SINKING	GIIKNNS	SINK, to move to lower level [v]
SINUATE	AEINSTU	to curve in and out [v -D, -TING, -S]
SINUOUS	INOSSUU	characterized by curves, bends, or turns [adj]
SIPHONS	HINOPSS	SIPHON, to draw off through siphon (type of tube) [v]
SITTERS	EIRSSTT	SITTER, one that sits (to rest on buttocks) [n]
SITTING	GIINSTT	meeting or session [n -S] / SIT, to rest on buttocks [v]
SITUATE	AEISTTU	to place in certain position [v -D, -TING, -S]
SITUSES	EISSSTU	SITUS, position or location [n]
SKATERS	AEKRSST	SKATER, one that skates (to glide over ice or ground on skates (shoes fitted with runners or wheels)) [n]
SKATING	AGIKNST	sport of gliding on skates [n -S] / SKATE, to glide over ice or ground on skates (shoes fitted with runners or wheels) [v]
SKEWING	EGIKNSW	SKEW, to turn aside [v]
SKIABLE	ABEIKLS	capable of being skied over [adj]
SKIDDED	DDDEIKS	SKID, to slide sideways as result of loss of traction [v]
SKIDDER	DDEIKRS	one that skids (to slide sideways as result of loss of traction) [n -S]
SKIDDOO	DDIKOOS	to go away [v -ED, -ING, -S]
SKIDOOS	DIKOOSS	SKIDOO, to skiddoo (to go away) [v]
SKINNER	EIKNNRS	one that skins (to strip or deprive of skin (membranous tissue covering body of animal)) [n -S]
SKIRTED	DEIKRST	SKIRT, to go or pass around [v]
SKIRTER	EIKRRST	one that skirts (to go or pass around) [n -S]
SKITING	GIIKNST	, - , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
		SKITE, to move away quickly [v]
SKIVERS	EIKRSSV	SKIVER, one that skives (to pare (to cut off outer covering of)) [n]
SKIVING	GIIKNSV	SKIVE, to pare (to cut off outer covering of) [v]
SKLENTS	EKLNSST	SKLENT, to slant (to deviate from horizontal or vertical) [v]
SKULLED	DEKLLSU	SKULL, to hit on head [v]
SKYDIVE	DEIKSVY	to parachute from airplane for sport [v -D, -DOVE, -VING, -S]



Do	c umenting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION – Answers the Question: WHERE?
SKYGLOW	GKLOSWY	glow in night sky resulting from urban lights [n -S]
SKYLIKE	EIKKLSY	resembling sky [adj]
SKYLINE	EIKLNSY	horizon (line where sky seems to meet earth) [n -S]
SKYSAIL	AIKLSSY	type of sail [n -S]
SKYSURF	FKRSSUY	to perform maneuvers during free fall while riding on skyboard [v -ED, -ING, -S]
SKYWALK	AKKLSWY	elevated walkway between two buildings [n -S]
SKYWARD	ADKRSWY	toward sky [adv]
SKYWAYS	AKSSWYY	SKYWAY, elevated highway [n]
SLAMMED	ADELMMS	SLAM, to shut forcibly and noisily [v]
SLAMMER	AELMMRS	jail [n -S]
SLANTED	ADELNST	SLANT, to deviate from horizontal or vertical [v]
SLANTLY	ALLNSTY	SLANTY, deviating from horizontal or vertical [adv]
SLATERS	AELRSST	SLATER, one that slates (to cover with slate (roofing material)) [n]
SLATING	AGILNST	SLATE, to cover with slate (roofing material) [v]
SLEAVED	ADEELSV	SLEAVE, to separate into filaments [v]
SLEAVES	AEELSSV	SLEAVE, to separate into filaments [v]
SLEDDED	DDDEELS	SLED, to convey on sled (vehicle for carrying people or loads over snow or ice) [v]
SLEDDER	DDEELRS	one that sleds (to convey on sled (vehicle for carrying people or loads over snow or ice)) [n -S]
SLIDDEN	DDEILNS	SLIDE, to move smoothly along surface [v]
SLIDBEN	DEILRSS	SLIDER, to move smoothly along surface [v] SLIDER, one that slides (to move smoothly along surface) [n]
SLIDING	DGIILNS	SLIDER, the that sides (to move smoothly along surface) [11] SLIDE, to move smoothly along surface [v]
SLIMING	GIILMNS	
SLIMING	GIILNPS	SLIME, to cover with slime (viscous mud) [v] SLIPE, to peel (to strip off outer covering of) [v]
SLIPING	DEILPPS	SLIP, to slide suddenly and accidentally [v]
SLIPPLD		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
SLITHER	AILPSWY	area sloping toward water in shipyard [n -S]
	EHILRST	to slide from side to side [v -ED, -ING, -S]
SLOPERS	ELOPRSS	SLOPER, one that slopes (to slant (to deviate from horizontal or vertical)) [n] SLOPE, to slant (to deviate from horizontal or vertical) [v]
SLOPING	GILNOPS	,
SLOUCHY	CHLOSUY	slouching [adj -HIER, -HIEST]
SLOUGHS	GHLOSSU	SLOUGH, to cast off [v]
SLUBBED	BBDELSU	SLUB, to draw out and twist slightly [v]
SLUMMED	DELMMSU	SLUM, to visit slums (squalid urban areas) [v]
SLUMMER	ELMMRSU	one that slums (to visit slums (squalid urban areas)) [n -S]
SLUMPED	DELMPSU	SLUMP, to fall or sink suddenly [v]
SLURBAN	ABLNRSU	SLURB, poorly planned suburban area [adj]
SLURVES	ELRSSUV	SLURVE, type of pitch in baseball [n]
SMOCKED	CDEKMOS	SMOCK, to furnish with smock (loose outer garment) [v]
SNAKING	AGIKNNS	SNAKE, to move like snake (limbless reptile) [v]
SNICKED	CDEIKNS	SNICK, to nick (to make shallow cut in) [v]
SNOWCAP	ACNOPSW	covering of snow [n -S]
SOARERS	AEORRSS	SOARER, one that soars (to fly at great height) [n]
SOARING	AGINORS	SOAR, to fly at great height [v] / sport of flying in heavier-than-air craft without power [n -S]
SODDING	DDGINOS	SOD, to cover with sod (turf) [v]
SOFFITS	FFIOSST	SOFFIT, underside of architectural structure [n]
SOLDERS	DELORSS	SOLDER, to join closely together [v]
SOOTIER	EIOORST	SOOTY, covered with soot [adj]
SOOTILY	ILOOSTY	SOOTY, covered with soot [adv]



Doc	intenting bingos	about birterion, Location, I dolllon - Answers the Question. Where:
SOOTING	GINOOST	SOOT, to cover with soot (black substance produced by combustion) [v]
SORINGS	GINORSS	SORING, practice of making horse's front feet sore to force high stepping [n]
SOUTHED	DEHOSTU	SOUTH, to move toward south (cardinal point of compass) [v]
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
SOUTHER	EHORSTU	wind or storm from south [n -S]
SOWABLE	ABELOSW	SOW, to scatter over land for growth, as seed [adj]
SOWBACK	ABCKOSW	low ridge of sand [n -S]
SPACERS	ACEPRSS	SPACER, one that spaces (to set some distance apart) [n]
SPACIAL	AACILPS	spatial (of or pertaining to space) [adj]
SPACING	ACGINPS	distance between any two objects [n -S] / SPACE, to set some distance apart [v]
SPANGLY	AGLNPSY	covered with spangles [adj -LIER, -LIEST]
SPANNED	ADENNPS	SPAN, to extend over or across [v]
SPANNER	AENNPRS	one that spans (to extend over or across) [n -S]
SPASMED	ADEMPSS	SPASM, to undergo involuntary muscular contraction [v]
SPASTIC	ACIPSST	one suffering from paralysis with muscle spasms [n -S]
SPATIAL	AAILPST	of or pertaining to space [adj]
SPEELED	DEEELPS	SPEEL, to climb (to ascend (to go or move upward)) [v]
SPEILED	DEEILPS	SPEIL, to speel (to climb (to ascend (to go or move upward))) [v]
SPEWING	EGINPSW	SPEW, to vomit (to eject contents of stomach through mouth) [v]
	DEILLPS	
SPILLED		SPILL, to cause to run out of container [v]
SPILLER	EILLPRS	one that spills (to cause to run out of container) [n -S]
SPILTHS	HILPSST	SPILTH, spillage (something that is spilled) [n]
SPINIER	EIINPRS	SPINY, bearing or covered with thorns [adj]
SPINNER	EINNPRS	one that spins (to draw out and twist into threads) [n -S]
SPINORS	INOPRSS	SPINOR, type of mathematical vector [n]
SPINOSE	EINOPSS	spiny (bearing or covered with thorns) [adj]
SPINOUS	INOPSSU	spiny (bearing or covered with thorns) [adj]
SPIRIER	EIIPRRS	SPIRY, tall, slender, and tapering [adj]
SPIRING	GIINPRS	SPIRE, to rise in tapering manner [v]
SPIRTED	DEIPRST	SPIRT, to gush forth [v]
SPLAYED	ADELPSY	SPLAY, to spread out [v]
SPLICED	CDEILPS	SPLICE, to join at ends [v]
SPLICER	CEILPRS	one that splices (to join at ends) [n -S]
SPLICES	CEILPSS	SPLICE, to join at ends [v]
SPONSON	NNOOPSS	projection from side of ship [n -S]
SPOOLED	DELOOPS	SPOOL, to wind on small cylinder [v]
SPOOLER	ELOOPRS	one that spools (to wind on small cylinder) [n -S]
SPOUTED	DEOPSTU	SPOUT, to eject in rapid stream [v]
SPOUTER	EOPRSTU	one that spouts (to eject in rapid stream) [n -S]
SPRAINS	AINPRSS	SPRAIN, to weaken by sudden and violent twisting or wrenching [v]
SPRAWLS	ALPRSSW	SPRAWL, to stretch out ungracefully [v]
SPRAWLY	ALPRSWY	tending to sprawl [adj -LIER, -LIEST]
SPRAYED	ADEPRSY	SPRAY, to disperse in fine particles [v]
SPRAYER	AEPRRSY	one that sprays (to disperse in fine particles) [n -S]
SPREADS	ADEPRSS	SPREAD, to open or expand over larger area [v]
SPREADS	ADEPRSS	SPREAD, to open or expand over larger area [v]
SPRINGS	GINPRSS	SPRING, to move upward suddenly and swiftly [v]
SPRINGY	GINPRSY	resilient [adj -GIER, -GIEST]



D00	unienting bingos	about birection, Location, I conton - Answers the question. Where:
SPRITZY	IPRSTYZ	emitting spray [adj -ZIER, -ZIEST]
SPUMIER	EIMPRSU	SPUMY, foamy (covered with foam) [adj]
SPUMOUS	MOPSSUU	spumy (foamy (covered with foam)) [adj]
SPURTED	DEPRSTU	SPURT, to gush forth [v]
SPURTER	EPRRSTU	one that spurts (to gush forth) [n -S]
SPUTTER	EPRSTTU	to eject particles in short bursts [v -ED, -ING, -S]
SQUIRMS	IMQRSSU	SQUIRM, to wriggle (to turn or twist in sinuous manner) [v]
SQUIRMY	IMQRSUY	wriggly (wriggling) [adj -MIER, -MIEST]
~	HOOQSSU	
SQUOOSH STACKED	ACDEKST	to squash (to press into pulp or flat mass) [v -ED, -ING, -ES]
		STACK, to pile (to lay one upon other) [v]
STACKER	ACEKRST	one that stacks (to pile (to lay one upon other)) [n -S]
STACKUP	ACKPSTU	arrangement of circling airplanes over airport waiting to land [n -S]
STAKERS	AEKRSST	STAKER, one that marks off area with stakes [n]
STAMPED	ADEMPST	STAMP, to bring foot down heavily [v]
STAMPER	AEMPRST	one that stamps (to bring foot down heavily) [n -S]
STANCES	ACENSST	STANCE, manner of standing [n]
STANDEE	ADEENST	one who stands because of lack of seats [n -S]
STANDER	ADENRST	one that stands (to assume or maintain upright position) [n -S]
STASHED	ADEHSST	STASH, to store in secret place [v]
STASHES	AEHSSST	STASH, to store in secret place [v]
STATANT	AANSTTT	standing with all feet on ground used of heraldic animal [adj]
STAVING	AGINSTV	STAVE, to drive or thrust away [v]
STAYING	AGINSTY	STAY, to continue in place or condition [v]
STEELED	DEEELST	STEEL, to cover with steel (tough iron alloy) [v]
STEEPEN	EEENPST	to make steep [v -ED, -ING, -S]
STEEPER	EEEPRST	one that steeps (to soak in liquid) [n -S] / STEEP, inclined sharply [adj]
STEERED	DEEERST	STEER, to direct course of [v]
STEERER	EEERRST	one that steers (to direct course of) [n -S]
STEPPED	DEEPPST	STEP, to move by lifting foot and setting it down in another place [v]
STEPPER	EEPPRST	one that steps (to move by lifting foot and setting it down in another place) [n -S]
STICKIE	CEIIKST	sticky (slip of notepaper having adhesive strip on back) [n -S]
STILTED	DEILSTT	STILT, to raise on stilts (long, slender poles) [v]
STIRRED	DEIRRST	STIR, to pass implement through in circular motions [v]
STIRRER	EIRRRST	one that stirs (to pass implement through in circular motions) [n -S]
STOOPED		
	DEOOPST	STOOP, to bend body forward and down [v]
STOOPER	EOOPRST	one that stoops (to bend body forward and down) [n -S]
STOPERS	EOPRSST	STOPER, one that stopes (to excavate in layers, as ore) [n]
STOPING	GINOPST	process of excavating in layers [n -S] / STOPE, to excavate in layers, as ore [v]
STOPPED	DEOPPST	STOP, to discontinue progress or motion of [v]
STORERS	EORRSST	STORER, one that stores (to put away for future use) [n]
STOREYS	EORSSTY	STOREY, horizontal division of building [n]
STORING	GINORST	STORE, to put away for future use [v]
STOTTED	DEOSTTT	STOT, to bound with stiff-legged gait $[v]$ / STOTT, to stot (to bound with stiff-legged gait) $[v]$
STOVING	GINOSTV	STOVE, STAVE, to drive or thrust away [v]
STRATAL	AALRSTT	pertaining to stratum (layer of material) [adj]
STRATAS	AARSSTT	STRATA, STRATUM, layer of material [n]
STRATUM	AMRSTTU	layer of material [n -TA, -S]



Doc	imenting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION – Answers the Question: WHERE?
STRAWED	ADERSTW	STRAW, to cover with straw (stalks of threshed grain) [v]
STRAYED	ADERSTY	STRAY, to wander from proper area or course [v]
STRAYER	AERRSTY	one that strays (to wander from proper area or course) [n -S]
STREAKS	AEKRSST	STREAK, to cover with streaks (long, narrow marks) [v]
STREAKY	AEKRSTY	covered with streaks [adj -KIER, -KIEST]
STREEKS	EEKRSST	STREEK, to stretch (to draw out or open to full length) [v]
STREWED	DEERSTW	STREW, to scatter about [v]
STREWER	EERRSTW	one that strews (to scatter about) [n -S]
STROBIC	BCIORST	spinning [adj]
STROWED	DEORSTW	STROW, to strew (to scatter about) [v]
STUBBED	BBDESTU	STUB, to strike accidentally against projecting object [v]
STUBBLY	BBLSTUY	covered with stubble [adj -LIER, -LIEST]
STUDDED	DDDESTU	
		STUD, to set thickly with small projections [v]
STUFFED	DEFFSTU	STUFF, to fill or pack tightly [v]
STUFFER	EFFRSTU	one that stuffs (to fill or pack tightly) [n -S]
STUMBLE	BELMSTU	to miss one's step in walking or running [v -D, -LING, -S]
SUBALAR	AABLRSU	situated under wings [adj]
SUBAREA	AABERSU	subdivision of area [n -S]
SUBBASE	ABBESSU	lowest part of base [n -S]
SUBDUCE	BCDESUU	to take away [v -D, -CING, -S]
SUBDUCT	BCDSTUU	to subduce (to take away) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
SUBLOTS	BLOSSTU	SUBLOT, subdivision of lot [n]
SUBORAL	ABLORSU	situated under mouth [adj]
SUBSIDE	BDEISSU	to sink to lower or normal level [v -D, -DING, -S]
SUBSOIL	BILOSSU	to plow so as to turn up subsoil (layer of earth beneath surface soil) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
SUBTEND	BDENSTU	to extend under or opposite to [v -ED, -ING, -S]
SUBURBS	BBRSSUU	SUBURB, residential area adjacent to city [n]
SUDSIER	DEIRSSU	SUDSY, foamy (covered with foam) [adj]
SUFFUSE	EFFSSUU	to spread through or over [v -D, -SING, -S]
SUGARED	ADEGRSU	SUGAR, to cover with sugar (sweet carbohydrate) [v]
SUNBACK	ABCKNSU	cut low to expose back to sunlight [adj]
SUNBELT	BELNSTU	southern and southwestern states of U.S. [n -S]
SUNLAND	ADLNNSU	area marked by great amount of sunshine [n -S]
SUNNING	GINNNSU	SUN, to expose to sun (star around which earth revolves) [v]
SUNRISE	EINRSSU	ascent of sun above horizon in morning [n -S]
SUNSETS	ENSSSTU	SUNSET, descent of sun below horizon in evening [n]
SUNWARD	ADNRSUW	toward sun [adv]
SUNWISE	EINSSUW	from left to right [adv]
SURBASE	ABERSSU	molding or border above base of structure [n -S]
SURCOAT	ACORSTU	outer coat or cloak [n -S]
SURFACE	ACEFRSU	to apply outer layer to [v -D, -CING, -S]
SURGERS	EGRRSSU	SURGER, one that surges (to move in swelling manner) [n]
SURPASS	APRSSSU	to go beyond [v -ED, -ING, -ES]
SURTOUT	ORSTTUU	close-fitting overcoat [n -S]
SURVEYS	ERSSUVY	SURVEY, to determine boundaries, area, or elevations of by measuring angles and distances [v]
SUTURAL	ALRSTUU	pertaining to line of junction between two bones [adj]
SWAGGED		
SWAGGED	ADEGGSW	SWAG, to sway (to move slowly back and forth) [v]



Doc	arrieriting birigos	about Direction, Location, I contion - Allswers the Question. Where:
SWAMPED	ADEMPSW	SWAMP, to inundate (to overwhelm with water) [v]
SWAMPER	AEMPRSW	one that lives in swampy area [n -S]
SWARDED	ADDERSW	SWARD, to cover with turf [v]
SWARMED	ADEMRSW	SWARM, to move in large group [v]
SWARMER	AEMRRSW	one that swarms (to move in large group) [n -S]
SWARTHS	AHRSSTW	SWARTH, turf (surface layer of earth containing dense growth of grass) [n]
SWAYERS	AERSSWY	SWAYER, one that sways (to move slowly back and forth) [n]
SWAYING	AGINSWY	SWAY, to move slowly back and forth [v]
SWEATER	AEERSTW	knitted outer garment [n -S]
SWERVED	DEERSVW	SWERVE, to turn aside suddenly from straight course [v]
SWERVER	EERRSVW	one that swerves (to turn aside suddenly from straight course) [n -S]
SWERVES	EERSSVW	SWERVE, to turn aside suddenly from straight course [v]
SWINGBY	BGINSWY	mission in which spacecraft uses planet's gravitational pull for making course changes [n -S]
SWINGER	EGINRSW	one that swings (to move freely back and forth) [n -S]
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
SWIRLED	DEILRSW	SWIRL, to move with whirling motion [v]
SWIVELS	EILSSVW	SWIVEL, to turn on pivoted support [v]
SWOOPED	DEOOPSW	SWOOP, to make sudden descent [v]
SWOOPER	EOOPRSW	one that swoops (to make sudden descent) [n -S]
SYNAPSE	AENPSSY	to come together in synapsis [v -D, -SING, -S]
SYPHERS	EHPRSSY	SYPHER, to overlap so as to make even surface, as beveled plank edges [v]
		T 7s
TABARDS	AABDRST	TABARD, sleeveless outer garment [n]
TACKLED	ACDEKLT	TACKLE, to seize and throw to ground [v]
TACKLER	ACEKLRT	one that tackles (to seize and throw to ground) [n -S]
TACKLES	ACEKLST	TACKLE, to seize and throw to ground [v]
TACNODE	ACDENOT	point of contact between two curves [n -S]
TACTION	ACINOTT	act of touching (to be in or come into contact with) [n -S]
TAILERS	AEILRST	TAILER, one that secretly follows another [n]
TAILFIN	AFIILNT	fin at posterior end of fish [n -S]
TAKEOUT	AEKOTTU	act of removing (to take or move away) [n -S]
TAKEUPS	AEKPSTU	TAKEUP, act of taking something up [n]
TALLEST	AELLSTT	TALL, having great height [adj]
TALLISH	AHILLST	somewhat tall [adj]
TAMPING	AGIMNPT	act of packing down by tapping [n -S] / TAMP, to pack down by tapping [v]
TANGENT	AEGNNTT	straight line in contact with curve at one point [n -S]
TANGLED	ADEGLNT	TANGLE, to bring together in intricate confusion [v]
TANGLER	AEGLNRT	one that tangles (to bring together in intricate confusion) [n -S]
TANGLES	AEGLNST	TANGLE, to bring together in intricate confusion [v]
TAPERED	ADEEPRT	TAPER, to become gradually narrower toward one end [v]
TAPETAL	AAELPTT	TAPETUM, layer of cells in some plants [adj]
TAPETUM	AEMPTTU	layer of cells in some plants [n -TA, -S]
TARMACS	AACMRST	TARMAC, to cause (aircraft) to sit on taxiway [v]
TARRING	AGINRRT	TAR, to cover with tar (black viscous liquid) [v]
TAUTING	AGINTTU	TAUT, to tangle (to bring together in intricate confusion) [v]
TEDDERS	DDEERST	TEDDER, to ted (hay) with machine [v]
TEDDING	DDEGINT	TED, to spread for drying [v]
TEEMERS	EEEMRST	TEEMER, one that teems (to be full to overflowing) [n]
LLITERS	LLLINGI	TELTIEN, one that teems (to be fail to overnowing) [11]



Doc	umenting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION - Answers the Question: Where?
TEEMING	EEGIMNT	TEEM, to be full to overflowing [v]
TEETERS	EEERSTT	TEETER, to move unsteadily [v]
TELERAN	AEELNRT	system of air navigation [n -S]
TELSONS	ELNOSST	TELSON, terminal segment of arthropod [n]
TEMBLOR	BELMORT	earthquake [n -ES, -S]
TEMPEST	EEMPSTT	to agitate violently [v -ED, -ING, -S]
TENAILS	AEILNST	TENAIL, tenaille (outer defense) [n]
TENDRIL	DEILNRT	leafless organ of climbing plants [n -S]
TENONED	DEENNOT	TENON, to unite by means of tenon (projection on end of piece of wood) [v]
TENONER	EENNORT	one that tenons (to unite by means of tenon (projection on end of piece of wood)) [n -S]
TENTERS	EENRSTT	TENTER, to stretch on type of frame [v]
TERGITE	EEGIRTT	tergum (back part of segment of arthropod) [n -S]
TERRACE	ACEERRT	to provide with terrace (raised embankment) [v -D, -CING, -S]
TERRENE	EEENRRT	land area [n -S]
TEXASES	AEESSTX	TEXAS, uppermost structure on steamboat [n]
THACKED	ACDEHKT	THACK, to thatch (to cover with thatch (plant stalks or foliage)) [v]
THEREAT	AEEHRTT	at that place or time [adv]
THEREIN	EEHINRT	in that place [adv]
THEREON	EEHNORT	on that [adv]
THERETO	EEHORTT	to that [adv]
THERMAL	AEHLMRT	rising mass of warm air [n -S]
THITHER	EHHIRTT	in that direction [adv]
THRAWED	ADEHRTW	THRAW, to twist (to combine by winding together) [v]
THRONGS	GHNORST	THRONG, to crowd into [v]
THROUGH	GHHORTU	by way of [prep]
THRUMMY	HMMRTUY	shaggy (covered with long, coarse hair) [adj -MMIER, -MMIEST]
TIEBACK	ABCEIKT	loop for holding curtain back to one side [n -S]
		TIER, to arrange in tiers (rows placed one above another) [v]
TIERING	EGIINRT	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
TILTERS	EILRSTT	TILTER, one that tilts (to cause to slant) [n]
TILTING	GIILNTT	TILT, to cause to slant [v]
TIPLESS	EILPSST	having no point or extremity [adj]
TIPTOED	DEIOPTT	TIPTOE, to walk on tips of one's toes [v]
TIPTOES	EIOPSTT	TIPTOE, to walk on tips of one's toes [v]
TIPTOPS	IOPPSTT	TIPTOP, highest point [n]
TODDLED	DDDELOT	TODDLE, to walk unsteadily [v]
TODDLER	DDELORT	one that toddles (to walk unsteadily) [n -S]
TODDLES	DDELOST	TODDLE, to walk unsteadily [v]
TOECLIP	CEILOPT	device that holds front of cyclist's shoe to pedal [n -S]
TOEHOLD	DEHLOOT	space that supports toes in climbing [n -S]
TOGATED	ADEGOTT	wearing toga (outer garment worn in ancient Rome) [adj]
TONGERS	EGNORST	TONGER, one that tongs (to lift with type of grasping device) [n]
TONGING	GGINNOT	TONG, to lift with type of grasping device [v]
TOPFULL	FLLOPTU	full to top [adj]
TOPKNOT	KNOOPTT	ornament for hair [n -S]
TOPLESS	ELOPSST	having no top [adj]
TOPLLSS	EILNOPT	outline of top of animal's body [n -S]
TOPMAST	AMOPSTT	mast of ship [n -S]



Doc	umenting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION - Answers the Question: Where?
TOPMOST	MOOPSTT	highest (reaching far upward) [adj]
TOPPERS	EOPPRST	TOPPER, one that tops (to cut off top (highest part, point, or surface) of) [n]
TOPPING	GINOPPT	something that forms top [n -S] / TOP, to cut off top (highest part, point, or surface) of [v]
TOPPLED	DELOPPT	TOPPLE, to fall forward [v]
TOPPLES	ELOPPST	TOPPLE, to fall forward [v]
TOPSAIL	AILOPST	sail of ship [n -S]
TOPSIDE	DEIOPST	upper portion of ship [n -S]
TOPSOIL	ILOOPST	to remove surface layer of soil from [v -ED, -ING, -S]
TOPSPIN	INOPPST	forward spin imparted to ball [n -S]
TOPWORK	KOOPRTW	to graft scions of another variety of plant on main branches of [v -ED, -ING, -S]
TORQUED	DEOQRTU	TORQUE, to cause to twist [v]
TORQUER	EOQRRTU	one that torques (to cause to twist) [n -S]
TORQUES	EOQRSTU	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
-	-	TORQUE, to cause to twist [v]
TORQUEY	EOQRTUY	providing force to cause rotation [adj -UIER, -UIEST]
TORSION	INOORST	act of twisting (to combine by winding together) [n -S]
TORTILE	EILORTT	twisted; coiled [adj]
TOUPEES	EEOPSTU	TOUPEE, wig worn to cover bald spot [n]
TOWARDS	ADORSTW	toward (in direction of) [prep]
TOWAWAY	AAOTWWY	act of towing away vehicle [n -S]
TOWERED	DEEORTW	TOWER, to rise to great height [v]
TRACERS	ACERRST	TRACER, one that traces (to follow course of) [n]
TRACING	ACGINRT	something that is traced [n -S] / TRACE, to follow course of [v]
TRACKED	ACDEKRT	TRACK, to follow marks left by animal, person, or vehicle [v]
TRACKER	ACEKRRT	one that tracks (to follow marks left by animal, person, or vehicle) [n -S]
TRAIPSE	AEIPRST	to walk about in idle or aimless manner [v -D, -SING, -S]
TRANSIT	AINRSTT	to pass across or through [v -ED, -ING, -S]
TRANSOM	AMNORST	small window above door or another window [n -S]
TRAVELS	AELRSTV	TRAVEL, to go from one place to another [v]
TREADED	ADDEERT	TREAD, to walk on, over, or along [v]
TREADER	ADEERRT	one that treads (to walk on, over, or along) [n -S]
TREETOP	EEOPRTT	top of tree [n -S]
TRELLIS	EILLRST	to provide with trellis (frame used as support for climbing plants) [v -ED, -ING, -ES]
TRICING	CGIINRT	TRICE, to haul up with rope [v]
TRICITY	CIIRTTY	area that comprises three adjoining independent cities [n -TIES]
TRICORN	CINORRT	hat with brim turned up on three sides [n -S]
TRODDEN	DDENORT	TREAD, to walk on, over, or along [v]
TROPICS	CIOPRST	TROPIC, either of two circles of celestial sphere on each side of equator [n]
TROTYLS	LORSTTY	TROTYL, explosive [n]
TRUNDLE	DELNRTU	to propel by causing to rotate [v -D, -LING, -S]
TUMBLED	BDELMTU	TUMBLE, to fall or roll end over end [v]
TUMBLER	BELMRTU	one that tumbles (to fall or roll end over end) [n -S]
TUMBLES	BELMSTU	TUMBLE, to fall or roll end over end [v]
TUMPING	GIMNPTU	TUMP, to tip over [v]
TUMULAR	ALMRTUU	having form of mound [adj]
TUMULUS	LMSTUUU	mound over grave [n -LI, -ES]
TUNDRAS	ADNRSTU	TUNDRA, level, treeless expanse of arctic land [n]
TUNICAE	ACEINTU	TUNICA, enveloping membrane or layer of body tissue [n]



arrieriting birigos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, I CONTION - Allowers the Question. WILKE:
ELNNSTU	TUNNEL, to dig tunnel (underground passageway) [v]
EFIRRTU	TURFY, covered with turf [adj]
FGINRTU	TURF, to cover with turf [v]
ENRRSTU	TURNER, one that turns (to move around central point) [n]
	rotation about axis [n -S] / TURN, to move around central point [v]
	TUSH, to tusk (to gore with tusk (long, pointed tooth extending outside of mouth)) [v]
	TUSK, to gore with tusk (long, pointed tooth extending outside of mouth) [v]
	TWEAK, to pinch and twist sharply [v]
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	TWERK, to dance in particular style originating in New Orleans [v]
	having many turns [adj -LIER, -LIEST]
	TWILL, to weave so as to produce diagonal pattern [v]
	TWINER, one that twines (to twist together) [n]
GIINNTW	TWINE, to twist together [v]
DEINNTW	TWIN, to bring together in close association [v]
DEILRTW	TWIRL, to rotate rapidly [v]
EILRRTW	one that twirls (to rotate rapidly) [n -S]
DEISTTW	TWIST, to combine by winding together [v]
EIRSTTW	one that twists (to combine by winding together) [n -S]
IORSTTW	complex variable in descriptions of space-time [n -S]
	U 7s
ELRSSTU	ULSTER, long, loose overcoat [n]
	not aimed (to direct toward specified object or goal) [adj]
	not aired (to expose to air (mixture of gases that surrounds earth)) [adj]
	BOW, to bend forward [adj]
	to separate strands of [v -ED, -ING, -S]
	uncinate (bent at end like hook) [adj]
	uncinate structure [n -NI]
	to open (to cause to become open) [v -D, -SING, -S]
	to change from crossed position [v -ED, -ING, -ES]
	UNDOCK, to move away from dock [v]
	UNDRAW, to draw open [v]
	UNDRAW, to draw open [v]
	to dig up [v -ED, -ING, -S]
DFNNOUU	not found (to come upon after search) [adj]
FLNRSUU	UNFURL, to unroll (to open something that is rolled up) [v]
GNOPRUU	to separate from group [v -ED, -ING, -S]
BINORUW	single continuous eyebrow formed when hair grows above bridge of nose [n -S]
EINRSTU	UNITER, one that unites (to bring together so as to form whole) [n]
GIINNTU	UNITE, to bring together so as to form whole [v]
EIINTUV	serving to unite [adj]
IJNNOTU	to separate at juncture [v -ED, -ING, -S]
	to make uneven [v -ED, -LLED, -ING, -LLING, -S]
	UNMIX, to separate from mixture [v]
	not paved (to cover with material that forms firm, level surface) [adj]
	not posed (to assume fixed position) [adj]
	to withdraw rope from opening [v -D, -ROVE, -ROVEN -VING, -S]
ETIMINKSU	RISE, to move upward [adj]
	ELNNSTU EFIRRTU FGINRTU ENRRSTU GINNRTU GHINSTU GIKNSTU ADEEKTW DEEKRTW DEILLTW EINRSTW GIINNTW DEILLTW EINRSTW GIINNTW DEILRTW EIRRTW DEISTTW EIRSTTW IORSTTW ELRSSTU ADEIMNU ADEINRU BDENOUW ABDINRU ACILNNU CINNSUU CINNSUU COKNOSU COKNOSU COKNOSU ADNRTUW ADNRSUW AEHNRTU DFNNOUU FLNRSUU GNOPRUU BINORUW EINRSTU GIINNTU



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UNROLLS
             LLNORSU
                          UNROLL, to open something that is rolled up [v]
UNSHIFT
             FHINSTU
                          to release shift key on typewriter [v -ED, -ING, -S]
                          to remove from stack [v -ED, -ING, -S]
UNSTACK
             ACKNSTU
UNSTEPS
             ENPSSTU
                          UNSTEP, to remove from socket [v]
                          URGE, to force forward [adj]
UNURGED
             DEGNRUU
                          UNWIND, to reverse winding of [v]
UNWINDS
             DINNSUW
                          UNWIND, to reverse winding of [v]
UNWOUND
             DNNOUUW
UNZONED
             DENNOUZ
                          not zoned (to arrange in zones (areas distinguished from other adjacent areas)) [adj]
                          location away from person or place [n -S]
UPALONG
             AGLNOPU
                          UPBEAR, to raise aloft [v]
UPBEARS
             ABEPRSU
UPBOILS
             BILOPSU
                          UPBOIL, to boil up [v]
UPBORNE
             BENOPRU
                          UPBEAR, to raise aloft [v]
UPBUILD
             BDILPUU
                          to build up [v -LT, -ING, -S]
                          UPBUILD, to build up [v]
UPBUILT
             BILPTUU
UPCASTS
             ACPSSTU
                          UPCAST, to cast up [v]
UPCHUCK
             CCHKPUU
                          to vomit (to eject contents of stomach through mouth) [v -ED, -ING, -S]
             BCILMPU
                          to climb up [v -ED, -ING, -S]
UPCLIMB
UPCOAST
             ACOPSTU
                          up coast [adv]
UPCOILS
             CILOPSU
                          UPCOIL, to coil up [v]
                          in opposite half of basketball court [adv]
UPCOURT
             COPRTUU
                          UPCURL, to curl up [v]
UPCURLS
             CLPRSUU
                          to curve upward [v -D, -VING, -S]
UPCURVE
             CEPRUUV
                          UPDART, to dart up [v]
UPDARTS
             ADPRSTU
UPDIVED
             DDEIPUV
                          UPDIVE, to spring upward [v]
UPDIVES
             DEIPSUV
                          UPDIVE, to spring upward [v]
UPDRAFT
             ADFPRTU
                          upward movement of air [n -S]
UPENDED
             DDEENPU
                          UPEND, to set or stand on end [v]
UPFIELD
             DEFILPU
                          into part of field toward which offensive team is going [adv]
UPFLING
             FGILNPU
                          to fling up [v -LUNG, -ING, -S]
UPFLOWS
             FLOPSUW
                          UPFLOW, to flow up [v]
                          UPFLING, to fling up [v]
UPFLUNG
             FGLNPUU
                          UPFOLD, to fold up [v]
UPFOLDS
             DFLOPSU
                          UPGAZE, to gaze up [v]
UPGAZED
             ADEGPUZ
                          UPGAZE, to gaze up [v]
UPGAZES
             AEGPSUZ
UPGOING
             GGINOPU
                          going up [adj]
UPGROWN
             GNOPRUW
                          UPGROW, to grow up [v]
UPGROWS
             GOPRSUW
                          UPGROW, to grow up [v]
UPHEAPS
             AEHPPSU
                          UPHEAP, to heap up [v]
UPHEAVE
             AEEHPUV
                          to heave up [v -D, -HOVE, -VING, -S]
                          UPHILL, upward slope [n]
UPHILLS
             HILLPSU
UPHOARD
             ADHOPRU
                          to hoard up [v -ED, -ING, -S]
                          UPHOLD, to hold aloft [v]
UPHOLDS
             DHLOPSU
                          UPLAND, higher land of region [n]
UPLANDS
             ADLNPSU
UPLEAPS
             AELPPSU
                          UPLEAP, to leap up [v]
UPLEAPT
             AELPPTU
                          UPLEAP, to leap up [v]
UPLIFTS
             FILPSTU
                          UPLIFT, to lift up [v]
                          UPLINK, to transmit (data) to spacecraft or satellite [v]
UPLINKS
             IKLNPSU
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Doc	umenting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION – Answers the Question: WHERE?
UPLOADS	ADLOPSU	UPLOAD, to transfer information from small computer to larger computer [v]
UPPILED	DEILPPU	UPPILE, to pile up [v]
UPPILES	EILPPSU	UPPILE, to pile up [v]
UPPROPS	OPPPRSU	UPPROP, to prop up [v]
UPRAISE	AEIPRSU	to raise up [v -D, -SING, -S]
UPREACH	ACEHPRU	to reach up [v -ED, -ING, -ES]
UPREARS	AEPRRSU	UPREAR, to upraise (to raise up) [v]
UPRIGHT	GHIPRTU	to make vertical [v -ED, -ING, -S]
UPRISEN	EINPRSU	UPRISE, to rise up [v]
UPRISER	EIPRRSU	one that uprises (to rise up) [n -S]
UPRISES	EIPRSSU	UPRISE, to rise up [v]
UPRIVER	EIPRRUV	area lying toward source of river [n -S]
UPROARS	AOPRRSU	UPROAR, state of noisy excitement and confusion [n]
UPROOTS	OOPRSTU	UPROOT, to pull up by roots [v]
UPROUSE	EOPRSUU	to rouse up [v -D, -SING, -S]
UPSENDS	DENPSSU	UPSEND, to send upward [v]
UPSHOOT	HOOPSTU	to shoot upward [v UPSHOT, -ING, -S]
UPSLOPE	ELOPPSU	upward slope [n -S]
UPSOARS	AOPRSSU	UPSOAR, to soar upward [v]
UPSTAIR	AIPRSTU	pertaining to upper floor [adj]
UPSTAND	ADNPSTU	to stand up on one's feet [v -TOOD, -ING, -S]
UPSTARE	AEPRSTU	to stare upward [v -D, -RING, -S]
UPSTART	APRSTTU	to spring up suddenly [v -ED, -ING, -S]
UPSTATE	AEPSTTU	northern region of state [n -S]
UPSTEPS	EPPSSTU	UPSTEP, to step up [v]
UPSTIRS	IPRSSTU	UPSTIR, to stir up [v]
UPSURGE	EGPRSUU	to surge up [v -D, -GING, -S]
UPSWEEP	EEPPSUW	to sweep upward [v -WEPT, -ING, -S]
UPSWELL	ELLPSUW	to swell up [v -ED, -WOLLEN, -ING, -S]
UPSWEPT	EPPSTUW	UPSWEEP, to sweep upward [v]
UPSWING	GINPSUW	to swing upward [v -WUNG, -ING, -S]
UPSWUNG	GNPSUUW	UPSWING, to swing upward [v]
UPTAKES	AEKPSTU	UPTAKE, upward ventilating shaft [n]
UPTEARS	AEPRSTU	UPTEAR, to tear out by roots [v]
UPTHREW	EHPRTUW	UPTHROW, to throw upward [v]
UPTHROW	HOPRTUW	to throw upward [v -REW, N, -ING, -S]
UPTICKS	CIKPSTU	UPTICK, increase or rise [n]
UPTILTS	ILPSTTU	UPTILT, to tilt upward [v]
UPTOWNS	NOPSTUW	UPTOWN, upper part of city [n]
UPTREND	DENPRTU	tendency upward or toward growth [n -S]
UPTURNS	NPRSTUU	UPTURN, to turn up or over [v]
UPWAFTS	AFPSTUW	UPWAFT, to waft upward [v]
UPWARDS		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	ADPRSUW	upward (toward higher place or position) [adv]
UPWELLS	ELLPSUW	UPWELL, to well up [v]
UPWINDS	DINPSUW	UPWIND, wind that blows against one's course [n]
USHERED	DEEHRSU	USHER, to conduct to place [v]
UTRICLE	CEILRTU	saclike cavity in inner ear [n -S]



Documenting bingos about Direction, Location, Position - Answers the Question. Where:		
		V 7s
VACUITY	ACITUVY	empty space [n -TIES]
VACUUMS	ACMSUUV	VACUUM, space entirely devoid of matter [n]
VALGOID	ADGILOV	VALGUS, position of joint that is abnormally turned outward [adj]
VANWARD	AADNRVW	toward front [adv]
VAWARDS	AADRSVW	VAWARD, foremost part [n]
VECTORS	CEORSTV	VECTOR, to guide in flight by means of radioed directions [v]
VEERING	EEGINRV	VEER, to change direction [v]
VENEERS	EEENRSV	VENEER, to overlay with thin layers of material [v]
VENTAIL	AEILNTV	adjustable front of medieval helmet [n -S]
VENTRAL	AELNRTV	fin located on underside of fish [n -S]
VERANDA	AADENRV	type of porch (covered structure at entrance to building) [n -S]
VERGING	EGGINRV	VERGE, to come near [v]
VERSANT	AENRSTV	slope of mountain or mountain chain [n -S]
VERTIGO	EGIORTV	disordered state in which individual or his surroundings seem to whirl dizzily [n -GINES, -ES, -S]
VETCHES	CEEHSTV	VETCH, climbing plant [n]
VIBRATE	ABEIRTV	to move back and forth rapidly [v -D, -TING, -S]
VICINAL	ACIILNV	nearby (near (situated within short distance)) [adj]
VIFFING	FFGIINV	VIFF, to change direction abruptly of vertical take-off aircraft [v]
VILLAGE	AEGILLV	small community in rural area [n -S]
VINIEST	EIINSTV	VINY, covered with vines [adj]
VIRGATE	AEGIRTV	early English measure of land area [n -S]
VIRGULE	EGILRUV	diagonal printing mark used to separate alternatives [n -S]
VISCERA	ACEIRSV	VISCUS, internal organ [n]
VISTAED	ADEISTV	VISTA, distant view [adj]
VITRAIN	AIINRTV	material in vitreous layers of banded bituminous coal [n -S]
VULNING	GILNNUV	VULN, to wound (to pass around object or fixed center) [v]
	01201	W 7s
WAFFING	AFFGINW	WAFF, to wave (to move freely back and forth or up and down) [v]
WAFTAGE	AAEFGTW	act of wafting (to carry lightly over air or water) [n -S]
WAFTERS	AEFRSTW	WAFTER, one that wafts (to carry lightly over air or water) [n]
WAFTING	AFGINTW	WAFT, to carry lightly over air or water [v]
WAFTURE	AEFRTUW	waftage (act of wafting (to carry lightly over air or water)) [n -S]
WAIFING	AFGIINW	WAIF, to throw away [v]
WALLING	AGILLNW	WALL, to provide with wall (upright structure built to enclose area) [v]
WALLOWS	ALLOSWW	WALLOW, to roll about [v]
WAMUSES	AEMSSUW	WAMUS, heavy outer jacket [n]
WARDING	ADGINRW	WARD, to turn aside [v]
WARHEAD	AADEHRW	front part of missile containing explosive [n -S]
WARPAGE	AAEGPRW	act of warping (to turn or twist out of shape) [n -S]
WARPERS	AEPRRSW	WARPER, one that warps (to turn or twist out of shape) [n]
WARPING	AGINPRW	WARP, to turn or twist out of shape [v]
		•
WARTIER WATTEST	AEIRRTW AESTTTW	WARTY, covered with warts [adj]
		WAT, wet (covered or saturated with liquid) [adj]
WAVERED	ADEERVW	WAVER, to move back and forth [v]
WAVERER	AEERRVW	one that wavers (to move back and forth) [n -S]
WAXABLE	AABELWX	WAX, to coat with wax (natural, heat-sensitive substance) [adj]



Doc	umenting bingos	about DIRECTION, LOCATION, POSITION - Answers the Question: Where?
WAYBACK	AABCKWY	interior area at back of vehicle [n -S]
WAYLESS	AELSSWY	having no road or path [adj]
WAYMARK	AAKMRWY	object that serves as guide for travelers [n -S]
WAYSIDE	ADEISWY	side of road [n -S]
WEEDBED	BDDEEEW	area of body of water having many weeds [n -S]
WELLING	EGILLNW	WELL, to rise to surface and flow forth [v]
WELTERS	EELRSTW	WELTER, to roll about [v]
WESTERN	EENRSTW	one who lives in west [n -S]
WESTERS		
	EERSSTW	WESTER, to move toward west [v]
WESTING	EGINSTW	shifting west [n -S]
WETNESS	EENSSTW	state of being wet (covered or saturated with liquid) [n -ES]
WETTEST	EESTTTW	WET, covered or saturated with liquid [adj]
WHEELIE	EEEHILW	maneuver made on wheeled vehicle [n -S]
WHELMED	DEEHLMW	WHELM, to cover with water [v]
WHIRLED	DEHILRW	WHIRL, to revolve rapidly [v]
WHIRLER	EHILRRW	one that whirls (to revolve rapidly) [n -S]
WHITHER	EHHIRTW	to what place [adv]
WHORLED	DEHLORW	WHORL, to move in twisted or convoluted fashion [v]
WIDDLED	DDDEILW	WIDDLE, to wriggle (to turn or twist in sinuous manner) [v]
WIDDLES	DDEILSW	WIDDLE, to wriggle (to turn or twist in sinuous manner) [v]
WIDEOUT	DEIOTUW	receiver in football [n -S]
WIGGLED	DEGGILW	WIGGLE, to move with short, quick movements from side to side [v]
WIGGLER	EGGILRW	one that wiggles (to move with short, quick movements from side to side) [n -S]
WIGGLES	EGGILSW	WIGGLE, to move with short, quick movements from side to side [v]
WIGWAGS	AGGISWW	WIGWAG, to move back and forth [v]
WILDCAT	ACDILTW	to search for oil in area of doubtful productivity [v -TTED, -TTING, -S]
WILDCAT	CEINRSW	WINCER, one that winces (to flinch (to shrink back involuntarily)) [n]
WINCING	CGIINNW	WINCE, to flinch (to shrink back involuntarily) [v]
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
WINDAGE	ADEGINW	effect of wind (air in natural motion) on projectile [n -S]
WINDERS	DEINRSW	WINDER, one that winds (to pass around object or fixed center) [n]
WINDING	DGIINNW	WIND, to pass around object or fixed center [v]
WINDLED	DDEILNW	WINDLE, to wind (to pass around object or fixed center) [v]
WINDLES	DEILNSW	WINDLE, to wind (to pass around object or fixed center) [v]
WINDWAY	ADINWWY	passage for air [n -S]
WINGMAN	AGIMNNW	pilot behind leader of flying formation [n -MEN]
WINKLED	DEIKLNW	WINKLE, to displace, extract, or evict from position [v]
WINKLER	EIKLNRW	one that winkles (to displace, extract, or evict from position) [n -S]
WINKLES	EIKLNSW	WINKLE, to displace, extract, or evict from position [v]
WIPEOUT	EIOPTUW	fall from surfboard [n -S]
WISPIER	EIIPRSW	WISPY, resembling wisp [adj]
WISPILY	IILPSWY	in wispy (resembling wisp) manner [adv]
WISPING	GIINPSW	WISP, to twist into wisp (small bunch or bundle) [v]
WISPISH	HIIPSSW	wispy (resembling wisp) [adj]
WITHINS	HIINSTW	WITHIN, interior place or area [n]
WITHOUT	HIOTTUW	exterior place or area [n]
WITHOUT	EIKNORW	•
		WONKY, unsteady (firm in position) [adj]
WONKILY	IKLNOWY	WONKY, unsteady (not steady (firm in position)) [adv]



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WOODLOT DLOOO	TW area restricted to growing of forest trees [n -S]
WORMILS ILMORS	W WORMIL, lump in skin of animal's back [n]
WOUNDED DDENO	JW WOUND, WIND, to pass around object or fixed center [v]
WRESTED DEERST	W WREST, to take away by force [v]
WRESTER EERRST	W one that wrests (to take away by force) [n -S]
WRIGGLE EGGILR	W to turn or twist in sinuous manner [v -D, -LING, -S]
WRYNESS ENRSSV	VY state of being wry (contorted) [n -ES]
	X 7s
XERARCH ACEHRR	XX developing in dry area [adj]
	Y 7s
YANKING AGIKNN	Y YANK, to pull suddenly [v]
YARDING ADGINR	YY YARD, to put in yard (tract of ground adjacent to building) [v]
YARDMAN AADMNI	RY man employed to do outdoor work [n -MEN]
YOMPING GIMNOF	YY YOMP, to march with heavy equipment over difficult terrain [v]
YONDERS DENORS	SY YONDER, far distance [n]
	Z 7s
ZAGGING AGGGIN	IZ ZAG, to turn sharply [v]
ZENITHS EHINST	Z ZENITH, highest point [n]
ZEROING EGINOR	Z ZERO, to aim at exact center of target [v]
ZIGGING GGGIIN	Z ZIG, to turn sharply [v]
ZIGZAGS AGGISZ	Z ZIGZAG, to proceed on course marked by sharp turns [v]
ZONALLY ALLNOY	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
ZONATED ADENOT	TZ zonate (arranged in zones) [adj]
ZONINGS GINNOS	ZONING, division of city or land into areas subject to planning restrictions [n]
ZONULAE AELNOU	IZ ZONULA, zonule (small zone) [n]
ZONULAR ALNORU	JZ ZONULE, small zone [adj]
ZONULAS ALNOSU	, , , , , ,
ZONULES ELNOSU	IZ ZONULE, small zone [n]